

MTIP

Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program

Federal FY 2018 to Federal FY 2021

Central Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization

Adopted May 4, 2017

Central Lane MPO

Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program Federal FY2018 to Federal FY2021

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Welcome to the MTIP

The MTIP is the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP) for the Central Lane metropolitan area. It describes transportation improvements and projects which the area can expect between 2018 and 2021. The MTIP describes the near-term priority projects for achieving the long-range goals of the <u>Regional Transportation Plan</u>. The document is a State and Federal requirement, but it is also a public information tool that can inform local policy makers, affected agencies and the general public about regional transportation investments they can expect over the next four years.

ACRONYMS

It doesn't take long to realize that transportation documents are rife with acronyms, from the title of the report to the agency preparing it. A complete list of commonly used transportation acronyms is provided in Appendix H. However, there are a few that are used frequently enough to merit immediate introduction:

- The MTIP is the document you are reading now and its full name is the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program;
- The STIP is the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program, prepared by the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) and covers the entire State of Oregon;
- An MPO is a Metropolitan Planning Organization, a transportation planning entity that is required and funded by the federal government in all metropolitan areas of 50,000 people or more. A map of the Central Lane MPO can be found in Appendix G.
- The official policy board for the Central Lane MPO is the **Metropolitan Policy Committee** or the **MPC**. Members of the MPC represent the Cities of Coburg, Eugene, and Springfield, Lane County, Lane Transit District and the Oregon Department of Transportation.
- Finally, this MTIP covers Federal FY 2018-2021, which refers to federal Fiscal Years 2018 to 2021. This covers the period of time from October 1, 2017 to September 30, 2021.

Again, these are the most frequently used acronyms and terms. We hope they help you to successfully navigate through the FY 2018-2021 MTIP.

INTRODUCTION

The Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP) serves as the implementation arm of the MPO's long-range Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The MTIP contains a list of specific, short-term prioritized transportation projects in the Central Lane metropolitan area surrounding Eugene and Springfield that are scheduled to utilize federal funding during federal fiscal years 2018-2021. The MTIP includes projects that receive federal funds, are subject to a federally required action, or are regionally significant. Apart from some improvements to Eugene's airport and rail lines, all regionally significant transportation projects and federally funded capital projects that are scheduled to be started within the next four years are part of the MTIP. This means that many-but not all-transit, highway, local roadway, bicycle and pedestrian investments in upcoming projects in the region are included in the MTIP.

Most importantly, the MTIP sets forth the MPO's investment priorities for transit and transitrelated improvements, highways and roadways, bicycle and pedestrian, and other surface transportation improvements. Only those projects listed in the MTIP will be included in the State Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP) and therefore become eligible for state and federal funding. As a result, the MTIP provides an opportunity to ensure that the transportation investments that the region is making are consistent with its vision and priorities for the regional transportation system. The following diagram outlines the interconnectivity of the MTIP and STIP:

Oregon Transportation Plan

- Long-Term
- Developed by OTC
- Multimodal
- Serves as state transportation system plan
- Framework for prioritizing transportation improvements and funding

Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

- 4-year listing of projects planned for implementation
- All FHWA and/or FTA funded projects
- All regionally significant projects requiring federal approval or permit
- Includes all TIP projects approved by MPOs
- · Financially constrained by year

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Regional Transportation Plan

- The broad framework plan for the MPO
- Has both long and short range policies, strategies, and actions
- Lists projects needed within 20 years
- Contains cost estimates and funding sources
- Provides a framework for choosing future projects
- Updated every 4 years
- Includes the transportation demand management element

Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program

- 4-year list of priority projects
- Consistent with Regional Transportation Plan
- Financially constrained by year
- Updated every two years

How does the MTIP reflect the region's priorities?

Only projects included in or fully consistent with the RTP may be incorporated into the MTIP. The MTIP derives all its projects either directly from the RTP or indirectly from the goals and policies within it. The RTP is the long range policy and planning document while the MTIP is the short range implementing document that enables those planned project to begin work. Specifically, the MTIP lists those projects from the RTP that have committed or reasonably available funding and intend to begin a phase of work during the four years of the MTIP.

Significant public outreach is conducted prior to the adoption of the MTIP in order to ensure that the projects contained within it reflect the region's priorities. The MTIP is considered and adopted by the Metropolitan Policy Committee (MPC).

How are projects listed in the MTIP?

There are several different ways that projects are added to the MTIP, including the following:

- For federal projects over which the Central Lane MPO has discretionary funding authority (such as Surface Transportation Program - Urban funds) the Central Lane MPO solicits its local partner agencies for projects to be included in the MTIP and funded with the discretionary federal funds. The MPO has established funding targets for different types of projects (e.g. Transportation Options/Transportation Demand Management activities, Planning activities, and Project Development, Preservation, and Modernization (PPM) activities across all transportation modes within the MPO) and allocates funding based upon these targets. For PPM activities, the MPO uses evaluation criteria based upon regional priorities to select projects for programming in the MTIP. The evaluation criteria include the project's impact in preserving existing transportation assets, preserving or enhancing transit services, improving safety, or reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The MPO receives, on average, approximately \$3 million per year in federal Surface Transportation Block Grant-Urban (STBG-U) funds that are allocated through this process. Priorities for the use of STBG-U funds are generally established before or during development of the MTIP. Additional details on the STBG-U funding process are provided in Appendix A.
- Locally funded projects are drawn from the Capital Improvement Programs of Eugene, Springfield, Coburg, Lane County, Lane Transit District (LTD), and the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT).
- LTD submits projects to be funded with federal transit funds. LTD has been designated as a direct recipient of a number of different federal funds, permitting LTD to manage their allocation and expenditure, subject to the program rules.
- The Oregon Department of Transportation submits projects to be implemented within the four-year time frame of the MTIP. The State uses its federal funds as well as state funds for transportation projects within the MPO area. Some are used on the state highway system; others are grants awarded for specific projects subject to the originating source program's rules.

Is the MTIP ever changed after it is adopted?

Yes. Because project schedules and costs and the financial constraints of the MTIP may change during the course of the fiscal year, the MTIP may be modified after it has been adopted. The MTIP contains a process for amending the MTIP after it has been adopted. Some changes may be considered administrative modifications, while others require approval of the MPC.

Terminology

- The MTIP project list is grouped by the lead jurisdiction managing the project. The
 project name, project description, unique Key Number (as assigned by ODOT), project
 phase(s), and funding source(s) are shown for each project.
- The MTIP must be financially constrained by year, meaning that the amount of dollars programmed (committed) must not exceed the amount of dollars known or estimated to be available. All projects must have identified and committed funding or, if not programmed to start within two years, reasonably certain funding within the MTIP period (FY 2018-2021). The MTIP includes a financial summary that demonstrates financial constraint, namely that sufficient financial capacity exists for programmed projects to be implemented.
- The MTIP will also be accompanied by an air quality conformity determination (AQCD). An AQCD ensures that the implementation of the FY 2018-2021 MTIP will not cause or contribute to local air quality violations. Though the community is concerned about transportation's impact on greenhouse gas emissions, an analysis of greenhouse gas emissions is not completed under the AQCD. The MPO has separately completed a greenhouse gas inventory for the region and is focusing on strategies to reduce transportation's impact on greenhouse gas emissions.
- Transportation projects within the MPO area are funded through a variety of different funding sources, including federal funds, but also including local and state funds. The different funding sources are detailed in the MTIP document. Many federal funding programs require that a local government provide a match to the federal funds. The match requirements can vary depending on the source of funds. Local governments also have Capital Improvement Programs and operations budgets which fund transportation improvements and operations, which are listed as either match or other fund sources on the MTIP list. These funds are obtained from bonds, system development charges, and other sources of local revenue. While local funds must be used for matching federal funds, they are also expended for local operations and improvements which are not included in the MTIP.
- A transportation project generally has multiple stages or phases which are funded. The following provides a brief description of the types of activities included under these phases::
 - Planning (PL) Some projects are studies that examine various aspects of travel behavior, choice of transportation mode, land use interactions, etc. These projects may not directly lead to construction.
 - o Preliminary design (PE) Under this phase, engineers investigate the range of design alternatives and specific elements that are to be included in the project

- through basic engineering work, data collection, and environmental analyses; this phase may include public outreach and input.
- o Right of Way (RW) Under this phase, potential right-of-way needs are identified; right-of-way issues are resolved through property and easement acquisition, owner relocation or owner compensation.
- Utility Relocation (UR) Under this phase, utilities are relocated, as needed, to accommodate construction.
- Construction (CN) Under this phase, construction work is accomplished. It
 does not start until the project bid has been advertised, a bid opening occurs,
 and a contract is awarded. Bonds, insurance and subcontractor compliance
 requirements must be met.
- Other (OT) Includes other types of projects/phases which do not fit into those phases described above.

By adopting the MTIP, the Metropolitan Policy Committee has selected the projects identified in Table I, Programmed Projects by Agency and Year, for implementation and funding as scheduled. No additional action by MPC is required for the funding of these projects. The schedule of projects utilizes all of the anticipated federal funds as quickly as possible. If additional funds become available or if a project experiences an unexpected delay, MPC may select other projects from the schedule to take advantage of the additional funds or to replace a delayed project.

MTIP Requirements

Federal legislation (23 CFR 450.326) requires that the Central Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), in cooperation with the state department of transportation and transit operators, develop an MTIP that is updated and approved at least every four years by MPC and the Governor. The prior MTIP, FY15-18, was adopted and conformed by the MPC on October 2, 2014. Adoption of the FY18-21 MTIP will restart the four year clock.

Copies of the MTIP are provided to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Specific requirements for the MTIP are outlined in various implementation rules developed by FHWA, FTA, and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). This section of the MTIP provides a brief explanation of these requirements.

Federal Requirements

Regulations developed to help guide the implementation of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Act of 1991 (ISTEA), Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21), Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), and the Fixing America's Transportation Act (FAST Act) of 2015 specify several requirements:

Time Period

The MTIP must cover a period of not less than four years. Beyond the four year period, projects in outlying years are considered informational only. The MTIP must be updated at least every four years. (23 CFR 450.326(a))

Public Involvement and Comment

There must be reasonable opportunity for public comment prior to approval, and the MTIP must be made readily available including in electronically accessible formats and means such as publication on the World Wide Web. Specific procedures as approved by MPC are outlined in the MPO's Public Participation Plan.

