

Monday, January 8th, 2018 3:00pm to 4:00pm

LCOG LANE COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

An Enterprise, Sustainable, Scalable and Enduring Multi-Jurisdictional GIS Strategic Plan

















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 - Phase III: Establish Governance
- E. GTG's Approach, Methodology and Scope of Services
- F. Three Phases and Seven Steps
- G. Specific LCOG Questions
 - Methodology (A Seven Keys Philosophy)
 - Key Staff
 - Experience with Regional Partnership and Equitable Contributions
 - A Wider Constituency
 - Trends in Technology and Software for integrated and Consolidated Services
 - Funding Models for Cooperative Partnership
- H. Building High-Performance Organizations (HPO)
- I. Why Should LCOG Select Geographic Technologies Group?

5 min

2 min

5 min

3 min

5 min

2 min

3 min

60 minutes



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GTG STRATEGIC PLANNING // GISPLAN.COM



20 Years In Business



STRATEGIC

Our strategic GIS planning philosophy includes a methodology that is deliberate, considered, intentional, and tactical, supported by well-calculated planning and decision-making. Strategy means examining the big picture—keeping long-term goals and objectives in mind while carefully analyzing the actions and initiatives required to reach those goals. It can include a vision, goals, and objectives supported by Key Performance Indicators (KPI) and GIS Outcomes.

ENTERPRISE

Our team plans, designs and implements GIS solutions throughout entire organizations. We pride ourselves in our innovative, creative and original uses of GIS across all departments. A true enterprise GIS encompasses the willingness to undertake a significant project or task especially if it is complicated, difficult, or risky. It requires initiative and deliberate effort to reach an intended goal. Enterprise is associated with boldness, resourcefulness, and energy.

SUSTAINABLE

Our team understands GIS sustainability as a solution that supports the weight of something, providing for its needs, and maintaining and prolonging it—to keep something viable. It means to progress or continue something: to nourish it into long-term fruition. Sustainability requires intentionality, support, and maintenance. Our team develops GIS plans and implements enterprise solutions that are sustainable.

SCALABLE

A scalable GIS means being flexible: to be able to be used in a many different ways, including intranet, internet, desktop, and mobile GIS. Scalability also involves customization—to be able to be upgraded, expounded, or simplified to fulfill a task. Scalability revolves around accommodation and cooperation to reach a goal. Our enterprise-wide, sustainable solutions are scalable to all needs of government.

ENDURING

An enduring GIS solution is long-lasting, permanent, and withstanding. To endure involves working at something diligently, sustainably, and meticulously to produce lasting outcomes, that remain constant and stable for a long period of time. Our strategic plans embrace every aspect of GIS management and technology – making our roadmaps enduring, stable, and lasting. Enduring GIS solutions focus on tried and tested long-term resilient strategies for GIS implementation, governance, data and databases, and procedures.



Six Pillars of Sustainability



7 Keys to Success



Training, Education and Knowledge Transfer



GIS Outcomes



Online Questionnaire



GIS Technology Seminar



Departmental Interviews



Citizen Engagement



GIS Benchmarking



Key Performance Indicators



Optimum Governance Models



Consensus Building





Vision, Goals, and Objectives



Best Business Practices

WHO WE SERVE

Towns, Cities, and Counties

PUBLIC WORKS AND UTILITIES PUBLIC SAFETY

LAND MANAGEMENT

NATURAL RESOURCES

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

PUBLIC SERVICES

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

We Serve All Local Government Departments

Ve take pride in being an award-winning GIS company that provides full-service enterprise GIS solutions and software for local government. GIS for local government is what we do.



Executive Management



Transportation



Emergency Management and EOC



Police Department



Tree Management and Arborist



Parks and Recreation



Environmental and Conservation



Legal Department



Planning and Zoning



Housing Department



Water, Sewer, and Stormwater



Engineering



Public Information Officer



Sheriff Department



Building and Inspections



Code Enforcement



Economic Development Information Technology





Elections



Community Development



Telecommunications



Electric



Tax Assessors



Fire Department



Cooperative Extension



Libraries



Schools



Public Health



Social Services



Finance Department

AWARD WINNING COMPANY

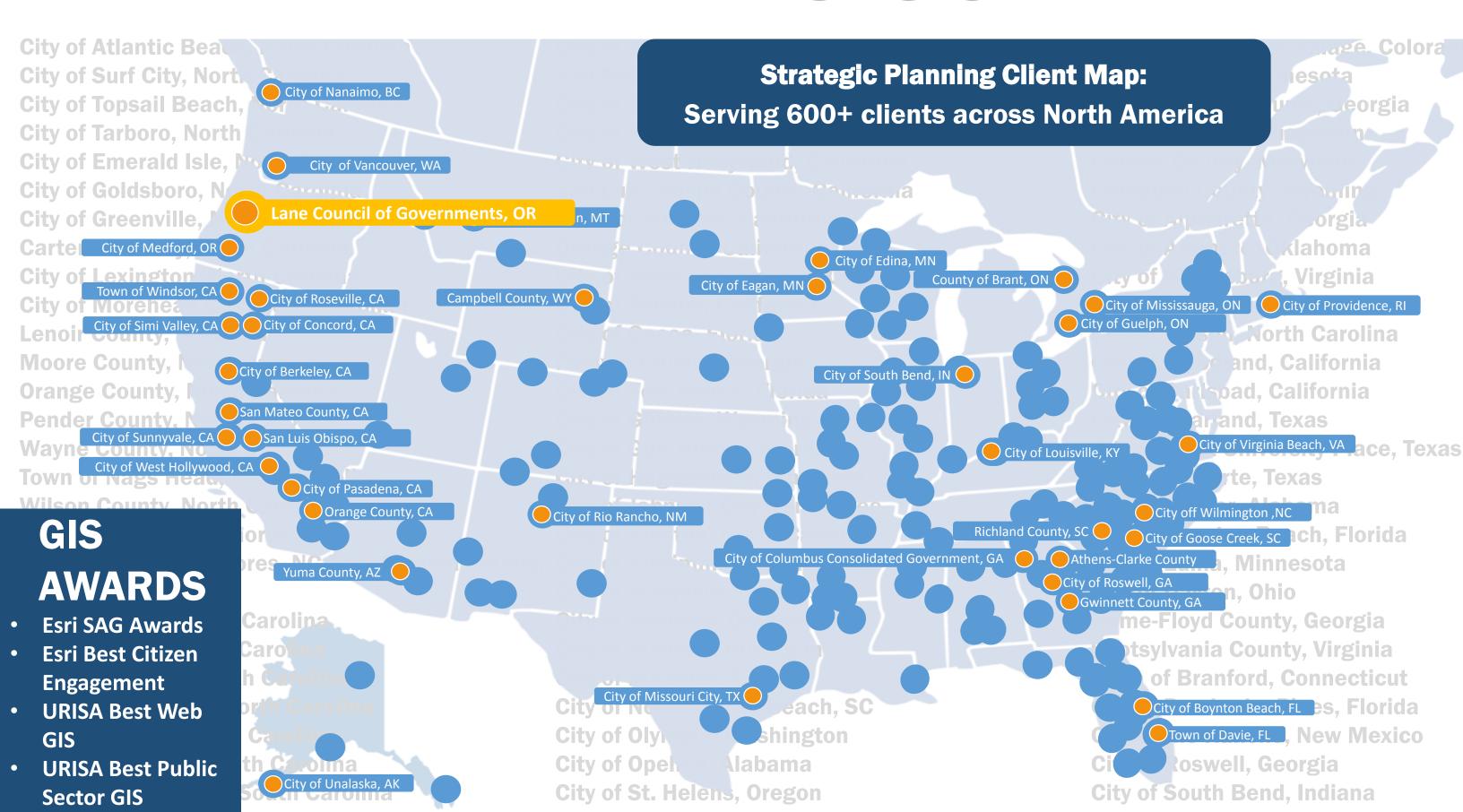


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LANE COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS



6 School Districts

- School District 19 (Springfield)
- School District 4J (Eugene)
- School District 40 (Creswell)
- School District 45J (South Lane)
- School District 52 (Bethel)
- School District 68 (McKenzie)
- Education, College, and Libraries:
 - Siuslaw Library District
 - Fern Ridge Library District
 - Lane Library District
 - Lane Community College
 - Lane Education Service District

12 Cities

- City of Coburg
- City of Cottage Grove
- City of Creswell
- City of Dunes City
- City of Eugene
- City of Florence
- City of Junction City
- City of Lowell
- City of Oakridge
- City of Springfield
- City of Veneta
- City of Westfir

Lewisburg Corvallis National Forest ose Beach (101) Triangle Lake Heceta Beach Lorane Reedsport (38) Elkton Hawthorne

Google

Others

- Emerald People's Utility District
- Eugene Water & Electric Board
- Heceta Water People's Utility District
- Junction City RFPD
- Lane County
- Lane Transit District
- Port of Siuslaw

- River Road Park & Recreation
- Siuslaw Valley Fire & Rescue
- Western Lane Ambulance District
- Willamalane Park & Recreation
 District

LANE COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

VOLUNTARY: A Voluntary Association of local governments in Lane County, Oregon.

REGIONAL: A regional planning, coordination, programdevelopment, and service-delivery organization. It provides and facilitates efficient and effective government services through cooperative planning, program development, analysis, and service delivery.

MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL: Helps area cities, counties, educational districts, and special-purpose districts reach their common goals.

PUBLIC SERVICE: A mission to coordinate and provide high quality public services in Lane County.

33 MEMBERS: Serves 33 members, including Lane County

- 12 cities within the county:
- Education, public utility, and other special districts.

DEDICATION TO CITIZENS OF LANE COUNTY: Dedicated to serving the public interest and enhancing the quality of life for the citizens of Lane County.



Without the participation of the partner agencies, the public and business communities do not enjoy anything approaching the completeness, quality, and reasonable cost of RLID.



40 YEARS OLD: Local governments in Lane County have cooperated in developing geospatial data and technology for more than 40 years.

COMMON MAPPING PARTNERS: Historically known as the "Common Mapping" partners,

NATIONAL RECOGNITION: the Cooperative Project Partnership (the Partners) remains one of the most successful and long-standing regional mapping efforts in the country.

PARTNERSHIP NEEDS: The Partners share a need for consistent data across their respective jurisdictions and the desire to minimize redundancy and costs where possible through shared data, systems, and collaboration.

PARTNER AGENCIES: The Partner Agencies include:

- City of Eugene, Lane County
- City of Springfield, Lane County
- Eugene Water & Electric Board (EWEB),
- Lane Council of Governments (LCOG)

Digitized data and sharing of parcels

.982 Multi-jurisdictional task force; common mapping system

1993 Esri software

1997
Regional GIS Marketing Plan

Fact #1

LCOG administers central GIS services to the Partners through an annual work program under the long-standing Cooperative Project Agreement (CPA).