The public involvement process for the MTIP also satisfies the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Program of Projects (POP) review for federally funded MTIP transit projects. The public notice of public involvement activities and time established for public review and comments on the MTIP development process will also note that the public process is satisfying the FTA's Program of Projects requirements. (23 CFR 450.326(b))

Performance Targets

The MTIP must be designed to make progress toward achieving the federally established performance targets and the performance targets identified in the long-range transportation plan, linking investment priorities to those performance targets. (23 CFR 450.326(c), (d))

Projects

The MTIP must include all federally funded projects (including pedestrian walkways, bicycle transportation facilities, and transportation alternatives projects) to be funded under Title 23 and the Federal Transit Act, and all regionally significant projects requiring an action by USDOT regardless of funding source, within the MPO area. Projects in the MTIP must be consistent with the long-range transportation plan. (23 CFR 450.326(e), (f), (i))

Financial Constraint

The MTIP must be consistent with funding that is expected to be available during the relevant period. The MTIP must be financially constrained by year and include a financial plan that demonstrates which projects can be implemented using current revenue sources and which projects are to be implemented using proposed revenue sources. Only projects for which funds are reasonably expected to be available can be included in the MTIP. Since the MPO area is an air quality maintenance area, projects included in the first two years of the MTIP must be limited to those for which funds are available or committed. (23 CFR 450.326(g), (j), (k))

Allocation of Surface Transportation Block Grant-Urban (STBG-U) Funds

As a Transportation Management Area (TMA), the Central Lane MPO is required to develop a process for allocating the MPO's Federal Surface Transportation Block Grant Urban (STBG-U) and Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) funds. Prior to the FAST Act, these funds were known as Surface Transportation Program (STP). STBG-U and TAP funds are allocated and programmed for eligible projects at the discretion of the MPO, following federal guidelines. These federal funds must be matched with local funds or other non-federal funds at a minimum currently set by Congress for Oregon of 10.27 percent of the total funding. In other words, a project totaling \$100,000 would have a local match of \$10,270 and a federal STBG-U component of \$89,730. (23 CFR 450.326(m))

The MPO Policy Board has approved a process and framework for allocating the MPO's STBG-U and TAP funds. The process includes the use of a set of screening or eligibility criteria and a set of evaluation criteria and guidelines to be applied to applications for funding. The STBG-U evaluation criteria and guidelines focus on four regional priorities: Preservation of Existing Transportation Assets; Preservation or Enhancement of Transit Service; Safety Improvements; and Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions. MPC approved the process and set target funding levels for three categories of need. Appendix A provides additional details on the current STBG-U fund allocation process. The application form developed for this process is presented in Figure A-2.

Lane Transit District and Federal Transit Administration Funds.

The Metropolitan Policy Board has designated LTD as direct recipients of FTA funds. Projects utilizing FTA funds are included in the MTIP and are shown in Table 1.

Relationship between MTIP and the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

The frequency and cycle for updating the MTIP must be compatible with Oregon's Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) development and approval process. The current MTIP expires when FHWA and FTA approval of the current STIP expires. After approval of the MTIP by MPC and the Governor, the MTIP must be included without modification directly or by reference in the STIP. The portion of the STIP in the metropolitan planning area shall be developed by the Central Lane MPO in cooperation with ODOT. (23 CFR 450.326(a); 23 CFR 450.328(b))

1990 Clean Air Act Amendments

On November 15, 1990, amendments to the Clean Air Act (Act) were approved by the federal government. On June 7, 1991, the EPA and the U.S. Department of Transportation issued guidance for determining conformance of transportation programs with the Act during this interim period. On July 16, 1991, these interim guidelines were provided to the MPOs in Oregon. New conformity guidelines were issued in November 1991, and most recently on July 1, 2004.

On March 3, 1995 the Environmental Quality Commission (EQC) adopted new rules regarding the air quality conformity of transportation plans, programs and projects to federal and state implementation plans (the Oregon Conformity State Implementation Plan (SIP)). These rules established criteria and procedures for determining such conformity. The state rule mirrored the federal rule. In 2010, the State revised the SIP, incorporating nearly all of the federal transportation conformity rules by reference. Consultation (OAR 340-252-0060), Timeframe of Conformity Determinations (OAR 340-252-0070), and Written Commitments (OAR 340-252-0230) were retained, more stringent and explicit than those of the federal rule. By meeting these state standards for purposes of demonstrating air quality conformity, the federal standards are also met.

The Central Lane MPO region was redesignated to attainment status for CO and has completed the required maintenance period (1994-2014). With the end of the maintenance period, CO transportation conformity is no longer required. There are no transportation control measures in the CO SIP, and thus no requirements remain for any specific projects to be undertaken.

The Eugene and Springfield UGBs were redesignated to attainment status for PM_{10} in 2013. The Eugene-Springfield PM_{10} State Implementation Plan (a limited maintenance plan) establishes that only limited growth in PM_{10} emissions from motor vehicles is expected and that these emissions are unlikely to cause a future violation. No transportation control measures or contingency measures are required. EPA has approved and concurred that Plan and MTIP regional conformity analysis for PM_{10} is not required. A transportation conformity determination document must still be prepared to respond to other parts of the conformity rule.

Project level conformity (including potentially hot-spot analysis) for PM₁₀ remains a necessity for all project sponsors of non-exempt projects within MTIPs and Plans. This is undertaken in consultation with ODOT Environmental during appropriate phases of the project development.

There has not been an exceedance of the PM₁₀ standards in this area since 1987.

Development and Modification of the MTIP

The draft Central Lane MTIP was developed by the Transportation Planning Committee (TPC), the regional staff group which is responsible for most of the technical details of the transportation planning process. The TPC assembled the MTIP from the adopted capital improvement programs (CIPs), the draft STIP, and other capital planning documents and input from the participating agencies, as well as from the overlapping year of the previous (FY15-18) MTIP.

TPC recommends the MTIP to the MPC (the MPO Policy Board) for review and adoption. As the Central Lane MPO policy body, MPC, which is composed of elected or appointed officials from Eugene, Springfield, Lane County, Lane Transit District, Coburg and ODOT, conducts a public hearing and adopts the MTIP. The MPO's Public Participation Plan (PPP) specifies public outreach and involvement activities associated with adoption and amendment of the MTIP. Membership of TPC and MPC is shown in Appendix C.

Objectives of the process for developing and amending the MTIP include:

- Ensure that federal requirements are properly met for use of available federal funds, including the requirement that projects using federal funds are included in the MTIP and that the projects are consistent with the financially constrained element of the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP);
- Ensure regional consideration of proposed amendments having an impact on the priority for use of limited available resources or having an effect on other parts of the transportation system, other modes of transportation or other jurisdictions;
- Ensure that the responsibilities for project management and cost control remain with the jurisdiction sponsoring the project;
- Authorize routine amendments to the MTIP to proceed expeditiously to avoid unnecessary delays and committee activity;
- Provide for dealing with emergency situations; and
- Ensure projects are progressing to fully obligate annual funding in order to avoid a lapse of funds.

The MTIP may be modified by the MPC. TPC may make specific changes determined to be administrative in nature. These include:

- I. Additions or deletions of projects which do not involve any funding decision or funding transfer on the part of the MPO (for example, projects which are already fully funded via local, state or federal processes and are required to be included in the MTIP) and which do not affect the financial constraint or air quality conformity of the MTIP;
- 2. Cost revisions to reflect funding decisions at the local, state or federal level which do not involve any further funding decision on the part of the MPO and which do not affect the financial constraint or air quality conformity of the MTIP;

- 3. Deletions of local projects which are provided for information purposes;
- 4. Moving projects from one year to another year in the MTIP period if they do not trigger the need for an air quality conformity determination;
- 5. Change in project scope, where no funding decision or funding transfer by the MPO is involved, and which does not affect the air quality conformity of the MTIP;
- 6. Combining or separating projects (for contracting efficiency or other purposes) in the adopted MTIP where the project scope is unchanged and the total project cost is unchanged or involves a minor cost revision;
- 7. Moving funding from one project phase to another within the same project where no funding decision or funding transfer by the MPO is involved;
- 8. Other minor cost revisions that do not affect financial constraint of the MTIP or the MTIP's air quality conformity;
- 9. Emergency additions where an imminent public safety hazard is involved;
- 10. Recommendation for Project or Program Authority Retraction
 - a. Agencies that have not completed a project prospectus or contract with the ODOT local programming unit, have not obligated project authority or have not received approval of an amendment to reprogram fund authority by the end of the federal fiscal year in which their project was programmed for funding are subject to potential retraction of fund authority. These agencies will be notified by the MPO of this status when it occurs and will have 60 days from the date of the notification documentation to complete the prospectus, contract, obligation or amendment prior to consideration by TPC of a recommendation to MPC for an amendment to retract the funding authority for the project or program.
 - b. Unspent or un-obligated MPO flexible funding authority following final voucher closing of a project (or other action such as a project funding amendment) reverts back for redistribution through the regional project prioritization process.

Minor corrections to make the MTIP consistent with naming conventions or a jurisdiction's project description language, or to fix typographical errors or missing data, may be made by MPO staff.

All administrative amendments approved by TPC shall be forwarded to MPC for information purposes. MPC may request further review of administrative amendments.

Project Lists (23 CFR 450.326(g))

Table I presents the list of Projects by agency and by year, including federally funded projects. Projects in this table are consistent with Regional Transportation Plan policy and include local projects that implement the RTP. This table also indicates if the project is outside the air quality maintenance area, whether projects are exempt from carrying out project conformity (see Appendix B), or whether projects may be required to undertake hot spot analysis. The TPC, as the standing committee for air quality under the Oregon Conformity Rulings, has established criteria for determining regionally significant projects (see Appendix B). For more details, see the corresponding air quality conformity determination.

There are no transportation control measures (TCMs) specified for this area. (23 CFR 450.326(g)(5)).

This area does not have Americans with Disabilities Act required paratransit and key stations plans. (23 CFR 450.326(g)(7)).

Description of Project Listings

Individual projects vary enough that their descriptions are necessarily general. For street projects, all are assumed to be urban cross-section with curb, gutter, underground drainage, and sidewalks, unless otherwise noted. When provisions for bicycles are anticipated, they are specifically mentioned.

Projects are grouped by agency responsible for carrying out the project.

Project name is prepared based on ODOT conventions, and is the name by which the project is known in the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

Project description is the description provided by the project sponsor; due to STIP constraints, this description may be abbreviated when included in the STIP.

RTP project number provides an indication of the consistency of the project with the long-range plan. A number indicates that the project was specifically identified in the 2040 RTP, as adopted on May 4, 2017, and corresponds to its RTP project number. For projects not specifically identified in the RTP, an RTP policy, goal and or objective is indicated to demonstrate consistency with the plan.