SIX MAJOR IMPORTANT KEY FACTORS FOR THE FUTURE OF RLID/CPP

FACT #1: ADMINISTRATION
FACT #2: HISTORICAL FACTS

FACT #3: INTEGRATED WAREHOUSE AND SOFTWARE TOOLS

FACT #4: FOCUS SHIFT TO MAINTENANCE AND ENHANCEMENT OF RLID SYSTEM

FACT #5: MOVE TO SUBSCRIPTION APPROACH

- 1. RLID features a model regional oversight and management structure. All of the partner agencies participate in the ongoing budgeting, planning, and oversight of the enterprise.
- 2. RLID consists of a wealth of data and applications in one centralized web location. Duplication of application development effort is avoided and the region saves resources.
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Fact #2

Central GIS data and systems maintenance; GIS technical support and products; Regional coordination and data standards development.

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Fact #3

In 2000, the Partners developed a shared system comprising an integrated spatial and tabular data warehouse.

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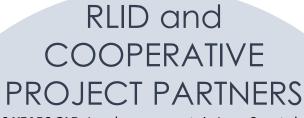
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Fact #4

With the growth and development of RLID, the focus of CPA resources shifted from centralized data maintenance, agency technical support services and map products toward continued maintenance and enhancement of the RLID system.

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1997 Regional GIS Marketing Plan

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Multi-jurisdictional task

force; common mapping



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FACT #6: RLID IS A CRITICAL COMPONENT FOR FUTURE SUCCESS

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Fact #5

To help offset the costs for RLID, LCOG has expanded commercial access to the website through subscriptions.

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Fact #6

Some Partners seek opportunities to serve their citizens through open data initiatives either through an integrated regional web portal or services created, hosted, and served by individual agencies.

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FACT #1: ADMINISTRATION

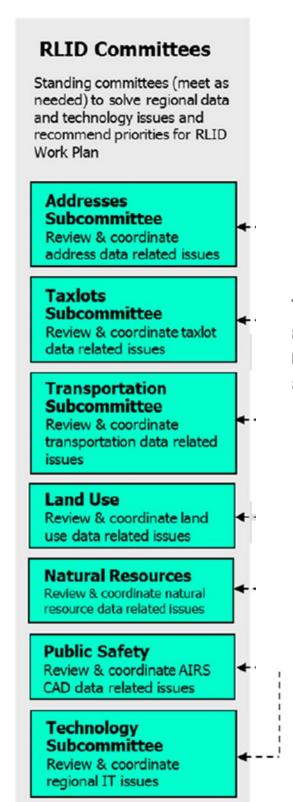
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Regional Executives Group (REG)

- Agency Executives
- Final approval of CPA/RLID
- Partner Agreements

RLID

Project Organization Concept

REGIONAL EXECUTIVE GROUP PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

The purpose of this agreement is to form a partnership of local government agencies who believe that automation enables the governments to be more productive and have agreed to jointly assume ownership responsibilities to effectively share resources, risks, information, and technologies. The parties to this agreement are as follows:

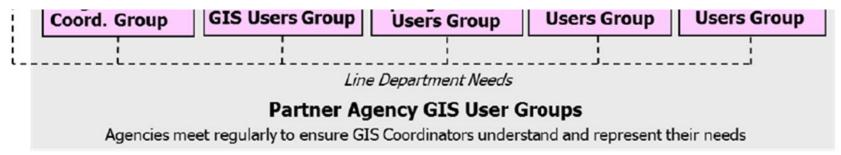
Lane County, a political subdivision of the State of Oregon

City of Eugene, a municipal corporation of the State of Oregon

City of Springfield, a municipal corporation of the State of Oregon

Eugene Water & Electric Board, a public utility

Lane Council of Governments, an association of governments



RLIDCommunConcept11.ppt May 2010

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PROJECT UNDERSTANDING

Geographic Technologies Group understand that the Partners seek professional consulting services to perform the following task:

Stated in the Request for Proposals (RFP)



Review and restructure the regionally shared GIS systems and services administered under the longstanding Cooperative Partnership Agreement (CPA).

Partnership Objective

Our objective is to develop strategic plan(s) that address the organizational components of an innovative, successful, and durable regional partnership that continues well into the future.



The Partners have established a **process framework and two advisory bodies for supporting this effort**. The bodies are the long-standing Regional GIS Coordinators committee (GIS Coordinators), consisting of GIS leads from the five partner agencies; and the CPA Partnership Development Steering Workgroup (Steering Workgroup), composed of program manager and director stakeholders and the GIS Coordinators.

Geographic Technologies Group Project Goals and Objectives



Review, plan, design and restructure the regionally shared spatial data systems and services administered under the longstanding Cooperative Partnership Agreement (CPA), with special focus on participation, governance, technology and an enterprise funding model.

An Enterprise, Sustainable, Scalable and Enduring Multi-Jurisdictional GIS Strategic Plan

PROJECT UNDERSTANDING

Geographic Technologies Group understand that the Partners seek professional consulting services to perform the following task:

Regional Land Information Database (RLID) and Cooperative Project Agreement (CPA)

- 1 Governance
- Participation
- 3 Technology
- Funding Model

Why is a regional model full of opportunities?
What can LCOG – RLID/CPP and this Interagency model offer the region?
How can RLID grow?

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60 minutes



PHASE I: ASSESS THE CURRENT SYSTEM



Describe and assess existing regionally shared spatial data system architecture, centralized services, technology framework, and partner interactions in the context of current partner agency requirements

- Architecture
- Centralized Services
- Technology Framework
- Partner Interactions

PHASE II: DEFINE FUTURE CONDITIONS



Define optimal regionally shared GIS system components and services, as well as the technological and resource requirements necessary to sustain these

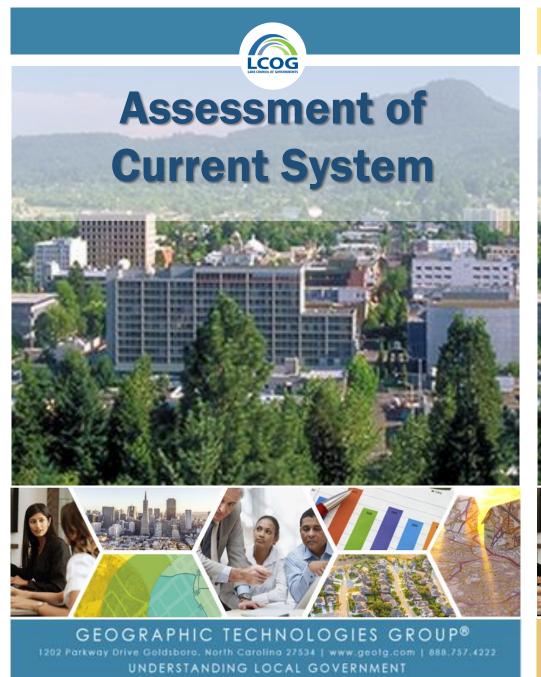
- Components
- Services
- Technology
- Resources

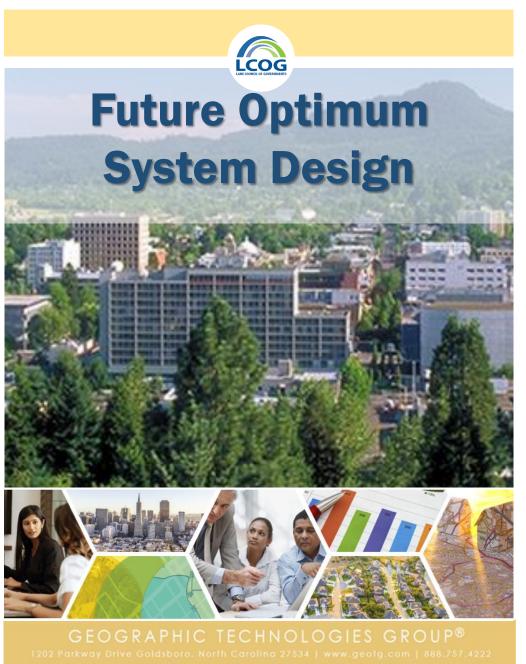
PHASE III: ESTABLISH GOVERNANCE

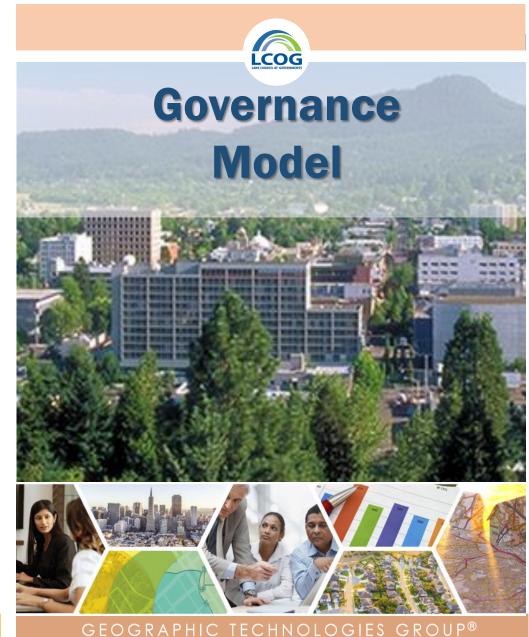


Recommend workable partnership model(s) for continuing collaborative regional GIS systems participation, governance, and a sustainable business and funding model

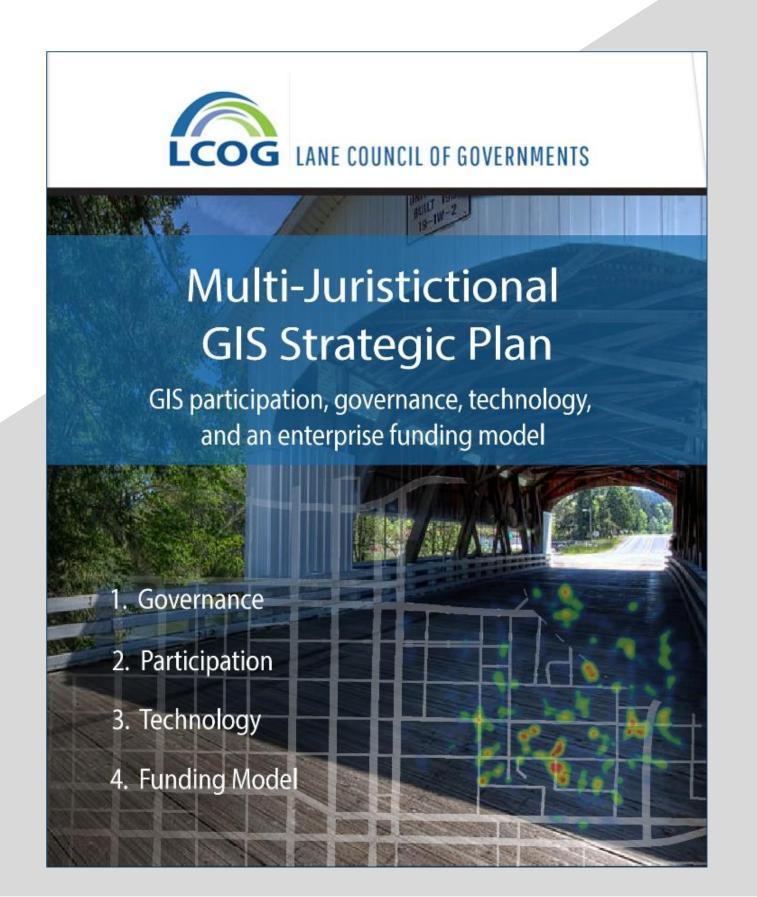
- Partnerships
- Governance
- Collaboration
- Sustainability
- Funding Model