Air Quality Status indicates whether a project has PM₁₀ exempt status (based on Federal rules as described in Appendix B) or otherwise, indicates that a project review at the appropriate phase will determine if a project level conformity and a hot-spot analysis are required.

Key Number is the project number assigned by ODOT by which the project is known in the STIP. A project which covers several years may have a different key number for each year.

Fiscal Year is the federal fiscal year in which the funds for the indicated project phase or stage are expected to be obligated through a contractual or intergovernmental agreement.

Phase indicates the type of work undertaken in the year indicated. For projects other than transit or study, this is typically planning, preliminary engineering, right of way acquisition, utility relocation, or construction.

Federal Cost and Source indicate the amount of federal funding that is programmed for this phase, and the type of federal funds (see below).

Federal Required Match Cost and Source indicate the amount of local money that must be programmed in order to match the federal funding. This is typically 10.27% or 20% of the <u>total project cost</u>, depending on the funding source.

Other Cost and Source indicates local funds that are programmed for the project phase <u>in excess</u> of any federal funds or local match to federal funds.

Total All Sources indicates the cost estimate of the project phase or stage regardless of fund source.

All costs are expressed in the year of expenditure and are only estimates, although some are more refined than others.

Funding source refers to the agencies expected to participate in the project. In some cases, funding agreements have not yet been finalized so agencies listed will not necessarily participate in the project listed. A description of the various funding sources is provided in Appendix D. Meanings of the abbreviations used in MTIP tables are as follows:

Α	Assessment of adjacent property owners
B3A1	same as OTIA
С	City of Coburg
C220	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA funds)
C230	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA funds)
C240	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA funds)
CMAQ	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality
D	Private Developer
E	City of Eugene
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
F160	same as 5310
H010	same as Interstate Maintenance
IM	Interstate Maintenance
FF94	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA funds)
H010	same as IM
H050	National Highway System
H210	STP Optional Safety
L220	same as STP-E
H230`	same as STP-U
H240	same as STP
HBR	Highway Bridge Replacement Funds
HCB	High Cost Bridge Projects
HEP	Hazard Elimination Program
HYI0	Federal earmark
IM	Interstate Maintenance
L050	National Highway System
L220	Transportation Enhancement funds

L230 same as STP-U
L240 same as STP
L250 same as STP
LC Lane County

LCOG Lane Council of Governments

LS30 same as STP-Safety
LTD Lane Transit District
LY10,20,30,40 Federal earmark

NHS National Highway System

ODOT Oregon Department of Transportation
OTIA Oregon Transportation Investment Act
RRP Rail-Highway Protection (off-system)
RRS Rail-Highway Protection (on-system)

S City of Springfield

State Bike/Ped Oregon Bike/Pedestrian program funds

Federal Transit Act (FTA), Metropolitan Planning Program

Federal Transit Act (FTA), Formula Funds Federal Transit Act (FTA), Capital Program

Federal Transit Act (FTA), Elderly and Persons with Disabilities
Federal Transit Act (FTA) Non-urbanized Area Formula Program

funds

Federal Transit Act (FTA), Job Access/Reverse Commute Program

Federal Transit Act (FTA), New Freedoms Program

SDC System Development Charge

SRTS Safe Routes to School

STBG Surface Transportation Block Grant

STBG-U Surface Transportation Block Grant - Urban, TMA/urban areas (funds

programmed by the MPO)

STF Special Transportation Fund STP Surface Transportation Program

STP-Safety Surface Transportation Program – Safety Program

STP-U Surface Transportation Program – Urban, TMA/urban areas (funds

programmed by the MPO)

STP-E Surface Transportation Program Enhancement
STP-RR Surface Transportation Program – Railroad
TAP Transportation Alternatives Program

TIGGER American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA funds)
TSM Federal Transportation Systems Management Grants

Z001 National Highway Performance Program

Z230 STBG-Urban Z240 STBG flex

Z400 Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (Z401 – flex funding)

Z300 Transportation Alternatives Program- flex
Z301 Transportation Alternatives Program > 200k

ZS30 Highway Safety Improvement Program

Eugene, Springfield, and Lane County have remonstrance clauses in their charters that may allow property owners to object to assessments on some types of street projects. Thus, anticipated assessments on some projects may not materialize.

For a project which began prior to FFY18, phases that are either under contract, under construction or completed are included here for informational purposes. These phases are listed by the earlier year and are shown in italics.

Note on Locally Funded Projects

Since the Eugene-Springfield area is classified as a maintenance area for PM₁₀ emissions, all regionally significant projects regardless of funding source must be included for informational purposes and air quality analysis. Each metropolitan area has the option of including other projects in the MTIP. For purposes of providing comprehensive information on transportation improvements programmed for the Central Lane area, an attempt has been made to include all major transportation projects in Table I. Improvements to minor streets and maintenance activities were excluded. Local projects listed in Table I are based on adopted local CIPs and other local master plans or transportation project approval processes.

Table 1. Programmed Projects by Agency (on following pages)

2018-21 MTIP Project List

Droin at Nama	MTIP ID	Project Description	RTP Project Number	Air Ovelity Status	Va. #	Federal Fiscal Year Phase	Phase	Federal	Federal Req Match	Total Fed+ Req	Other	Total All Courses
Project Name	#	Project Description	RTP Project Number	Air Quality Status	Key#	Federal Fiscal Year Phase	Status	\$ Source	\$ Source	Match \$	Source	Total All Sources
Eugene Eugene Regional	1	Participate and actively collaborate in regional transportation	RTP Goal #1, #2	EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	20761	(SFY18) 2017 PL	Pending	\$45,000 STBG-U	\$5.150 Eugene	\$50,150		\$50,150
Transportation Planning	'	planning	1717 Godi #1, #2	Technical Studies		TOTAL FFY18-21	r criding	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Amazon Active Corridor:	2	Construct extended Amazon multiuse path to South Eugene	293	EXEMPT / Air Quality-Bicycle and	18856	2015 PE	Obligated	\$5,693 STP-E (L220)	\$652 Eugene	\$6,345		\$6,345
Martin Street -33rd St.		with enhanced safety features		pedestrian facilities	18856 18856	2015 PE 2015 PE	Obligated Obligated	\$29,443 STP-E (L22E) \$94,707 TAP (M300)	\$3,370 Eugene \$10,840 Eugene	\$32,813 \$105,547		\$32,813 \$105,547
					18856	2015 PE	Obligated	\$27,909 TAP (M30E)	\$3,194 Eugene	\$31,103		\$31,103
					18856	2018 CN	Approved	\$1,378,956 TAP (M300)	\$157,828 Eugene	\$1,536,783		\$1,536,783
12th Avenue Two wey	1	Construct two way protected bikeway along 12th Avanua from	100	EVEMPT / Air Quality Pigyala and		TOTAL FFY18-21 2018 PE	Approved	\$1,378,956	\$157,828 \$11,445 Eugene	\$1,536,783 \$111,445	\$0	\$1,536,783 \$111,445
13th Avenue Two-way Protected Bikeway	4	Construct two-way protected bikeway along 13th Avenue from Alder Street to Olive Street	100	EXEMPT / Air Quality - Bicycle and Pedestrian facilities / Safety - HSIP	19774 19774	2019 CN	Approved Approved	\$100,000 STBG-U \$350,000 STBG-U	\$11,445 Eugene \$40,059 Eugene	\$390,059		\$390,059
. retocted Enterray		A HOOK OF CHILD ON TO CHILD ON THE CHILD ON		r daddinan iadiinida / Cardiy Ticii		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$450,000	\$51,505	\$501,505	\$0	\$501,505
South Willamette Street	5	Pavement preservation, ADA improvements,	296	EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	19773	2017 PE	Approved	\$250,000 STBG-U	\$28,614 Eugene	\$278,614		\$278,614
Enhancement		streetscape/bike/pedestrian enhancements		resurfacing and/or rehabilitation, bike ped facilities		2018 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$1,750,000 STBG-U \$1,750,000	\$200,295 Eugene \$200,295	\$1,950,295 \$1,950,295	\$0	\$1,950,295 \$1,950,295
Coburg Rd: UPRR	6	Deck sealing, crack repairs to girder top/deck interface, epoxy	TSI System-wide Policy #1	EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	20297	2018 PE	DRAFT	\$537,662 NHPP	\$61,538 Eugene	\$599,200		\$599,200
Viaduct/4-6-7 AVE (Ferry		injection cracks, repair spalling.		resurfacing and/or rehabilitation	20297	2018 RW	DRAFT	\$9,781 NHPP	\$1,119 Eugene	\$10,900		\$10,900
Street)					20297 20297	2018 UR 2018 CN	DRAFT DRAFT	\$14,985 NHPP \$2,828,110 NHPP	\$1,715 Eugene \$323,690 Eugene	\$16,700 \$3,151,800		\$16,700 \$3,151,800
						TOTAL FFY18-21	DIXALI	\$3,390,538	\$388,062	\$3,778,600	\$0	\$3,778,600
Coburg Rd: Willamette	7	Bridge #06648: Cleaning, preparation and spot paint; concrete	TSI System-wide Policy #1	EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	20294	2018 PE	DRAFT	\$860,421 NHPP	\$98,479 Eugene	\$958,900	·	\$958,900
River (Ferry Street) Bridge		overlay and other repairs per inspection report. Bridge #40056:		resurfacing and/or rehabilitation	20294	2018 RW	DRAFT	\$19,561 NHPP \$35,533 NHPP	\$2,239 Eugene	\$21,800 \$30,600		\$21,800
		Deck sealing, crack repairs to girder top/deck interface, epoxy injection cracks, repair spalling.			20294	2018 UR 2020 CN	DRAFT DRAFT	\$35,533 NHPP \$4,276,263 NHPP	\$4,067 Eugene \$489.437 Eugene	\$39,600 \$4,765,700		\$39,600 \$4,765,700
						TOTAL FFY18-21		\$5,191,778	\$594,222	\$5,786,000	\$0	\$5,786,000
Roosevelt Path/OR99	8	Connect the existing Roosevelt Path to the HWY 99 Path	414	EXEMPT / Air Quality - Bicycle and	20237	2018 PE	Approved	\$138,176 STBG-FLX	\$15,815 Eugene	\$153,991		\$153,991
Path Connection (Eugene)		which is currently under construction.		Pedestrian facilities	20237	2019 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$563,016 STBG-FLX \$701,192	\$64,440 Eugene \$80,255	\$627,456 \$781,447	\$0	\$627,456 \$781,447
River Rd. @ Irving Rd.	9	Upgrade signal hardware. Left turn lane on both major road	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20206	2018 PE	Approved	\$195,968 HSIP	\$16,533 Eugene	\$212,500	40	\$212,500
(City of Eugene)		approaches: urban, signalized intersection (Irving legs). Install			20206	2018 RW	Approved	\$121,085 HSIP	\$10,215 Eugene	\$131,300		\$131,300
		urban green bike lanes at conflict points			20206 20206	2018 UR 2020 CN	Approved Approved	\$78,571 HSIP \$1,516,742 HSIP	\$6,629 Eugene \$127,958 Eugene	\$85,200 \$1,644,700		\$85,200 \$1,644,700
						TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$1,912,366	\$161,334	\$2,073,700	\$0	\$2,073,700
13th Ave: Willamette St. to	10	Safety projects at various locations. Work includes illumination,	188	EXEMPT / Air Quality - Bicycle and	20165	2018 PE	Approved	\$314,402 HSIP (ARTS)	\$26,598 Eugene	\$341,000	7.	\$341,000
Alder St. (Eugene)		intersection work, bike/pedestrian improvements, ADA		Pedestrian facilities / Safety - HSIP	20165	2018 RW	Approved	\$26,000 HSIP (ARTS)	\$2,200 Eugene	\$28,200		\$28,200
		lupgrades, signal work, signs, warnings, striping, medians,			20165 20165	2018 UR 2019 CN	Approved Approved	\$49,639 HSIP (ARTS) \$1,993,502 HSIP (ARTS)	\$19,761 Eugene \$168,648 Eugene	\$69,400 \$2,162,150		\$69,400 \$2,162,150
		lutility relocation, and other safety improvements.			20103	TOTAL FFY18-21	Apploved	\$2,383,543	\$217,207	\$2,600,750	\$0	\$2,600,750
River Rd @ River Ave	11	Install raised traffic separators to protect designated left turn	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20143	2018 PE	Approved	\$50,444 HSIP	\$4,256 Eugene	\$54,700		\$54,700
(Eugene)		lanes on all approaches at the intersection except the north	Policy #1		20143	2019 UR 2021 CN	Approved	\$5,164 HSIP \$92,497 HSIP	\$436 Eugene \$7,803 Eugene	\$5,600 \$100,300		\$5,600 \$100,300
		leg.				TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$148,105	\$12,495	\$160,600	\$0	\$160,600
Springfield								, ., .,		, ,,,,,,,,,,		, , , , , , ,
Springfield Regional	12	Participate and actively collaborate in regional transportation	RTP Goal #1, #2	EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	20762	(SFY18) 2017 PL	Pending	\$45,000 STBG-U	\$5,150 Springfield	\$50,150	A 0	\$50,150
Transportation Planning Springfield Traffic	13	planning 1et phase of project replacing signal cabinets, controllers	RTP Objective #1; TSI System-	Technical Studies EXEMPT / Safety - Traffic control	19919	TOTAL FFY18-21 2017 PE	Approved	\$0 \$15,000 STBG-U	\$0 \$1,717 Springfield	\$0 \$16,717	\$0	\$16,717
Systems Modernization	13	1st phase of project replacing signal cabinets, controllers, communication systemsupgrading the components of	wide Policy #1	devices and operating assistance	19919	2018 CN	Approved	\$235,000 STBG-U	\$26,897 Springfield	\$261,897		\$261,897
-		existing traffic signals				TOTAL FFY18-21		\$235,000	\$26,897	\$261,897	\$0	\$261,897
Filling the Gaps - SRTS	14	Cover the community notifiaction, engineering, and	TSI Roadway Policy #1; TSI	EXEMPT / Air Quality - Bicycle and	20236	2019 PE 2019 RW	Approved	\$200,188 STBG-FLX	\$22,912 Springfield \$2,249 Springfield	\$223,100		\$223,100
(Springfield)		construction costs necessary to produce completed sidewalk projects across Springfield for the Safe Routes to School	System-wide Policy #2, #4; TSI Pedestrial Policy #1, #2	Pedestrian facilities	20236 20236		Approved Approved	\$19,651 STBG-FLX \$207,622 STBG-FLX	\$2,249 Springfield	\$21,900 \$231,385 \$161,	615 Springfield	\$21,900 \$393,000
		(SRTS) program.				TOTAL FFY18-21	, фр.отоц	\$427,460	\$48,925	\$476,385 \$161,		\$638,000
OR126B @ 54th St.	15	Install left turn lanes on 54th St. Modify left turn signal heads to		EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20209	2018 PE	Approved	\$195,968 HSIP	\$16,533 ODOT	\$212,500		\$212,500
(Springfield)		"flashing yellow arrow" on 54th St approaches. Implement a pedestrian crossing safety timing feature with the flashing	Policy #1		20209 20209	2018 RW 2018 UR	Approved Approved	\$4,058 HSIP \$50,444 HSIP	\$342 ODOT \$4,256 ODOT	\$4,400 \$54,700		\$4,400 \$54,700
		yellow left turn arrow. Install intersection lighting.			20209	2019 CN	Approved	\$1,263,137 HSIP	\$106,563 ODOT	\$1,369,700		\$1,369,700
						TOTAL FFY18-21		\$1,513,607	\$127,693	\$1,641,300	\$0	\$1,641,300
Gateway St. @ Kruse	16	Install rectangular rapid flashing beacon with median island.	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20174 20174	2018 PE 2019 RW	Approved Approved	\$19,274 HSIP \$4,150 HSIP	\$1,626 Springfield \$350 Springfield	\$20,900 \$4,500		\$20,900 \$4,500
Way Int Imprv (Springfield)		Install traffic separators to protect the designated left turn on the south leg of Gateway at the Gateway/Beltline signalized	Policy #1		20174	2019 RW 2019 UR	Approved	\$4,150 HSIP \$12,819 HSIP	\$350 Springfield \$1,081 Springfield	\$4,500 \$13,900		\$4,500 \$13,900
(Sp.ingilola)		intersection.			20174	2021 CN	Approved	\$177,062 HSIP	\$14,938 Springfield	\$192,000		\$192,000
OD400D @ MD 0 00 :	47	Describe a related results of 10 to the collection of	DTD Objective #4 TC/ D	EVENDT / O. C. LIGIT		TOTAL FFY18-21	Appress	\$213,305	\$17,995 \$24,244,ODOT	\$231,300	\$0	\$231,300
OR126B @ MP 2.98 to 8.17	17	Provide a raised median with intermittent breaks for access between 21st St. and 75th Street.	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway Policy #1	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20144	2019 PE 2020 RW	Approved Approved	\$370,356 HSIP \$4,242 HSIP	\$31,244 ODOT \$358 ODOT	\$401,600 \$4,600		\$401,600 \$4,600
0.17		Solwoon 21st Ot. and 75th Ottobe.	Oney #1		20144	2020 UR	Approved	\$160,739 HSIP	\$13,561 ODOT	\$174,300		\$174,300
					20144	2021 CN	Approved	\$3,235,908 HSIP	\$272,992 ODOT	\$3,508,900		\$3,508,900
Coburg						TOTAL FFY18-21		\$3,771,245	\$318,155	\$4,089,400	\$0	\$4,089,400
Coburg Regional	18	Participate and actively collaborate in regional transportation	RTP Goal #1, #2	EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	20765	(SFY18) 2017 PL	Pending	\$10,000 STBG-U	\$1,145 Coburg	\$11,145		\$11,145
Transportation Planning	10	planning	1000 m 1, m2	Technical Studies		TOTAL FFY18-21	. orranig	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coburg Loop Path, Phase	19	Construct shared-use path south from S. Coburg Industrial	1005	Outside PM10 air quality mainenance	e 19757	2018 PE	Approved	\$179,460 STBG-U	\$20,540 Coburg	\$200,000		\$200,000
4		Way to Selby Way		area	19757	2018 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$448,540 STBG-U \$628,000	\$51,337 Coburg \$71,877	\$499,877 \$699,877	\$0	\$499,877 \$699,877
		<u>l</u>	1			TOTAL FFTT0-ZT		\$020,UUU	Ψ11,011	\$099,077	φυ	718,660