FINAL PRODUCT



Decentralized, Centralized, Hybrid, and Hybrid & Regionalization Governance Models

Hybrid & Regionalization Governance Model Decentralized Governance Model Hybrid Governance Model Centralized Governance Model Many local governments utilize a Hybrid GIS The second type of management strategy is called a Many local governments utilize a Hybrid GIS The first type of governance model is Centralized. A organizational structure that supports a regionalization of GIS. organizational structure, based on the advantages of Decentralized model. As the name implies a decentralized It has the advantages of a centralized and decentralized model. centralized organizational structure maintains a centralized and decentralized organizational structures organizational structure divides GIS responsibilities central department or division that is responsible for throughout various departments. » Attempts to capture the strengths all GIS services. » Attempts to capture the strengths of unified and distributed models of unified and distributed models » GIS responsibilities are divided » GIS functions are managed using » Single GIS business unit » GIS functions are managed using throughout the organizations responsibility matrix » Dedicated department or division responsibility matrix » Multiple GIS groups/activities » Intra-departmental stakeholder » Core group of GIS professionals » Intra-departmental stakeholder » Small groups of GIS professionals create and edit data hardware/software » Funding and leadership are » Funding and leadership are hardware/software data distribution shared shared analysis data exchange » Dual accountability » Dual accountability data distribution training » End users share responsibility » Single budget source for maintaining data » Multiple budget sources Department Department GIS Staff Department GIS Staff GIS Staff GIS Department/GIS Coordinator GIS Staff GIS Department/GISCoordinator/External Organization GIS Department/GIS Coordinator

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E. GTG's Approach, Methodology and Scope	cope	cope	e of Service
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Fundamental Steps to REGIONAL GIS STRATEGIC PLANNING

Designing a Multi-Agency Geo-Spatial Data Services Framework and Restructuring a Multi-Jurisdictional Partnership Agreement



Telephone Interviews Benchmarking Tables



On-Site Kick-Off
Meeting and
Technology Seminar

Online Questionnaire (Stakeholders)



Stakeholder Interviews



Stakeholder Evaluation and Documentation



SWOT, GAP, and Benchmarking Analysis



Develop Corporate Vision, Goals and Objectives



RLID Key
Performance
Indicators (KPIs)



Develop Detailed
Action Plan- 6
Pillars of GIS
Sustainability





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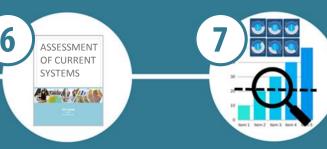


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Technology Seminar

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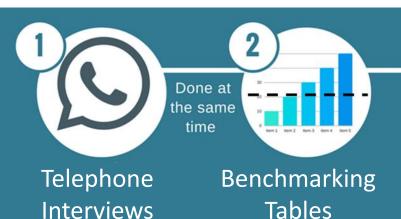
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Interviews

On-Site Kick-Off Meeting and **Technology Seminar** Online Questionnaire (Stakeholders)



Stakeholder Interviews



Stakeholder **Evaluation and** Documentation



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Meeting and
Technology Seminar

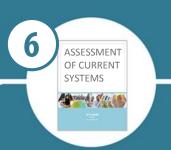
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(Stakeholders)

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Stakeholder

Interviews

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RLID Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)



Develop Detailed Action Plan- 6 Pillars of GIS Sustainability





EMAIL PROJECT ANNOUNCEMENT

TAKE THE SURVEY



We need your help!

Keep an eye out for the Online Questionnaire

In a few days, you will receive an email with instructions and a link to an Online Questionnaire. This questionnaire will give staff an opportunity to anonymously comment on GIS needs, constraints, and opportunities. Your participation and feedback are important. Staff responses will be compiled into a report that will become the first step in evaluating the geospatial data, technology and organizational needs for LCOG.

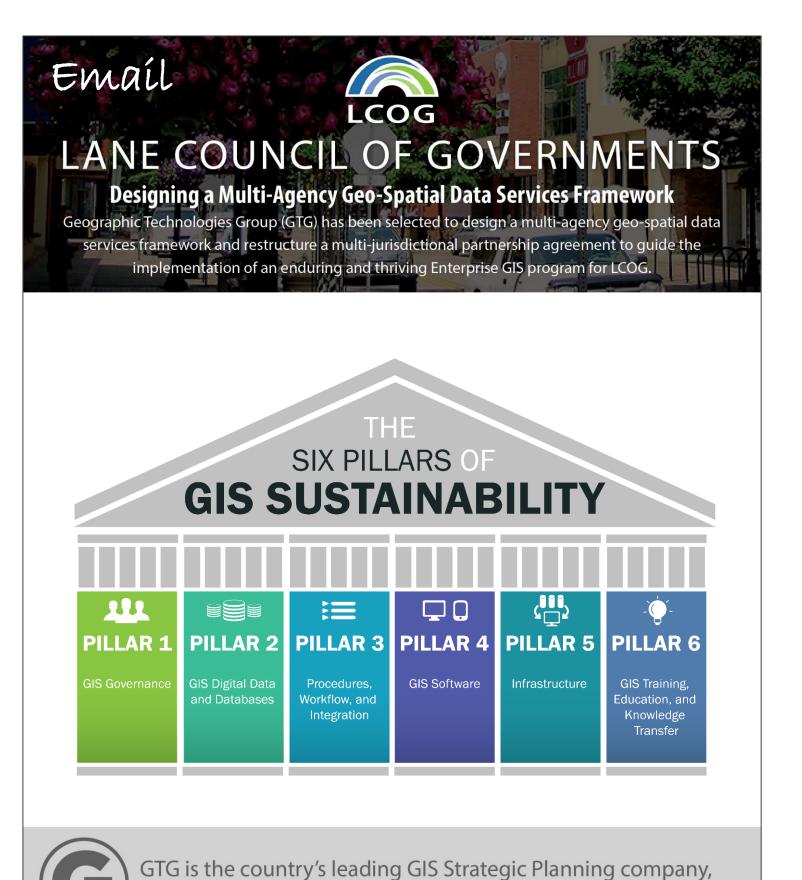
Your participation will help guide the plan and vision for a Strategic, Enterprise, Sustainable, Scalable and Enduring GIS Program.

Become part of the process!



We thank you in advance.





with award-winning solutions throughout North America.

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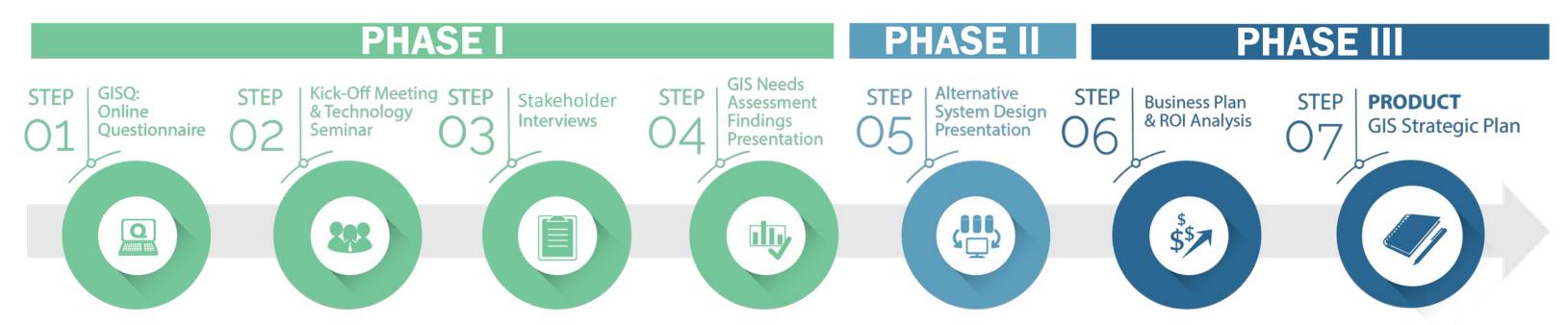
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THREE PHASES AND SEVEN STEPS

Governance, Participation, Technology and Funding Model





- Multi year phased plan
- Step-By-Step Plan of Action
- Multiple and discrete phases
- Funding options and alternatives
- Short term and long term solutions
- Implementation costs:es

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problems.

IMPLEMENTATION

Spread the responsibilities for GIS

all departments the opportunity to

information.

throughout the organization and offer

use the technology. GIS should be as

widely used as a word processor, on

every desktop in the organization. This approach helps turn data into valuable

"Please discuss how you will adapt your standard "Seven Keys to GIS Success" service approach and recommendations to our particular needs given the long-standing multi-agency GIS partnership in Lane County and mature GIS systems we share in our region"

KEYS to G SUCCESS **PHILOSOPHY**

GIS MASTER PLAN Careful planning ensures broad organizational commitment and adequate funding, and minimizes common road blocks. It serves as GOVERNANCE a guide for staffing, data standards, training, and hardware and soft-This is the most critical characteristic ware purchases. of successful GIS programs. Most organizations will need to evaluate and implement the optimum governance model for managing and maintaining their GIS. QUANTIFY BENEFITS VS COST QUICK SUCCESS Proven savings in time, life, and The earliest phases of GIS are money guarantees continued typically the most expensive and support and momentum. Make the most important, but the least sure you invest resources on glamorous. High impact projects solutions that solve specific that can be implemented in the first year help maintain enthusiasm and build credibility for GIS. ENTERPRISE-WIDE

EASE OF USE

via the Internet.

Gone are the days when GIS was

limited to a few highly trained power us-

ers. Make sure you implement intuitive,

easy solutions so everyone can benefit.

Some of the most widely accepted GIS

applications are delivered to the public

EDUCATION

Make sure users throughout the

GIS can do for them. Give users

they will soon be able to do their

organization understand what

at all levels a preview of how

jobs more efficiently with GIS.

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2

"How will you ensure, to the extent possible, that the staff whose qualifications are presented in the Statement of Qualifications are the staff who execute the project?"



David Holdstock, CEO

Project Manager, GISP
25 Years of Experience
GIS Needs Assessment & Strategic Plans



Author,
Strategic GIS
Planning and
Management
in Local
Government



Coming 2019:
GIS in Local
Government:
Smart Practices
and Applications
The Six Pillars of
Sustainability



Curtis Hinton, President

Project Manager, GISP 25 Years of Experience

GIS Needs Assessment & Strategic Plans

7 Keys to GIS Success





Matthew McLamb, CTO

Chief Technology Officer 8 Years of Experience

Strategic GIS Planning
ArcGIS Online Expert
Local Government Information Model



Kathy Andrade-Ulloa

Database Management and Maintenance

Senior Strategic Planner

13 Years of Experience

Strategic Planning

Business Development

Team Roles

Key Role

Task	David Holdstock	Curtis Hinton	Matthew McLamb	Kathy Andrade- Ulloa
Phase I: GIS Needs Analysis				
Step 1: Online Questionnaire				
Step 2: Kick-Off Meeting and Seminar				
Step 3: Stakeholder Interviews				
Step 4: GIS Needs Assessment Presentation				
Phase II: Conceptual Alternative Systems Design				
Step 5: Vision, Benchmarking, SWOT, KPIs				
Phase III: Final GIS Strategic Implementation Plan				
Step 6: Business Plan and ROI Analysis				
Step 7: Final GIS Strategic Implementation Plan				

A .	Geogra	ohic	Technol	ogies	Group	(GTG)
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"What are your experiences in formulating equitable contributions from each member of a regional partnership?"

12 SHARED COLLABORATIVE GIS SYSTEMS

- City of Vancouver and Clark County, WA
- Columbus Consolidated Government, GA
- Athens-Clarke County, GA
- City of Casper and Natrona County, WY
- City of Edina and LOGIS, MN
- City of Winston-Salem and Forsyth County, NC
- Orange County and Municipalities, CA
- City of Eagan and LOGIS, MN
- Gwinnett County and Municipalities, GA
- Rome-Floyd County, GA
- San Mateo County, CA
- Louisville/Jefferson County Information Consortium (LOJIC) and Louisville/Jefferson County, KY

Additional Organizations Researched:

- Leon County and Tallahasee, FL
- San Diego County and City, CA
- Knox County and Knoxville Utilities
 and City, TN
- Mario County and Indianapolis, IN
- DeKalb County and Auburn, IN
- Champaign County Consortium, IL
- McLean County, IL Regional GIS
- Cheyenne- Laramie County Cooperative GIS

KEY FACTORS

- Population
- Budget
- Services
- Software

EXAMPLES

- City of Edina and LOGIS
- Gwinnett County and Municipalities
- Louisville-Jefferson
 County and LOJIC
- City of Vancouver and Clark County



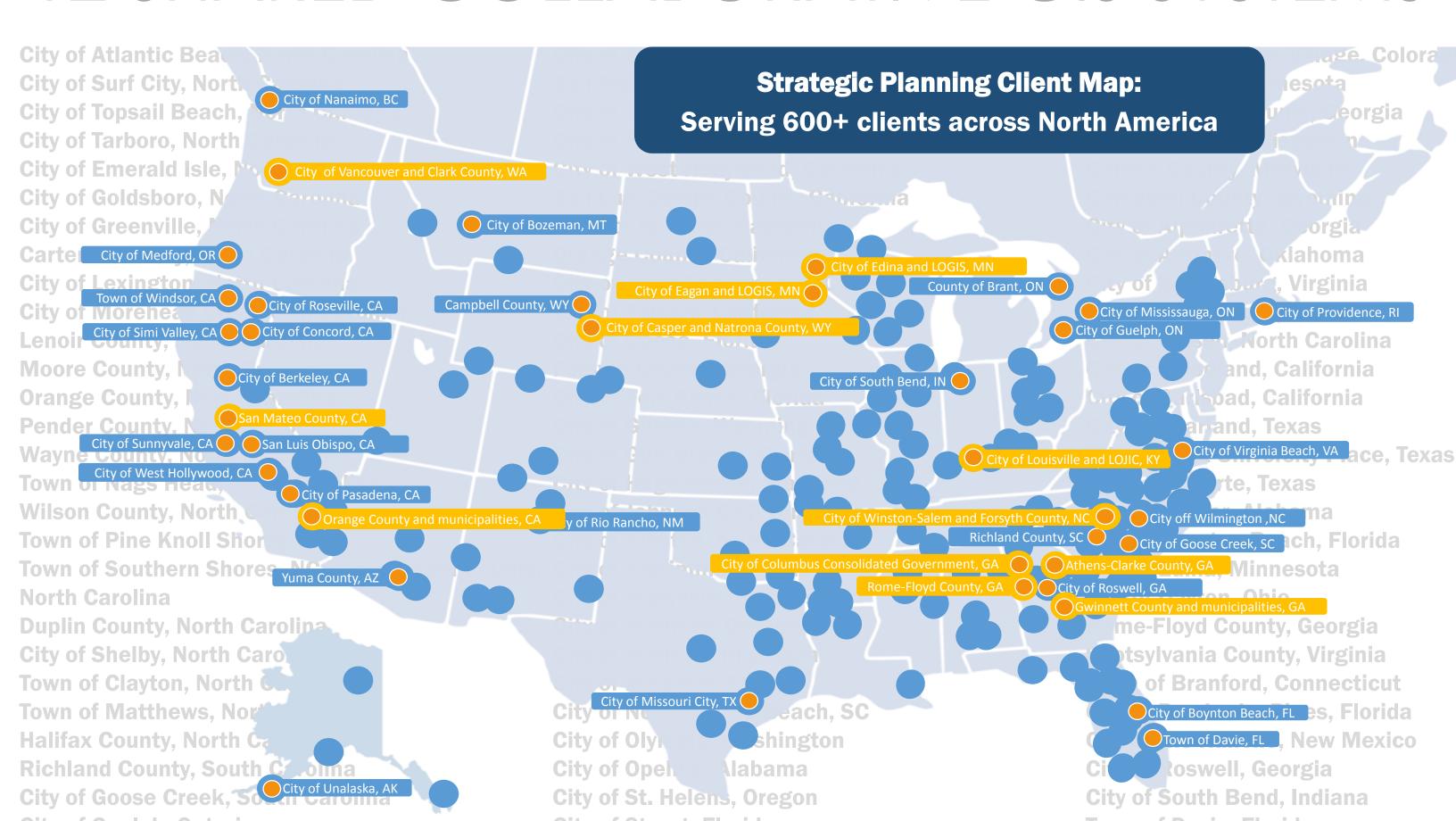
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"What are your experiences in formulating equitable contributions from each member of a regional partnership?"

CHALLENGES, BARRIERS, RISKS, AND PITFALLS OF MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL COLLABORATIVE AND SHARED GIS SYSTEMS

Organization	Politics	Funding	Participation of Partner Agency (do-it-themselves)	Architecture Data Sharing	Software Licensing	Cost	Governance Model	Integration and Interoperability	Level of Expertise in Participating Agencies
City of Vancouver and Clark County, WA									
Columbus Consolidated Government, GA									
Athens-Clarke County, GA									
City of Casper and Natrona County, WY									
City of Edina and LOGIS, MN									
City of Winston-Salem and Forsyth County, NC									
Orange County and Municipalities, CA									
City of Eagan and LOGIS, MN									
Gwinnett County and Municipalities, GA									
Rome-Floyd County, GA									
San Mateo County, CA									
Louisville/Jefferson County and LOJIC, KY									

12 SHARED COLLABORATIVE GIS SYSTEMS



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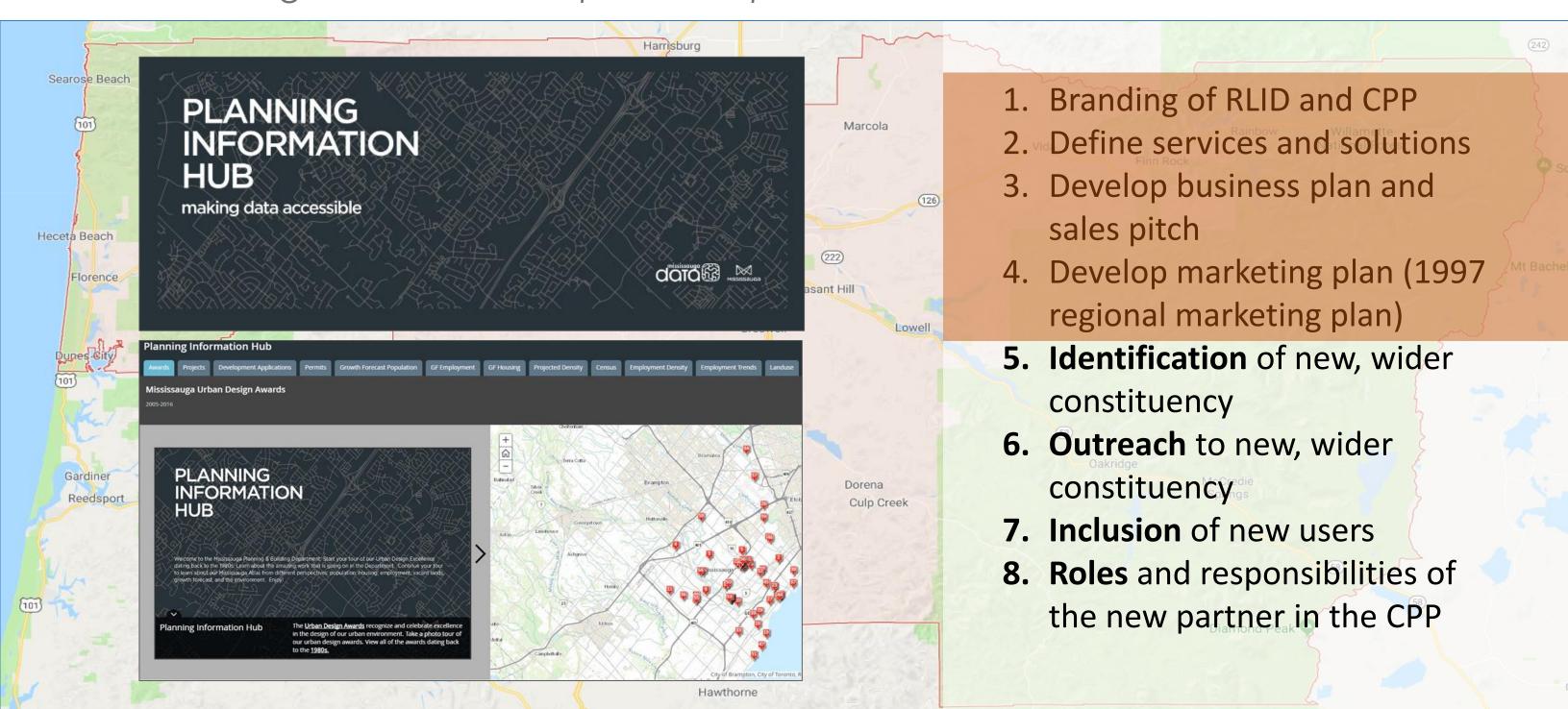