IN	/ITIP ID	L	T	T.,	1		Phase	Federal	Federal Reg Match	Total Fed+ Req	Other	
Project Name	#	Project Description	RTP Project Number	Air Quality Status	Key #	Federal Fiscal Year Phase	Status	\$ Source	\$ Source	Match	\$ Source	Total All Sources
Lane County												
Lane County Regional	20	Participate and actively collaborate in regional transportation	RTP Goal #1, #2	EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	20763	(SFY18) 2017 PL	Pending	\$35,000 STBG-U	\$4,006 Lane Co.	\$39,006	00	\$39,006
Transportation Planning Prairie Rd/E Enid Rd	21	planning Pavement preservation, sidewalk rehabilitation	TSI System-wide Policy #1; TSI	Technical Studies EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	19914	TOTAL FFY18-21 2017 PE	Approved	\$0 \$129.942 STBG-U	\$0 \$14,872 Lane Co.	\$0 \$144,814	\$0	\$144,814
Pres/Sidewalk Rehab	21	a vertient preservation, sidewalk renabilitation	Pedestrian Policy #3	resurfacing and/or rehabilitation; Air		2017 / L	Approved	\$1,212,788 STBG-U	\$138,809 Lane Co.	\$1,351,597		\$1,351,597
1 100/ Grad Wall Cronad			. sassuman r smey me	Quality - pedestrian facilities		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$1,212,788	\$138,809	\$1,351,597	\$0	\$1,351,597
LCOG												
Central Lane MPO UPWP	22	Fund MPO Work Program Activities	RTP Goal #1, #2	EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	19945	(SFY18) 2017 PL	Approved	\$450,000 STBG-U	\$51,505 LCOG	\$501,505	00	\$501,505
Funding Central Lane MPO	23	Central Lane MPO planning funds by Federal fiscal year.	RTP Goal #1, #2	Technical Studies EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	TBD	TOTAL FFY18-21 2018 PL	Pending	\$0 \$151,929 FTA-5303	\$0 \$17,389 LTD	\$0 \$169,318	\$0	\$169,318
Planning	23	Projects will be selected in the future through the MPO	K11 Goal #1, #2	Technical Studies	TBD	2018 PL	Pending	\$474,839 PL (Z450)	\$54,347 ODOT	\$529,186		\$529,186
9		process. (Includes 5303 funds)		. common Gradies	20604	2019 PL	DRAFT	\$161,080 FTA-5303	\$18,436 LTD	\$179,516		\$179,516
					20604	2019 PL	DRAFT	\$496,532 PL (Z450)	\$56,830 ODOT	\$553,362		\$553,362
					20605	2020 PL 2020 PL	DRAFT DRAFT	\$161,080 FTA-5303 \$496.532 PL (Z450)	\$18,436 LTD \$56.830 ODOT	\$179,516 \$553.362		\$179,516 \$553.362
					20605 20606	2020 PL 2021 PL	DRAFT	\$496,532 PL (Z450) \$161,080 FTA-5303	\$18,436 LTD	\$179,516		\$179,516
					20606	2021 PL	DRAFT	\$496,532 PL (Z450)	\$56,830 ODOT	\$553.362		\$553.362
						TOTAL FFY18-21		\$2,599,603	\$297,535	\$2,897,138	\$0	\$2,897,138
TAP Allocation	25		NA	NA	20042	2019 OT	DRAFT	\$229,252 TAP	\$26,239 LCOG	\$255,491		\$255,491
		for the Eugene TMA to use on projects to be determined			20043	2020 OT 2021 OT	DRAFT DRAFT	\$229,252 TAP \$229.252 TAP	\$26,239 LCOG \$26,239 LCOG	\$255,491 \$255,491		\$255,491 \$255,491
		through their project selection process.			20044	TOTAL FFY18-21	DIXALL	\$687,756	\$78.717	\$766,473	\$0	\$766,473
STBG Allocation	26	Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG) funding set aside	NA	NA	20033	2019 OT	DRAFT	\$4,636,816 STBG-U	\$530,704 LCOG	\$5,167,521		\$5,167,521
		for the Eugene TMA to use on projects to be determined			20034	2020 OT	DRAFT	\$4,636,816 STBG-U	\$530,704 LCOG	\$5,167,521		\$5,167,521
		through their project selection process.			20035	2021 OT TOTAL FFY18-21	DRAFT	\$4,636,816 STBG-U	\$530,704 LCOG	\$5,167,521	60	\$5,167,521
CMAQ Allocation	74	Congestion Mitigation & Air Quality (CMAQ) funding set aside	NA	NA	TBD	2019 OT	DRAFT	\$13,910,449 \$2,400,000 CMAQ	\$1,592,113 \$274,691 LCOG	\$15,502,563 \$2.674.691	\$0	\$15,502,563 \$2,674,691
OWN Q AIIOCAIION		for the Eugene TMA to use on projects to be determined	147.		TBD	2019 OT 2020 OT	DRAFT	\$2,400,000 CMAQ	\$274,691 LCOG	\$2,674,691		\$2,674,691
		through their project selection process.			TBD	2021 OT	DRAFT	\$2,400,000 CMAQ	\$274,691 LCOG	\$2,674,691		\$2,674,691
						TOTAL FFY18-21		\$7,200,000	\$824,072	\$8,024,072	\$0	\$8,024,072
ODOT	07		201	EVENDE (October sector)	10710	2010 DE	Ol Francis I	#000 007 AU IDD	#0.4.740 ODOT	#000 000		#000 000
OR126: Cornerstone Drive to W. 11th Street	27	3R preservation, miscelaneous safety improvements. Hwy 062 Florence - Eugene MP 17.35 - 52.69; Hwy 062 Beltline MP	334	EXEMPT / Safety - projects that correct, improve or eliminate hazards	19743 s. 19743	2016 PE 2016 PE	Obligated Obligated	\$303,287 NHPP \$987,030 STBG-FLX	\$34,713 ODOT \$112,970 ODOT	\$338,000 \$1,100,000		\$338,000 \$1,100,000
Drive to W. Trui Sueet		0.00 - 3.10 (K18863 was combined into this project - construct		shoulder improvemeths; pavement	19743	2017 RW	Approved	\$121,136 STBG-FLX	\$13,865 ODOT	\$135,000		\$135,000
		bicycle, pedestrian, turn lane, and safety improvements MP		resurfacing	19743	2017 UR	Approved	\$5,384 STBG-FLX	\$616 ODOT	\$6,000		\$6,000
		47.84 - MP 52.69)			19743	2018 CN	Approved	\$7,130,397 STBG-FLX	\$816,106 ODOT	\$7,946,503	A.	\$7,946,503
Lana Caunty Land Dand	20	Install readures departure accustorme accuracy to include	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	19797	TOTAL FFY18-21 2017 PE	Approved	\$7,130,397 \$100,000 HSIP	\$816,106 \$0	\$7,946,503 \$100,000	\$0	\$7,946,50 3 \$100,000
Lane County Local Road Roadway Departures	28	Install roadway departure countermeasures to include centerline rumble strips and profiled fot lines: Clear Lake Rd	Policy #1	EXEMPT / Salety - HSIP	19797	2018 CN	Approved	\$581,395 HSIP	\$0 \$0	\$581.395		\$581,395
roddway Departures		from Hwy 99W to Territorial Hwy; London Rd from Fireclay Rd			10707	2010 011	прриотод	ψου 1,000 11011	\$ 0	ψοσ1,000		φοσ1,σσσ
		to Latham Rd; Priarie Rd from Irvington Dr to Hwy 99										
					00504	TOTAL FFY18-21		\$581,395	\$0	\$581,395	\$0	\$581,395
OR58: Goshen-Pheasant Lane	29	Grind existing surfacing and inlay the travel lanes. (Single Lift Inlay + Localized Asphalt/Concrete Pavement Repair) Update	TSI System-wide Policy #1; TSI Goods Movement Policy #1; TSI	EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement resurfacing and/or rehabilitation	20504 20504	2017 PE 2019 CN	Approved DRAFT	\$358,920 STBG-FLX \$2,450,173 STBG-FLX	\$41,080 ODOT \$280.433 ODOT	\$400,000 \$2,730,606		\$400,000 \$2,730,606
Lane		ADA as required.	Finance Policy #2, #3	resurfacing and/or renabilitation	20304	TOTAL FFY18-21	DIVALI	\$2,450,173 STBG-1EX	\$280,433	\$2,730,606	\$0	\$2,730,606
I-105 Over Future OR126	30	Remove bridge and replace with embankment.	TSI System-wide Policy #1; TSI	EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	20446	2018 PE	DRAFT	\$268,072 NHPP	\$22,616 ODOT	\$290,688	·	\$290,688
Bridge			Goods Movement Policy #1; TSI	resurfacing and/or rehabilitation;	20446	2018 RW	DRAFT	\$11,002 NHPP	\$928 ODOT	\$11,930		\$11,930
			Finance Policy #2, #3	Guardrails	20446	2019 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	DRAFT	\$2,089,873 NHPP \$2,368,947	\$176,309 ODOT \$199,853	\$2,266,182 \$2.568.800	\$0	\$2,266,182 \$2,568.80 0
OR126: Willamette River	31	Paint structure	TSI System-wide Policy #1	EXEMPT / Other - Activity not leading			DRAFT	\$796,802 NHPP	\$91,198 ODOT	\$888,000	\$ 0	\$888,000
WB Bridge	0.	T ant stratter	Tot bystem wide t elley in t	directly to construction	20433	2020 CN	DRAFT	\$5,836,780 NHPP	\$668,046 ODOT	\$6,504,826		\$6,504,826
				-		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$6,633,583	\$759,243	\$7,392,826	\$0	\$7,392,826
OR99: Eugene - Junction		Install median safety barrier with intermittent breaks for access		EXEMPT / Safety - Adding median	20244	2018 PE	Approved	\$224,325 STBG-FLX	\$25,675 ODOT	\$250,000		\$250,000
City Safety Barrier		between Milliron and Airport Roads.	Policy #1		20244	2019 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$1,130,130 STBG-FLX \$1,354,455	\$129,348 ODOT \$155,023	\$1,259,478 \$1,509,478	\$0	\$1,259,478 \$1,509,478
City of Springfield Signal	33	Provide signal enhancements at several locations.	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20221	2018 PE	Approved	\$1,354,455 \$132,059 HSIP	\$2,434 Springfield	\$1,309,478	Ψυ	\$1,509,476
Enhancements		Enhancements include advanced dilemma zone protection,	Policy #1		20221	2018 PE	Approved		\$8,707 ODOT	, ,		
		bike signals, signal hardware upgrades, LED lenses on signal			20221	2018 RW	Approved	\$4,058 HSIP	\$75 Springfield	\$4,400		\$4,400
		heads, reflectorized back plates on signal heads, countdown			20221	2018 RW 2020 CN	Approved	\$995 129 USID	\$268 ODOT \$16,317 Springfield	\$959,800		\$959,800
		pedestrian signals			20221	2020 CN 2020 CN	Approved Approved	\$885,128 HSIP	\$58,356 ODOT	φ υ υυ,ουυ)008,ece¢
					_01	TOTAL FFY18-21	pp1040u	\$1,021,244	\$86,156	\$1,107,400	\$0	\$1,107,400
City of Eugene Signal		Provide signal enhancements at various locations throughout	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20216	2018 PE	Approved	\$245,029 HSIP	\$2,019 Eugene	\$265,700		\$265,700
Enhancements		the City of Eugene. Install a yellow flashing beacon with	Policy #1		20216	2018 PE	Approved	#05 000 HOLD	\$18,652 ODOT	007.100		A07 ::-
		advanced intersection warning at Coburg Rd & MLK Jr Blvd.			20216 20216	2018 RW 2018 RW	Approved Approved	\$25,268 HSIP	\$208 Eugene \$1,923 ODOT	\$27,400		\$27,400
					20216	2018 UR	Approved	\$60,589 HSIP	\$499 Eugene	\$65,700		\$65,700
					20216	2018 UR	Approved		\$4,612 ODOT	+		\$55,700
					20216	2020 CN	Approved	\$949,958 HSIP	\$7,829 Eugene	\$1,030,100		\$1,030,100
					20216	2020 CN	Approved	£4.290.244	\$72,313 ODOT	£4 000 000	40	#4 000 CO
Region 2 (Central and	35	Install reflectorized signal backplates, countdown pedestrian	RTP Objective #1; TSI Roadway	EXEMPT / Safety - HSIP	20137	TOTAL FFY18-21 2018 PE	Approved	\$1,280,844 \$61,787 HSIP	\$108,056 \$5,213 ODOT	\$1,388,900 \$67,000	\$0	\$1,388,900 \$67,000
South) Rural Signal		timers, and advanced dilemma zone protection at various	Policy #1	EXEMITY Galety - HOIF	20137	2020 CN	Approved	\$61,767 HSIP	\$52,741 ODOT	\$677,900		\$677,900
Improv		signal locations throughout Areas 4 and 5. (includes locations				3-4 4.1		, , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
'		in Lane County & Eugene)				TOTAL FFY18-21		\$686,947	\$57,953	\$744,900	\$0	\$744,900
OR569: Terry St-Pacific	36	Remove raveling surface and inlay or overlay travel lanes, and		EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	20121	2018 PE	Approved	\$274,753 STBG-FLX	\$31,447 ODOT	\$306,200		\$306,200
HWY		ramps as needed. MP 3.10 to MP 12.25	Goods Movement Policy #1; TSI	resurfacing and/or rehabilitation	20121	2019 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	Approved	\$8,279,490 STBG-FLX	\$947,625 ODOT	\$9,227,115 \$9,533,315	\$0	\$9,227,115 \$9,533,315
			Finance Policy #2, #3	1		IUIAL FFT 10-21		\$8,554,244	\$979,071	Ф 9,333,315	φυ	\$9,533,315