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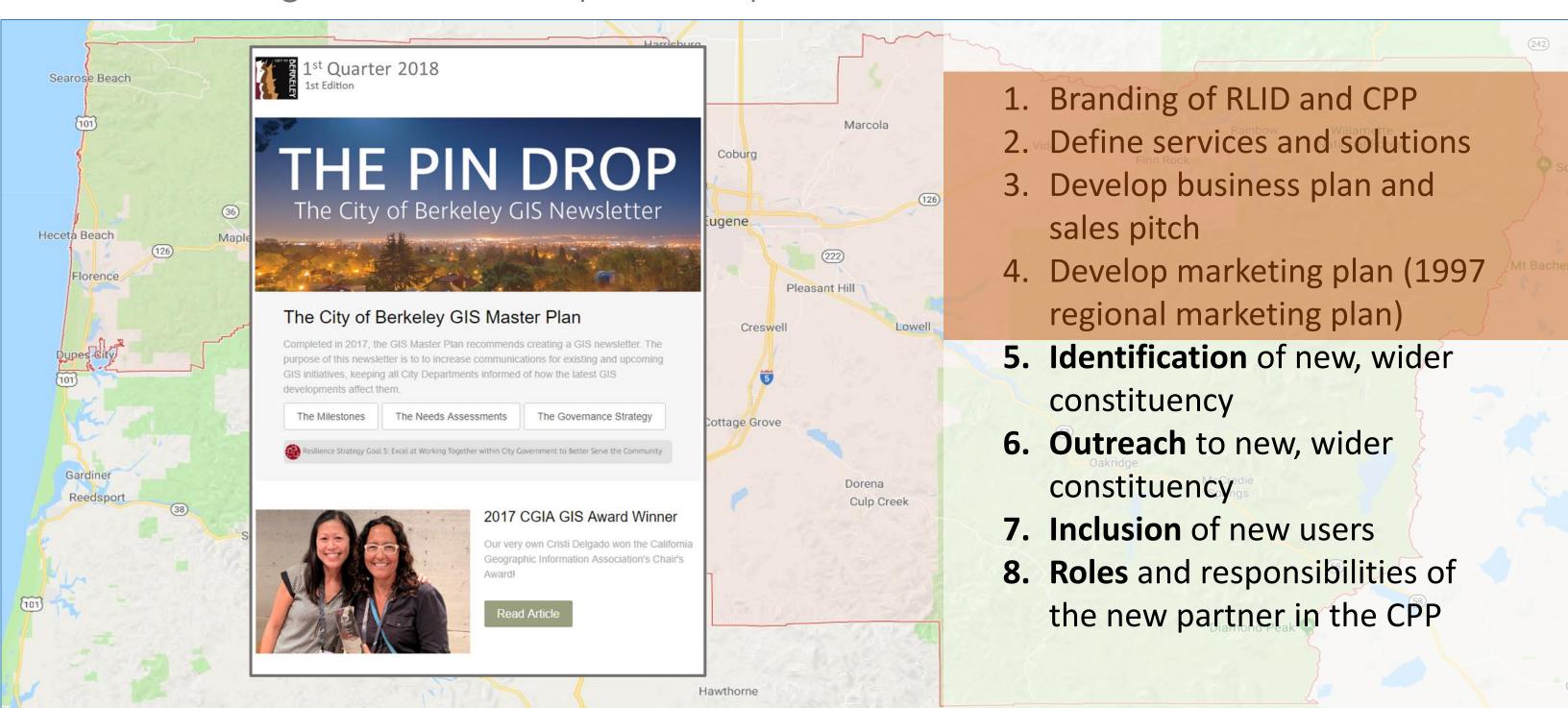


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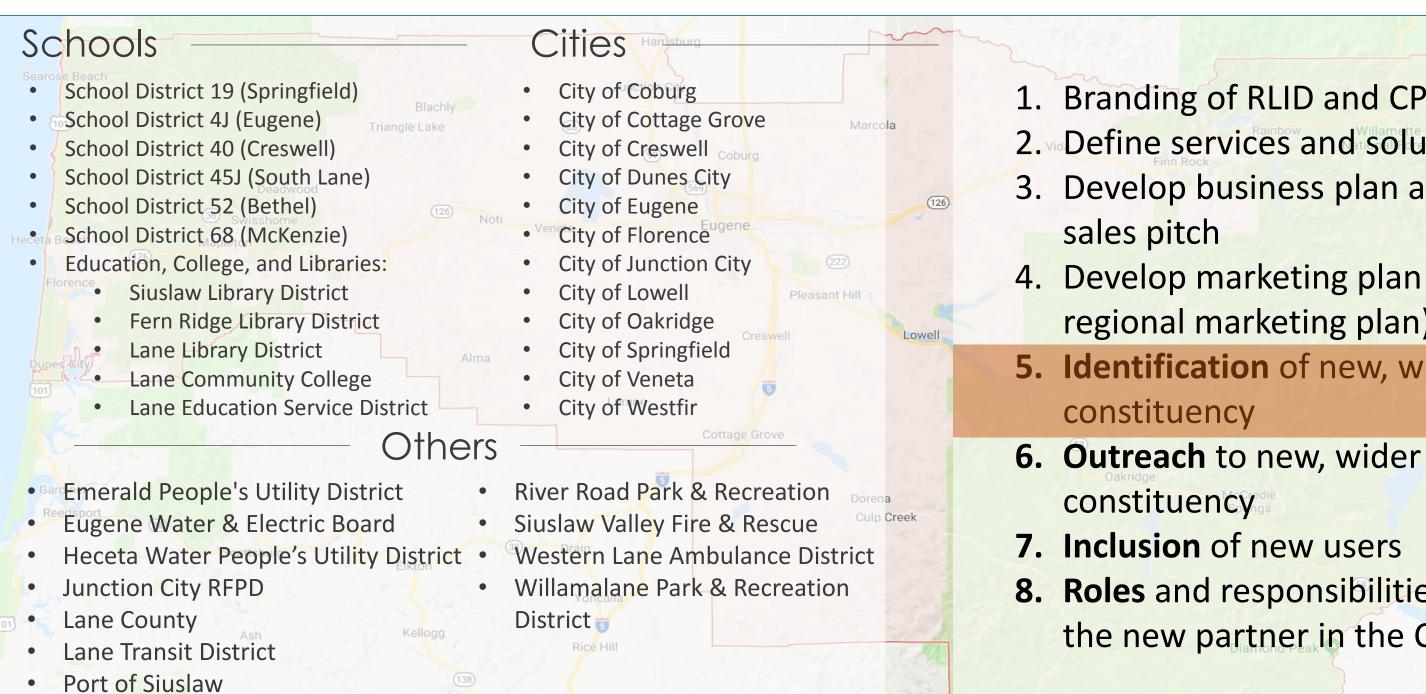




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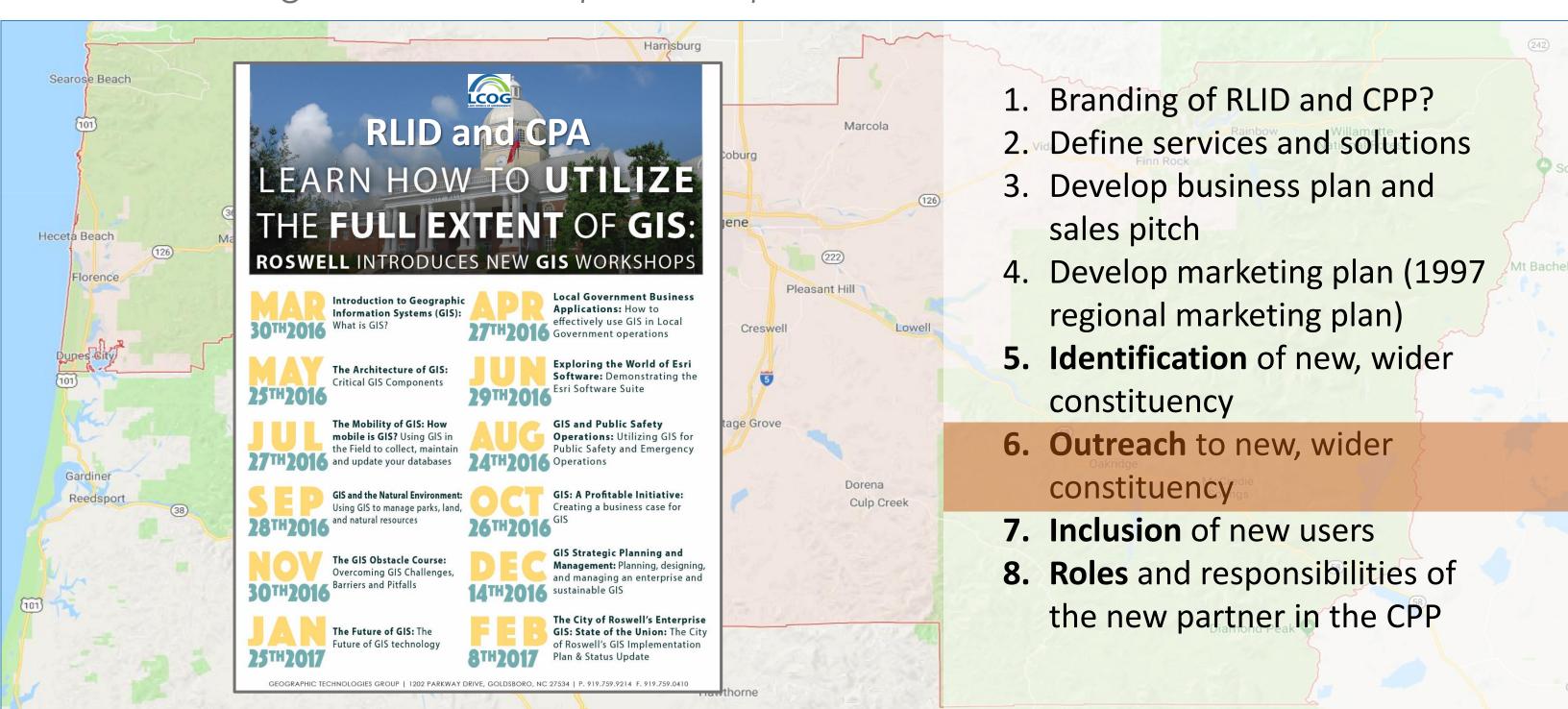