Project Name	MTIP ID	Project Description	RTP Project Number	Air Quality Status	Kev#	Federal Fiscal Year Phas	Phase	Federal	Federal Req Match	Total Fed+ Req	Other	Total All Sources
	#	1 Tojout Boodinpilon	Territogoeriamoon	7 iii Quality Status	rtoy "	1 odorar 1 odar 1 odar 1 mad	Status	\$ Source	\$ Source	Match	\$ Source	e Total 7 III Courses
ODOT (continued) OR569 Over UPRR &	27	Design shelf ready plans for: Rail replacement, joint	TSI System wide Policy #1: TSI	EXEMPT / Safety - Pavement	20116	2018 PE	DRAFT	\$224.325 NHPP	\$25.675 ODOT	\$250,000		\$250.000
Northwest Expressway	37	replacement and a concrete deck overlay.	TSI System-wide Policy #1; TSI Goods Movement Policy #1; TSI	resurfacing and/or rehabilitation;	20110	2010 FL	DIXALL	\$224,323 NITEF	\$23,073 0001	φ230,000		φ230,000
Tronsinios Expressina)		ropiasomoni and a sonorote assit evenay.	Finance Policy #2	Guardrails		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$224,325	\$25,675	\$250,000	\$0	\$250,000
Eugene-Springfield	38	Install cameras and traffic sensors at various locations in	TSI Roadway Policy #2, #3;	EXEMPT / Other - Activity not leading		2018 PE	Approved	\$269,190 STBG-FLX	\$30,810 ODOT	\$300,000		\$300,000
Sensors/Cameras Phase		Eugene. Video and data is used for traffic operations and	Finance Policy #1	directly to construction	20078	2020 CN	Approved	\$897,300 STBG-FLX	\$102,700 ODOT	\$1,000,000		\$1,000,000
2		traffic planning. Locations are: OR569 at OR99W, Barger Ave, and W. 11th; and at I-105 at Coburg Road.				TOTAL FEVAR 04		\$4.455.400	\$422.540	£4 200 000	**	£4 200 000
LTD		and W. 11th, and at 1-105 at Coburg Road.				TOTAL FFY18-21		\$1,166,490	\$133,510	\$1,300,000	\$0	\$1,300,000
LTD Regional	41	Participate and actively collaborate in regional transportation	RTP Goal #1, #2	EXEMPT / Other-Planning and	20764	(SFY18) 2017 PL	Pending	\$35,000 STBG-U	\$4,006 LTD	\$39,006		\$39,006
Transportation Planning		planning	,	Technical Studies		TOTAL FFY18-21	Ü	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Bus Support Equipment	39	Equipment purchases and facilities improvements in support o	f 1110	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of		2018 OT	Approved	\$880,000 FTA-5307	\$220,000 LTD	\$1,100,000		\$1,100,000
and Facilities		transit operations.		office, shop, and operating equipmen	t	TOTAL FFY18-21		\$880,000	\$220,000	\$1,100,000	\$0	¢4 400 000
Passenger Boarding	40	New shelter placements at new locations, high vandalism	1130	for existing facilities EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Construction	19273	2018 OT	Approved	\$80,000 FTA-5307	\$20,000 LTD	\$1,100,000	ΨU	\$1,100,000 \$100.000
Improvements	10	locations & ADA improvements	1100	of small passenger shelters and	10270	2010 01	7,6510100	\$60,000 i iii 600i	\$20,000 E1B	ψ100,000		ψ100,000
		r · · · · ·		information kiosks		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$80,000	\$20,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$100,000
Energy Storage System	42	Replace energy storage systems on hybrid buses	Finance Policy #2	EXEMPT / Mass Transit - Purchase	19373	2018 OT	Pending	\$260,000 FTA-5307	\$65,000 LTD	\$325,000		\$325,000
Replacement				of operating equipment for vehicles	20938	2019 OT	Pending	\$120,000 FTA-5307	\$30,000 LTD	\$150,000		\$150,000
					20939 20941	2020 OT 2021 OT	Pending Pending	\$160,000 FTA-5307 \$240,000 FTA-5307	\$40,000 LTD \$60,000 LTD	\$200,000 \$300,000		\$200,000 \$300,000
					20941	TOTAL FFY18-21	Fending	\$780,000	\$195,000	\$975,000	\$0	\$975,000
Preventive Maintenance	43	Preventive Maintenance	TSI Transit Policy #1	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Operating	19377	2018 OT	Approved	\$4,200,000 FTA-5307	\$1,050,000 LTD	\$5,250,000	ų,	\$5,250,000
			•	assistance to transit agencies		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$4,200,000	\$1,050,000	\$5,250,000	\$0	\$5,250,000
LTD Van Pool Contracting	44	Capital cost of contracting for van pool	TDM Policy #2	EXEMPT / Air Quality-Continuation of		2018 OT	Pending	\$81,700 FTA-5307	\$20,425 LTD	\$102,125		\$102,125
				ride-sharing and van-pooling	20944	2019 OT	Pending	\$120,000 FTA-5307	\$30,000 LTD	\$150,000		\$150,000
				promotion activities at current levels	20945	2020 OT	Pending	\$120,000 FTA-5307	\$30,000 LTD	\$150,000		\$150,000
					20946	2021 OT TOTAL FFY18-21	Pending	\$120,000 FTA-5307 \$441,700	\$30,000 LTD \$110.425	\$150,000 \$552,125	\$0	\$150,000 \$552,12 5
LTD Accessible Services	45	Replacment of accessible services vehicles that have met their	r RTP Objective #2 #3 #9	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of	19381	2018 OT	Approved	\$250.000 FTA-5310	\$62,500 LTD	\$312,500	40	\$312,500
Vehicles	10	useful life.		new buses and rail cars to replace	19381	2018 OT	Pending	\$219,645 FTA-5309	\$38,760 LTD	\$258,405		\$258,405
				existing vehicles		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$469,645	\$101,260	\$570,905	\$0	\$570,905
Santa Clara Community	46	Construct new station near Hunsaker Ln. and River Rd.	RTP Objective #2, #3; TSI Transit	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-	20947	2018 PL	Pending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$330,000 LTD	\$330,000
Transit Center		Include park and ride and ability to accommodate both regular	Policy #1, #2, #4	Reconstruction or renovation of	20947	2018 PE	Pending	\$1,000,000 FTA-5307	\$250,000 LTD	\$1,250,000		\$1,250,000
		and EmX service		transit buildings and structures	20947 20947	2018 CN	Pending	\$2,000,000 FTA-5307	\$500,000 LTD	\$2,500,000	\$3,000,000 ODOT	\$8,420,000
					20947	2018 CN TOTAL FFY18-21	Pending	\$3.000.000	\$750,000	\$3,750,000	\$2,920,000 LTD \$6,250,000	\$10,000,000
MovingAhead (NEPA)	47	Complete NEPA process for possible BRT expansion	RTP Objective #4; TSI Transit	EXEMPT / Other-Engineering to	18862	2016 PE	Canceled	\$0	\$0	\$0	ψ0,230,000	\$0
,			Policy #1, #2	assess environmental effects of	18862	2018 PL	Approved	\$2,000,000 STBG-Flex	\$228,909 LTD	\$2,228,909	\$21,091 LTD	\$2,250,000
			-	proposed action		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$2,000,000	\$228,909	\$2,228,909	\$21,091	\$2,250,000
Bus Replacement Projects	48	Purchase 2 Hybrid-Diesel buses, 2 Electric buses, and 1	RTP Objective #4	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of	20950	2018 OT	Pending	\$582,947 FTA-5339	\$145,737 LTD	\$728,684		\$728,684
		Hybrid-Electric bus.		new buses and rail cars to replace	20950 20951	2018 OT 2019 OT	Pending Pending	\$1,336,346 FTA-5309 \$1,773,769 FTA-5339	\$334,087 LTD \$443,442 LTD	\$1,670,433 \$2,217,211		\$1,670,433 \$2,217,211
				existing vehicles	20931	TOTAL FFY18-21	Pending	\$3.693.062	\$923.266	\$4.616.328	\$0	\$4,616,328
Fare Management System	49	Purchase and implement an electronic fare management	RTP Objective #12	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of	20952	2018 OT	Pending	\$4,200,000 FTA-5307	\$1,050,000 LTD	\$5,250,000	\$ 0	\$5,250,000
,		system	,	office, shop, and operating equipmen								
				for existing facilities		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$4,200,000	\$1,050,000	\$5,250,000	\$0	\$5,250,000
LTD Smart Trips Regional	51	City of Eugene West 11th program per IGA	RTP Objective #11; TDM Policy #1	EXEMPT / Air Quality-Continuation of	f 20953	2018 OT	Pending	\$189,770 FTA-5307	\$21,720 LTD	\$211,490		\$211,490
Residential Program				ride-sharing and van-pooling								
				promotion activities at current levels		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$189,770	\$21,720	\$211,490	\$0	\$211,490
Regional TDM Program	52	City of Eugene River Road Program per IGA	RTP Objective #11, #12; TDM	EXEMPT / Air Quality-Continuation of	f 20954	2018 OT	Pending	\$35,052 FTA-5307	\$2,773 SSD/LTD	\$37,825	40	\$37,825
P2P			Policy #1	ride-sharing and van-pooling								
				promotion activities at current levels								
D		Fred Policy Company Co	DTD OLIVER WAY WAY TO	EVENDE (Official Street	00001	TOTAL FFY18-21	Day P	\$35,052	\$2,773	\$37,825	\$0	\$37,825
Regional Safe Routes to	53	Establish a long-term Safe Routes to Schools program within	RTP Objective #1, #2; TSI	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20964 20964	2018 OT 2018 OT	Pending Pending	\$132,652 FTA-5307	\$15,183 SSD/LTD	\$147,835	\$13,805 ODOT \$105,439 SSD/LTD	\$267,079
Schools		the Springfield School District.	Pedestrian Policy #1, #2, #3	that do not lead directly to construction	20964	TOTAL FFY18-21	renaing	\$132,652	\$15,183	\$147,835	\$105,439 SSD/LTD \$119,244	\$267,079
LTD - Drive Less Connect	54	Individualized marketing and drive less connect outreach	TDM Policy #1, #3	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20966	2018 OT	Pending	\$42,500 STBG-Flex	\$0 LTD	\$42,500	, J,=	\$42,500
Outreach 2018		3 3		that do not lead directly to	20969	2019 OT	Pending	\$42,500 STBG-Flex	\$0 LTD	\$42,500		\$42,500
				construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$85,000	\$0	\$85,000	\$0	\$85,000
RideSource Vehicle	55	Replacment of accessible services vehicles that have met their		EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of	20982	2018 OT	Pending	\$259,140 FTA-5310	\$45,731 LTD	\$304,871		\$304,871
Replacement		useful life.	Transit Policy #1	new buses and rail cars to replace		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$259,140	\$45,731	\$304,871	\$0	\$304,871
JARC Mobility	56	Transportation assessments, transit training and host services	RTP Objective #3 #5	existing vehicles EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20983	2018 OT	Pending	\$36,753 FTA-5316	\$45,731 \$9,188 LTD	\$304,871 \$45,941	φU	\$304,871 \$45,941
Management 2018	50		Objective #0, #0	that do not lead directly to	_55555	2010 01	· s.i.aiiig	\$55,1.55 T 171 50 TO	\$5,.00 E12	Ψ10,011		ψ10,041
J				construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$36,753	\$9,188	\$45,941	\$0	\$45,941
New Freedom Grant 2018	57	In-person transportation assessments and transit training and		EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20984	2018 OT	Pending	\$17,831 FTA-5316	\$4,458 LTD	\$22,289		\$22,289
		host services	Transit Policy #1	that do not lead directly to		TOTAL FEW CO.		04= 004	A	^		
Pido Cource Proventing	EC	Drogrammed proventive maintenance for LTD	PTD Objective #2 #6 #0 TO	construction	20005	TOTAL FFY18-21	Dondin -	\$17,831 \$200,047,ETA 5240	\$4,458 \$32,069 LTD	\$22,289	\$0	\$22,289
RideSource Preventive Maintenance	58	Programmed preventive maintenance for LTD owned metro fleet, plus Diamond Express (Oakridge/Eugene), Rhody	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI Transit Policy #1; Finance Policy	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities that do not lead directly to	20985 20986	2018 OT 2019 OT	Pending Pending	\$288,917 FTA-5310 \$312,992 FTA-5310	\$33,068 LTD \$35,823 LTD	\$321,985 \$348,815		\$321,985 \$348,815
maintenante		Express (within Florence), South Lane Wheels (Cottage	#1	construction	20300	2019 01	r criding	ψ512,892 1Α-3310	ψου,υ Ζ υ ΕΤ <i>Ο</i>	ψυ-το,ο τυ		φ340,010
		Grove), and Willamalane Adult Activity Center (Springfield).										
						TOTAL FFY18-21		\$601,909	\$68,891	\$670,800	\$0	\$670,800
AD A Dilet Teeneit \/eleiele	60	25-30 foot transit vehicle for an ADA pilot between Yachats	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of	20987	2018 OT	Pending	\$89,730 FTA-5311	\$10,270 ODOT	\$100,000		\$100,000
ADA Pilot Transit Vehicle	00					20.00.			Ţ,= U. U.			
ADA Pilot Transit Venicie	00	and Florence	Transit Policy #1	new buses and rail cars to replace existing vehicles		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$89,730	\$10,270	\$100,000	\$0	\$100,000

Project Name	MTIP ID	Project Description	RTP Project Number	Air Quality Status	Kev#	Federal Fiscal Year Phase	Phase	Fede	eral	Federal Req	Match	Total Fed+ Req	0	ther	Total All Sources
Project Name	#	Project Description	R I P Project Number	Air Quality Status	Key#	rederal Fiscal Year Phase	Status	\$	Source	\$	Source	Match	\$	Source	- Total All Sources
LTD (continued)															
River Road Transit	63	Identifying opportunities and enabling the pursuit of transit-	RTP Objective #3, #12; Land Use	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20988	2018 PL	Pending	\$450,000	FTA-5307	\$78,750	Eugene	\$562,500	\$1,050	Eugene	\$564,000
Community		oriented-development, is a collaborative effort between the	Policy #1, #2; TSI System-wide	that do not lead directly to	20988	2018 PL	Pending			\$33,750	LTD		\$450	LTD	
Implementation Plan		City of Eugene and LTD.	Policy #4	construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$450,000		\$112,500		\$562,500	\$1,050		\$564,000
Diamond Express Vehicle	64	Service connects Oakridge and Westfir communities to the	TSI Transit Policy #1; Finance	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Purchase of	20990	2018 OT	Pending	\$84,535	FTA-5309	\$9,676	LTD	\$94,210	\$130,000	Oakridge	\$224,210
Replacement		Eugene/Springfield metro area, and Amtrak. Current vehicle	Policy #2	new buses and rail cars to replace	20990	2018 OT	Pending		FTA-5339	\$9,675		\$94,210	\$11,580		\$105,790
		has failed and back-up vehicle is nearing 500k mi	-	existing vehicles		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$169,069		\$19,351		\$188,420	\$141,580		\$330,000
RideSource ADA	65	Origin-to-destination service for those unable to use fixed route	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-Operating	20991	2018 OT	Pending		FTA-5310	\$16,081		\$156,584	\$2,401,426		\$2,558,010
Paratransit & Shopper		service due to a disability; operates within metro service area,	Transit Policy #1	assistance to transit agencies	20992		Pending		FTA-5310	\$16,081		\$156,585	\$2,401,425	- /	\$2,558,010
		within 3/4 mile of fixed route service.				TOTAL FFY18-21		\$281,007		\$32,162		\$313,169	\$4,802,851		\$5,116,020
Accessible Services -	66	Mileage reimbursement for medical appointments; operates	RTP Objective #3	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20993		Pending		FTA-5310	\$7,692		\$74,902	7-0,000	STF/Farebox	\$95,235
LCOG Volunteer Escort		throughout Lane County.		that do not lead directly to	20994	2019 OT	Pending		FTA-5310	\$7,692		\$74,902		STF/Farebox	\$95,236
				construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$134,420		\$15,384		\$149,804	\$40,667		\$190,471
Accessible Services -	67	Provide critical transportation to people who are unable to use	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20995	2018 OT	Pending		FTA-5310	\$11,641		\$113,350			\$113,350
Mental Health, Veterans &		fixed route due to mental health; access veterans benefits;	Transit Policy #1	that do not lead directly to	20996	2019 OT	Pending	\$101,709	FTA-5310	\$11,641	LTD	\$113,350			\$113,350
Crucial Connections		have urgent medical need but no transportation alternatives.		construction											
		Primarily within metro area.				TOTAL FFY18-21		\$203,418		\$23,282		\$226,700	\$0		\$226,700
Accessible Services -	68	Provides transportation to and from Pearl Buck preschool.	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20997	2018 OT	Pending	* /	FTA-5310	+ - /	Pearl Buck	\$96,790		Pearl Buck	\$154,871
Pearl Buck Preschool		Children of people with disabilities; operates within MPO	Transit Policy #1	that do not lead directly to	20998		Pending		FTA-5310		Pearl Buck	\$96,790	7.0,00	Pearl Buck	\$154,871
		boundary.		construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$173,700		\$19,880		\$193,580	\$116,162		\$309,742
Accessible Services -	69	Transit training for seniors and people with disabilities to use	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	20999	2018 OT	Pending	* / -	FTA-5310	\$15,819		\$154,037			\$154,037
Travel Training & Transit		fixed routes	Transit Policy #1	that do not lead directly to	21000	2019 OT	Pending	* / -	FTA-5310	\$15,820		\$154,039			\$154,039
Host				construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$276,437		\$31,639		\$308,076	\$0		\$308,076
Accessible Services -	70	Assessments to determine transportation programs and	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	21001	2018 OT	Pending		FTA-5310	\$17,014		\$165,670	+ -,	Medicaid	\$385,280
Mobility Mgt		benefits individuals qualify for, and least cost/most appropriate	Transit Policy #1	that do not lead directly to	21002		Pending		FTA-5310	\$17,015		\$165,672	\$219,611		\$385,283
Transportation		method of travel		construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$297,313		\$34,029		\$331,342	\$439,221		\$770,563
Accessible Services -	71	Transportation for seniors and people with disabilities to	RTP Objective #3, #6, #9; TSI	EXEMPT / Mass Transit-purchase	21003		Pending		FTA-5310	\$7,043		\$68,577			\$68,577
Willamalane Vehicle		access Adult Activity Center programs (Springfield)	Transit Policy #1	new bus to replace existing		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$61,534		\$7,043		\$68,577	\$0		\$68,577
Accessible Services -	72	Service connects Oakridge and Westfir communities to the	RTP Objective #9	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	21004	2018 OT	Pending	* /	FTA-5311	\$93,861		\$187,722	\$88,100		\$275,822
Oakridge Diamond		metro area and Amtrak		that do not lead directly to	21005		Pending		FTA-5311	\$93,862		\$187,724	\$88,100		\$275,824
Express Operations				construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$187,723		\$187,723		\$375,446	\$176,200		\$551,646
Accessible Services -	73	Fixed route and origin-to-destination service (Florence)	RTP Objective #9	EXEMPT / Other-specific activities	21006	2018 OT	Pending		FTA-5311	\$61,475		\$141,503			\$141,503
Rhody Express				that do not lead directly to	21007	2019 OT	Pending		FTA-5311	\$61,475		\$141,503	4.0		\$141,503
Operations			<u> </u>	construction		TOTAL FFY18-21		\$160,056		\$122,950		\$283,006	\$0		\$283,006

Demonstration of Financial Constraint

As indicated above, Federal regulations require that the MTIP be financially constrained by year. Specifically, for the MTIP:

"...financial constraint shall be demonstrated and maintained by year and shall include sufficient financial information to demonstrate which projects are to be implemented using current and/or reasonably available revenues..." (23 CFR 450.326(k))

The financial plan must be developed by the MPO in cooperation with the state and the transit operator. ODOT and the Lane Transit District must provide the MPO with estimates of available federal and state funds, which the MPO must utilize in developing financial plans. Only projects for which construction and operating funds can reasonably be expected to be available may be included. Projects in the first two years of the MTIP must be limited to those for which funds are available or committed. In the case of new funding sources, strategies for ensuring their availability must be identified. In developing the financial analysis, the MPO must take into account all projects and strategies funded under Title 23, U.S.C., the Federal Transit Act, other federal funds, local sources, state assistance, and private participation.