- 1. Branding of RLID and CPP?
- 2. Define services and solutions
- 3. Develop business plan and
- 4. Develop marketing plan (1997 regional marketing plan)
- 5. Identification of new, wider
- 8. Roles and responsibilities of the new partner in the CPP

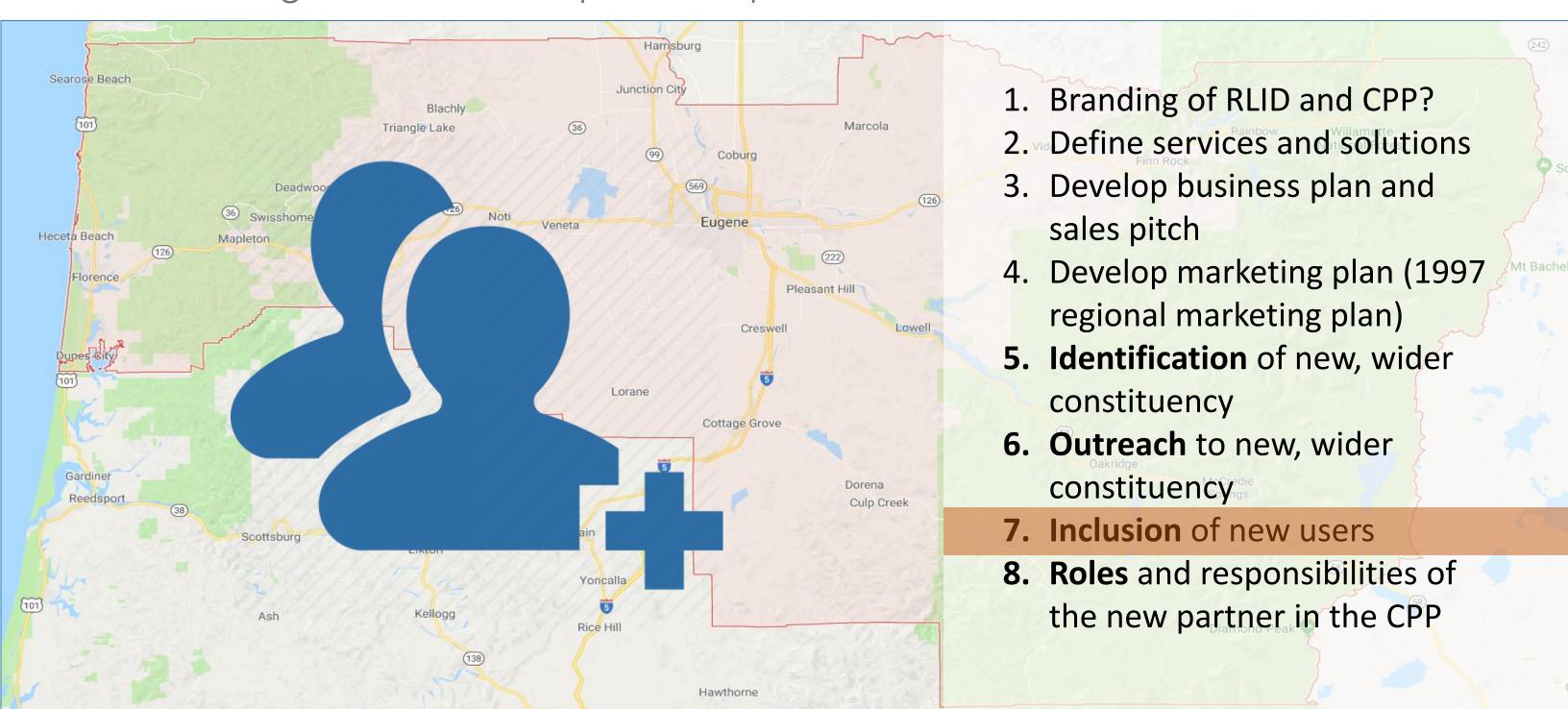


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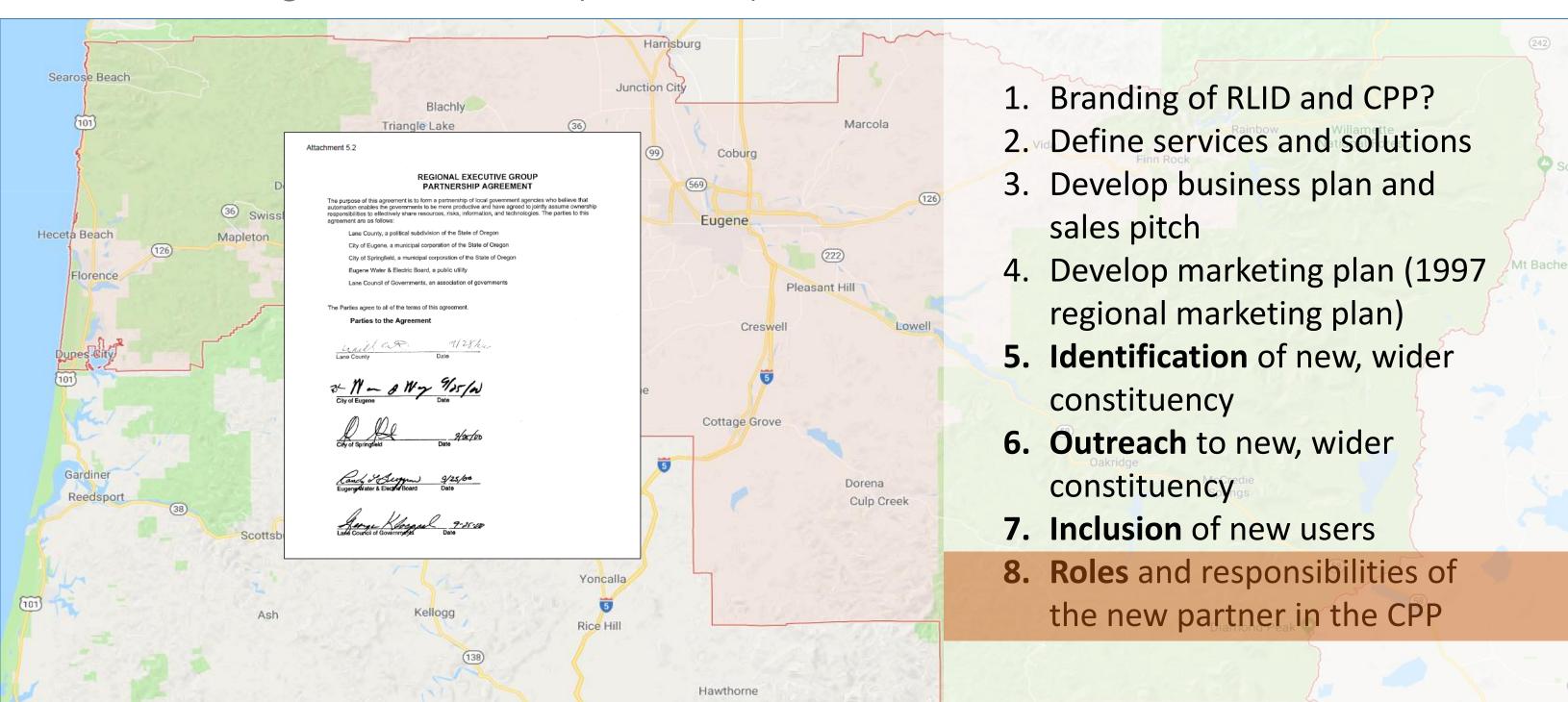


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NUMBER OF GIS USERS BEFORE AND AFTER IMPLEMENTATION					
ORGANIZATION	BEFORE	AFTER			
City of Roswell, GA	15	300			
City of Vancouver and Clark County, WA	102	804			
Columbus Consolidated Government, GA	67	425			
Athens-Clarke County, GA	29	304			
City of Casper and Natrona County, WY	11	229			
City of Edina and LOGIS, MN	32	441			
City of Winston-Salem and Forsyth County, NC	2402	3870			
Orange County and Municipalities, CA	1753	4902			
City of Eagan and LOGIS, MN	44	503			
Gwinnett County and Municipalities, GA	96	373			
Rome-Floyd County, GA	78	322			
San Mateo County, CA	295	1660			
Louisville/Jefferson County and LOJIC, KY	624	1490			



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"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"

Clients: Cloud vs. Premise

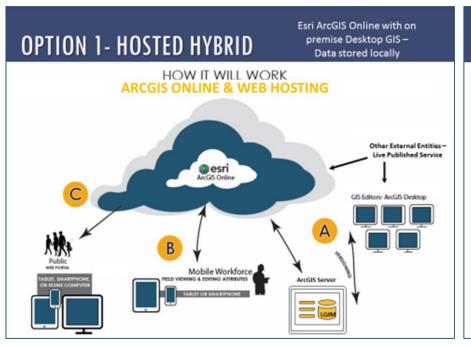
Existing Client Examples

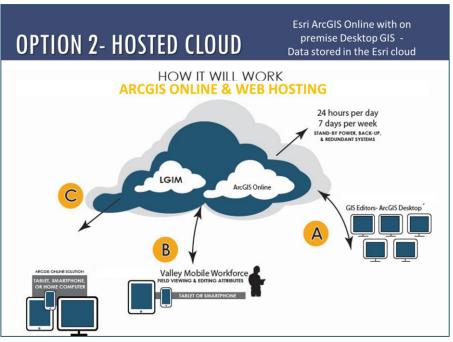
City of Guelph- Premise-Based and Cloud Solutions

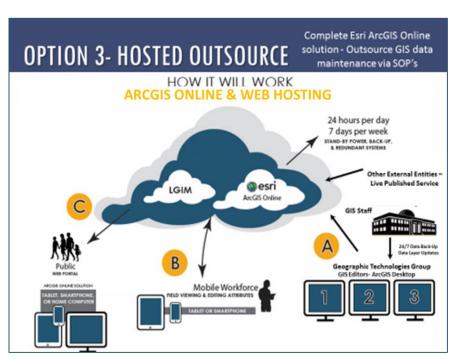
City of Healdsburg- Premise-Based and Cloud Town of Windsor- Total Cloud Solution

City of Unalaska- Premise-Based and Portal

Town of Windsor- Total Cloud Solution
City of Roswell- Premise-Based and Cloud Solutions









5

"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"

- 1. Recent trends in software licensing
- 2. Cloud computing in Local Government
- 3. Online Publishing of spatial data using ArcGIS Online
- 4. Optimum durable, technological pathways
 - Options for LCOG
 - 1. Complete ArcGIS Online
 - 2. ArcGIS Enterprise and ArcGIS Online Hybrid (Premise-Based)

Recommended

- 3. ArcGIS Enterprise and ArcGIS Online Hybrid (Hosted)
- 4. ArcGIS Enterprise and ArcGIS Online Hybrid (Premise and Hosted Hybrid)
- 5. ArcGIS Hub



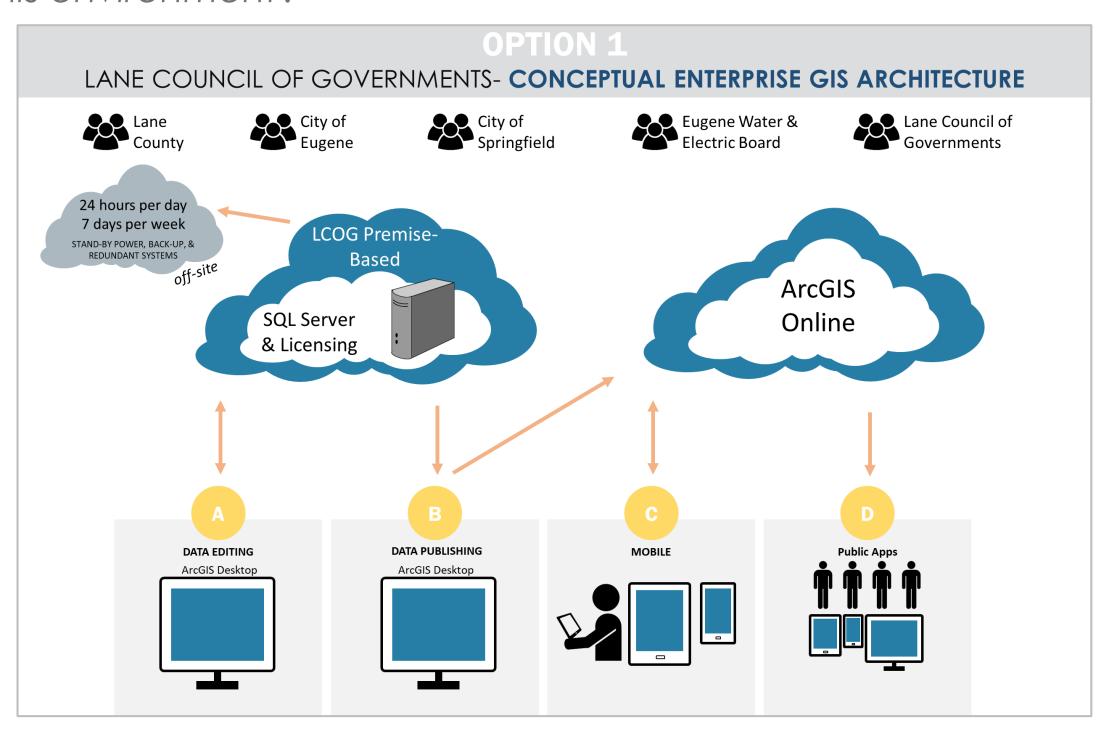


5

"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"

Option 1 – Complete ArcGIS Online

- Agencies store data in SQL and edit data in SQL
- Publish services using ArcGIS Online
- License manager for ArcGIS Desktop premise based on LCOG server
- ArcGIS Online accounts and groups

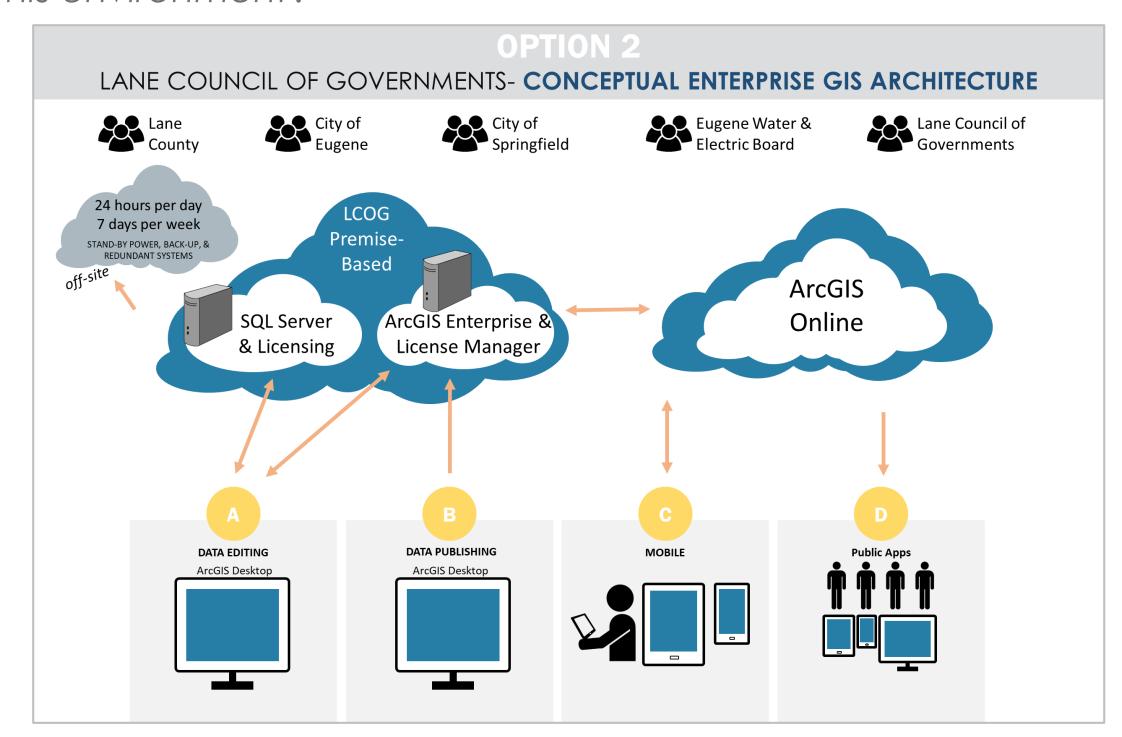


5

"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"

Option 2 – ArcGIS Enterprise and ArcGIS Online Hybrid (Premise Based)

- Agencies store data in SQL and edit data in SQL
- Publish services using ArcGIS Enterprise
- Some services are public and routed through ArcGIS Online for public consumption
- License manager for ArcGIS Desktop premise based on LCOG server
- ArcGIS Online accounts and groups





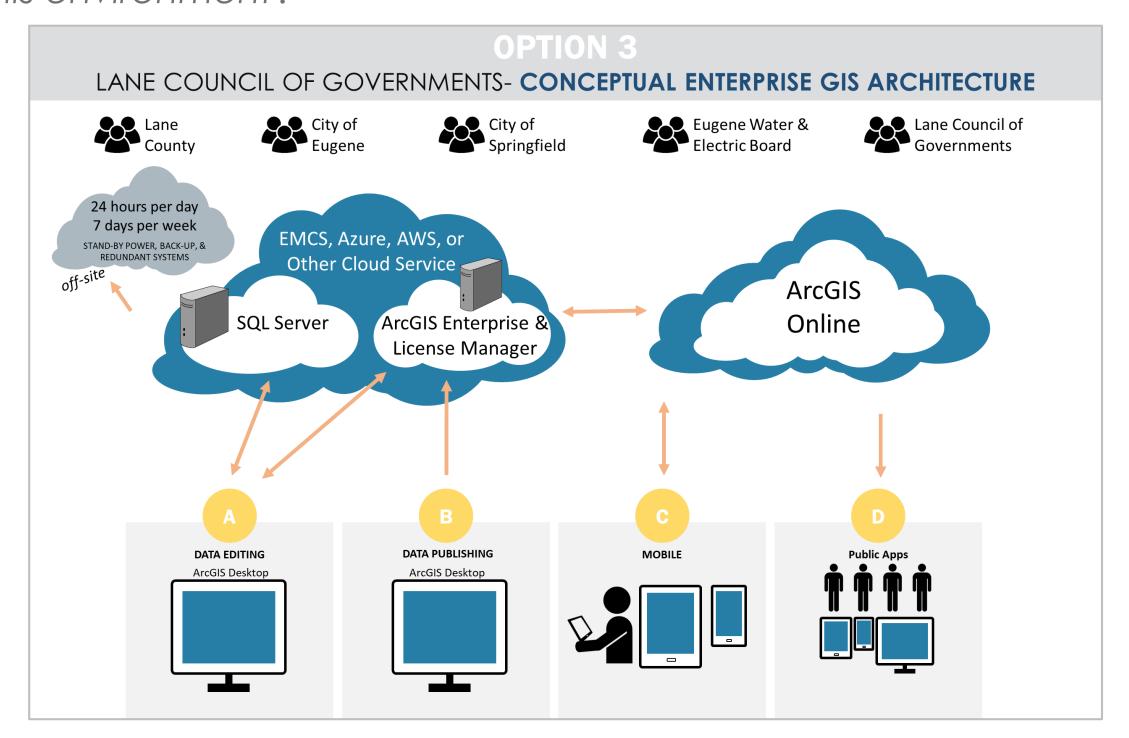
5

"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"

Recommended

Option 3 – ArcGIS Enterprise and ArcGIS Online Hybrid (Hosted)

- Agencies store data in SQL and edit data in SQL which is hosted
- Publish services using ArcGIS Enterprise which is hosted
- Some services are public and routed through ArcGIS Online for public consumption
- License manager for ArcGIS
 Desktop on hosted server
- ArcGIS Online accounts and groups



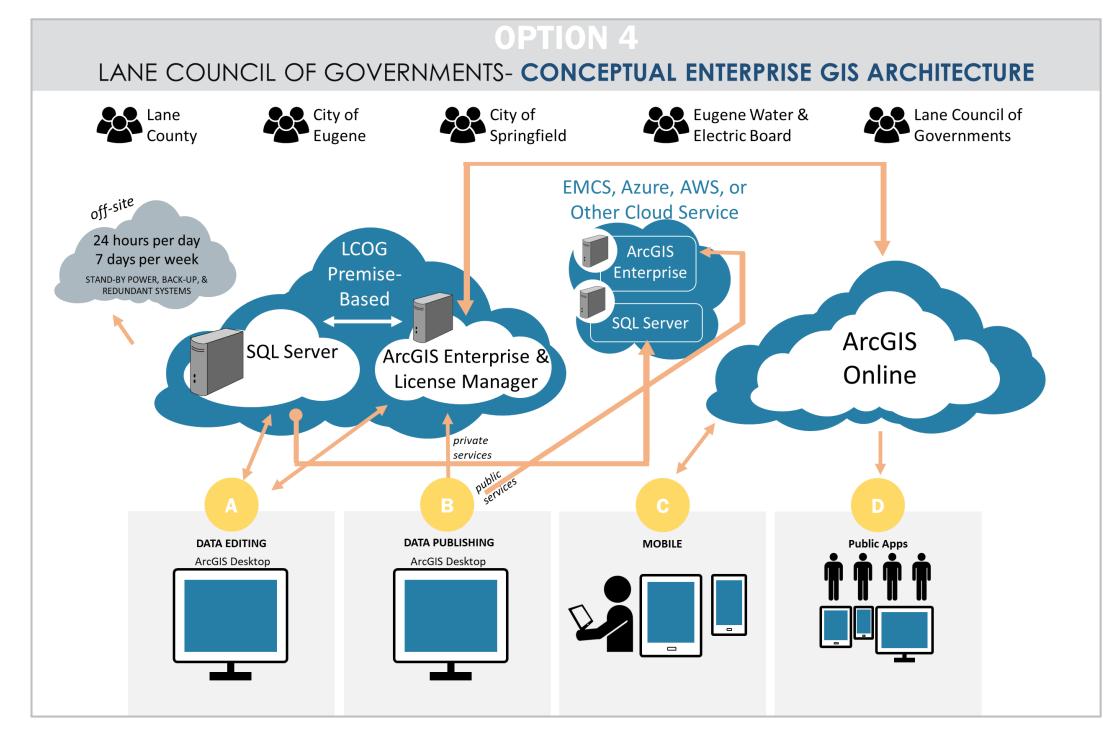


5

"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"

Option 4 – ArcGIS Enterprise and ArcGIS Online Hybrid (Premise and Hosted Hybrid)

- Agencies store data in SQL and edit data in SQL which is premise based
- Publish services using ArcGIS
 Enterprise
- Private services are published using premise based ArcGIS Enterprise
- Public services are published using hosted ArcGIS Enterprise
- Some services are public and routed through ArcGIS Online for public consumption
- License manager for ArcGIS
 Desktop premise based on LCOG
 server
- ArcGIS Online accounts and groups



5

"Discuss recent trends in software licensure, cloud computing, and on-line publishing of spatial data, such as ArcGIS Online. What are optimal and durable technological pathways for managing integrated and consolidated services in this environment?"



A.	Geogra	ohic	Technol	oaies (Group (GIG)
	9.4				AND THE RESERVE AND THE PERSON NAMED IN	

- B. Lane Council of Government (LCOG)
- C. Project Understanding
- D. Project Goals and Objectives
 - Phase I: Assess the Current System
 - Phase II: Define Future Conditions
 - Phase III: Establish Governance
- E. GTG's Approach, Methodology and Scope of Services
- F. Three Phases and Seven Steps
- G. Specific LCOG Questions
 - Methodology (A Seven Keys Philosophy)
 - Key Staff
 - Experience with Regional Partnership and Equitable Contributions
 - A Wider Constituency
 - Trends in Technology and Software for integrated and Consolidated Services
 - Funding Models for Cooperative Partnership
- H. Building High-Performance Organizations (HPO)
- I. Why Should LCOG Select Geographic Technologies Group?

5 min 2 min 5 min

3 min

5 min

2 min

3 min



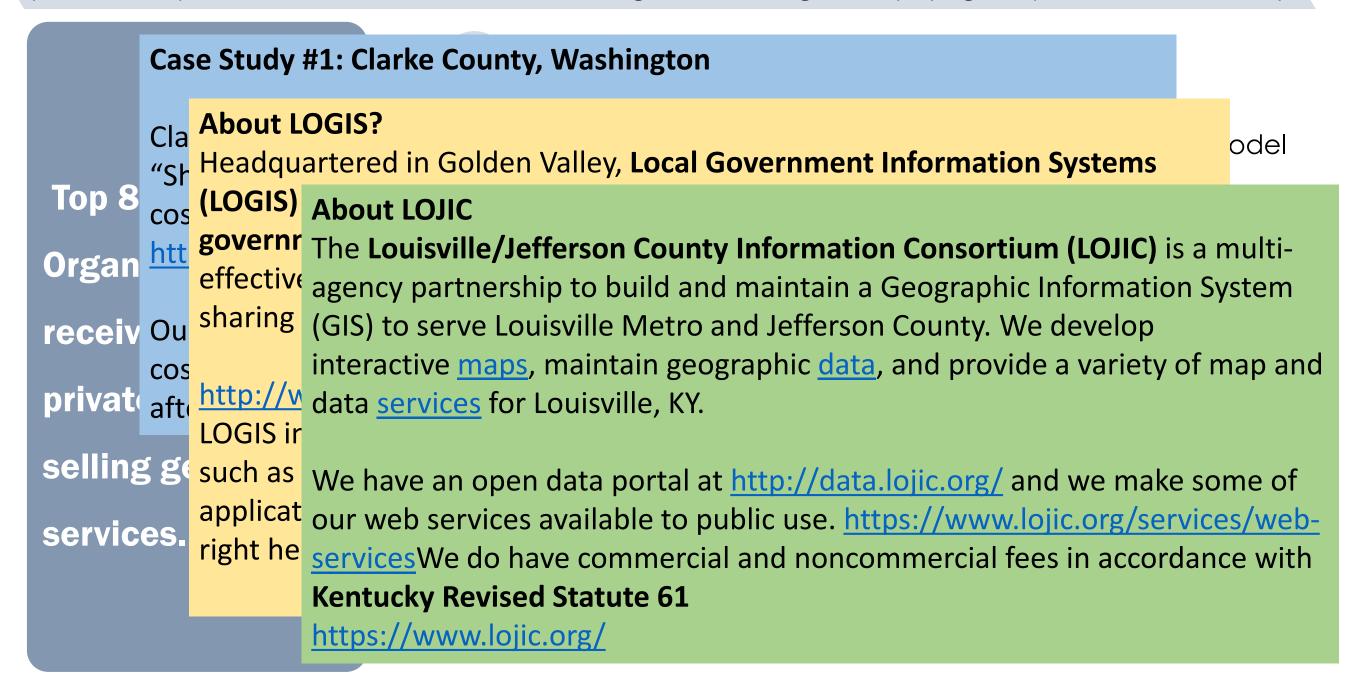


6

"Discuss your experience balancing private and public funding of public data services. What are the advantages and disadvantages of open data, and how can the value of open data be measured and funded?"

Part A: Discuss your experience balancing private and public funding of public data services.

(Private companies, businesses, residents and other government agencies paying for "public" data services)





6

"Discuss your experience balancing private and public funding of public data services. What are the advantages and disadvantages of open data, and how can the value of open data be measured and funded?"

Part B: What are the advantages and disadvantages of open data, and how can the value of open data be measured and funded?"

OPEN DATA: WHAT IS IT?

Open data is the idea that some **data** should be freely available to everyone to use and republish as they wish, without restrictions from copyright, patents or other mechanisms of control.

ADVANTAGES

- 1. Part of the recognized digital transformation
- 2. Improves citizen engagement. Allows citizen to improve their communities
- 3. Wider participation
- 4. Part of the smart city and smart government initiative
- 5. Simplifies and improves lives of individuals
- 6. Helps manages public services more efficiently
- 7. Promotes sustainable communities
- 8. Raw material for economic growth and associated benefits inspires developers
- 9. Encourages accountable, efficient and effective government
- 10. Helping create a data driven culture
- 11. The value of information transparency

http://opendata.gis.co.scott.mn.us/

https://opendurham.nc.gov/pages/home/

http://www.cambridgema.gov/departments/opendata

https://www.chapelhillopendata.org

OPEN DATA: WHAT ARE THE ADVANTAGES?

"Openness and open data in government strengthens our democracy, promotes the delivery of efficient and effective services to the public, and contributes to economic growth".

DISADVANTAGES

- 1. Violating Privacy
- 2. Misuse of Data
- 3. Misinterpretation of Data
- 4. Cost of maintaining accurate and reliable data
- 5. Adverse response to sensitive data
- 6. Data gaps and interpretation
- 7. Tools must be developed for cleaning, sorting, analyzing and visualizing open data
- 8. Data collected under different conditions or with different assessment tools should not be combined





"Discuss your experience balancing private and public funding of public data services. What are the advantages and disadvantages of open data, and how can the value of open data be measured and funded?"

Part C: How can the value of Open Data be measured and funded?

Answer: "Open data can combine data, visualization, analytics, and collaboration technology to enable governments and citizens to work together on real-world initiatives that tackle the most pressing issues in their communities."

ISSUE #1

Difference between Revenue Generation

VS.

Cost Recovery?

ISSUE #2

Measuring and Funding

- 1. Funding the Delivery of Data
- 2. Develop Price for Cost Recover or Revenue Generation
 - a. Software Solutions
 - Subscription Based Solutions
 - Free Solutions
 - Based on Population
 - Number of Users
 - Flat Rate Partnership Fixed rate
 - b. GIS Services
 - Cost Structure
 - Hourly rates
 - Flat Rate
 - Service Level Agreements (See LOGIS Agreement)

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5 min 2 min 5 min 3 min

5 min

2 min

3 min



THE HIGH PERFORMANCE ORGANIZATION (HPO) FRAMEWORK

- What is high performance for LCOG and RLID?
- How would we know if we were high performing?
- 3 According to whom are we high performing?
- Why do we need to be high performing?
- 5 Is what we are doing the right "what"?
- How good are we at delivering our products and services?
- How are we going to treat each other, our partners, customers, and other stakeholders?

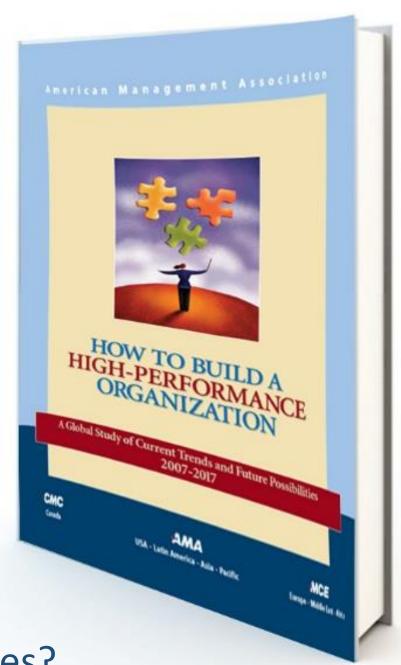


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5 min

2 min

5 min

3 min

5 min

2 min

3 min

60 minutes





State, National, and International Awards



A Local Government GIS Company



Exceptional References and Testimonials from Towns, Cities, and Counties



Technical Local Government GIS Expertise



Strategic Technology Partnerships



Information Technology (IT) and System Design Experience



Team Qualifications:
Strategic Planning, Utilities,
ArcGIS Online, & Systems
Integration



Unique Strategic GIS
Planning Methodology



The Business and ROI Case for GIS



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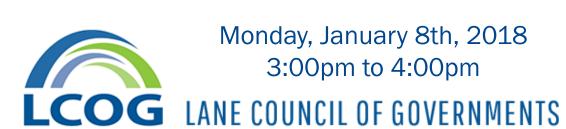


Governance and GIS
Management Models

QUESTIONS



Why is a Regional Model full of opportunities?
What can LCOG – RLID/CPP and this Interagency model offer the region?



THANK YOU