Table 2 below provides a summary of the financial analysis and demonstrates that the MTIP is financially constrained. Revenues in the first two years are committed, as programmed in the capital improvement programs of the local and state jurisdictions. All funds are from current revenue sources.

Table 2. FY18-21 Financial Constraint Assessment

	FYI	3-21 MTIP (\$Y	ear of Expend	iture)	Total
Description	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY2I	FY18 - FY21
Total Revenue	\$62,745,432	\$36,075,221	\$21,176,451	\$13,081,782	\$133,078,885
Total Expenditures	\$62,745,432	\$36,075,221	\$21,176,451	\$13,081,782	\$133,078,885
Difference Between Revenues & Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

<u>Statement of Financial Constraint:</u> Each project programmed in the FY18-21 MTIP has an identified funding source or combination of sources reasonably expected to be available over the planning period.

Table 3 summarizes the costs for each year of the MTIP for each agency.

Table 3. Total Project Cost by Fiscal Year and LTD by Fund Type

		FFY18	18	FF	FFY19	FFY20	720	Ŧ	FFY21		Total FFY18-21	
Jurisdiction	Fec	Federal \$	Other \$	Federal \$	Other \$	Federal \$	Other \$	Federal \$	Other \$	Federal \$	Other \$	All Funds
Eugene	\$	12,785,557	\$ 1,653,166	\$ 2,911,683 \$	\$ 273,582 \$	\$ 1,516,742	\$ 135,786	\$ 92,497	\$ 2,803	\$ 17,306,479	\$ 2,070,337 \$	\$ 19,376,8
Springfield	\$	932,204	\$ 241,572 \$	\$ 1,650,461	1,081	\$ 164,982	\$ 16,317	\$ 3,412,970	\$ 14,938	\$ 6,160,617	\$ 273,908	\$ 6,434,5
Coburg	\$	628,000	\$ 71,877	•	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	\$ 628,000	\$ 71,877	3'669 \$
Lane Co.	s	1,212,788	\$ 138,809		- \$	- \$	- \$	\$	- \$	\$ 1,212,788	\$ 138,809	\$ 1,351,5
900T	s	626,768	- \$	\$ 7,923,680	\$ 831,636 \$	\$ 7,923,680	\$ 831,636 \$	\$ 7,923,680	\$ 831,636	\$ 24,397,808	\$ 2,494,907	\$ 26,892,
ODOT	\$	10,034,298	\$ 3,965,067	\$ 13,949,666 \$	\$ 1,728,353 \$	\$ 9,194,326 \$	\$ 1,024,546	· &	\$ 329,822	\$ 33,178,290	\$ 7,047,788 \$	\$ 40,226,
Willamalane	s		- \$	· \$	- \$	· \$	- \$	· &	- \$	· \$	•	₩
ГТБ	\$	19,720,622	\$ 10,734,704 \$	\$ 3,226,300 \$	\$ 3,578,779	\$ 280,000	\$ 88,436	\$ 360,000	\$ 108,436	\$ 23,586,922	\$ 14,510,355	2,760,88 \$
Others	\$		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	\$
TOTAL	\$ 4	45,940,237	\$ 16,805,195 \$	\$ 29,661,790 \$	\$ 6,413,431	\$ 19,079,730 \$	\$ 2,096,721 \$	\$ 11,789,147 \$		1,292,635 \$ 106,470,904	\$ 26,607,981	\$ 133,078,8
Overall TOTAL	\$		62,745,432	\$	36,075,221	\$	21,176,451	\$	13,081,782			
										_		

					_	Federal				
Fund Type		FFY18	L	FFY19		FFY20	L	FFY21	L	Total
FTA-5307	s	13,509,174	s	240,000	s	280,000	s	360,000	s	14,389,174
FTA-5309	s	1,640,526	s		s		s		s	1,640,526
FTA-5310	s	1,542,737	s	996,141	s		\$		s	2,538,878
FTA-5311	ક	263,619	s	173,890	s		s		ક	437,509
FTA-5316	ઝ	54,584	ક્ર		ક		\$		ક	54,584
FTA-5339	ક	667,482	s	1,773,769	s		s		s	2,441,251
STP-Flex	\$	2,042,500	\$	42,500	\$		\$		\$	2,085,000
Other	ઝ	-	s	-	s	-	\$		\$	
Total Federal	s	19,720,622	\$	3,226,300	s	280,000	\$	360,000	\$	23,586,922
					Ē	LTD Local Match				
	÷	4,428,594	s	791,228	s	88,436	s	108,436	s	5,416,694
						Other				
	s	6,306,110 \$	s	2,787,551	s	•	s		s	9,093,661
Overall Total	s	30,455,326	49	6,805,079	s	368,436	s	468,436	s	38,097,277

Table 4. FTA Section 5307 Program of Projects FFY 18-21

111	_		J.	ا ر	0/	1			U	<u>8</u>	′		_	rı	_	٧,	_	1		(رار	16	·	us		1	1	1			0		1	_			_	_
Total All Sources		\$1,100,000	\$1,100,000	\$100,000	\$100.000	\$325,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$975,000	\$5,250,000	\$5,250,000	\$102,125	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$552,125	\$330,000	\$1,250,000	\$8,420,000		\$10,000,000	\$5,250,000		\$5,250,000	\$211,490	\$211,490	\$37,825	\$37,825	\$267,079		000	\$267,079	4004,000			\$564,000	\$24,307,519
Other			0\$		0\$					0\$		0\$					0\$	ᅃᄪ		\$3,000,000 ODOT	00 LTD	8			\$0		98		0\$	\$13,805 ODOT	\$105,439 SSD/LTD				\$450 LID		020	19
↔																		\$330,000		\$3,000,0	\$2,920,0	\$6,250,000								\$13,8	\$105,4	00,74	\$119,244	9	44		\$1.050	\$6,370,519
Total Fed+ Req Match		\$1,100,000	\$1,100,000	\$100,000	\$100.000	\$325,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$975,000	\$5,250,000	\$5,250,000	\$102,125	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$552,125	\$0	\$1,250,000	\$2,500,000		\$3,750,000	\$5,250,000		\$5,250,000	\$211,490	\$211,490	\$37,825	\$37,825	\$147,835			\$147,033	4004, 300			\$562,500	\$17,936,775
y Match Source		ED ELD		민		e	E	민	민				E19	巴	2	민			민	ᅋ		_	민			ELD ELD		\$2,773 SSD/LTD		\$15,183 SSD/LTD			\$13,103	E COSCILIE	CID			
Federal Req Match \$ Sour		\$220,000 LTD	\$220,000	\$20,000 LTD	\$20.000	\$65,000 LTD	\$30,000 LTD	\$40,000 LTD	\$60,000 LTD	\$195,000	\$1,050,000 LTD	\$1,050,000	\$20,425 LTD	\$30,000	© \$30,000 LTD	\$30,000 LTD	\$110,425	\$	\$250,000 LTD	\$500,000 LTD		\$750,000	\$1,050,000 LTD		\$1,050,000	\$21,720 LTD	\$21,720	\$2,773	\$2,773	\$15,183			\$13,163	910,10	\$33,750 LID		\$112,500	\$3,547,601
sral Source		\$880,000 FTA-5307		\$80,000 FTA-5307		\$260,000 FTA-5307	FTA-5307	\$160,000 FTA-5307	\$240,000 FTA-5307		FTA-5307		\$81,700 FTA-5307	\$120,000 FTA-5307	\$120,000 FTA-5307	\$120,000 FTA-5307			FTA-5307	FTA-5307			FTA-5307			\$189,770 FTA-5307		FTA-5307		\$132,652 FTA-5307			\$132,632 \$450,000 ETA 5207	1000-W				
Federal \$		\$880,000	\$880,000	\$80,000	\$80.000	\$260,000	\$120,000 FTA-5307	\$160,000	\$240,000	\$780,000	\$4,200,000 FTA-5307	\$4,200,000	\$81,700	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$441,700	\$0	\$1,000,000 FTA-5307	\$2,000,000 FTA-5307		\$3,000,000	\$4,200,000 FTA-5307		\$4,200,000	\$189,770	\$189.770		\$35,052	\$132,652		010 0014	\$132,632	000,000			\$450,000	\$14,389,174
Phase Status		Approved		Approved		Pendina	Pending	Pending	Pending		Approved		Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending		Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending		Pending			Pending		Pending		Pending	Pending		Donofing	5 10 10	Fending			
r Phase		2018 OT		2018 OT		2018 OT	2019 OT	2020 OT	2021 OT		2018 OT		2018 OT	2019 OT	2020 OT	2021 OT		2018 PL	2018 PE	2018 CN	:018 CN		2018 OT			2018 OT		2018 OT		2018 OT	2018 OT		2010	7 0 0 0	Z018 P.L			AII:
Federal Fiscal Year		2	TOTAL FFY18-21		TOTAL FFY18-21			.,		TOTAL FFY18-21		TOTAL FFY18-21		3	7		TOTAL FFY18-21	7	7	7	7	TOTAL FFY18-21			TOTAL FFY18-21		TOTAL FFY18-21		TOTAL FFY18-21				101 AL FFT 18-21				TOTAL FFY18-21	Total All
Key #		19270		19273		19373	20938	20939	20941		19377		19395	20944	20945	20946		20947	20947	20947	20947		20952			20953		20954		20964	20964		00000	20300	20388			
RTP Project Number		1110		1130		Finance Policy #2					TSI Transit Policy #1		TDM Policy #2					RTP Objective #2, #3; TSI	Transit Policy #1, #2, #4				RTP Objective #12			RTP Objective #11; TDM	Policy #1	RTP Objective #11, #12;	TDM Policy #1	RTP Objective #1, #2; TSI	Pedestrian Policy #1, #2,	#3	OFFICE #0 #40	NIT ODJECTIVE #5, #12,	Land Use Policy #1, #2;	ISI System-wide Policy #4		
MTIP ID # Project Description		Equipment purchases and	facilities improvements in support of transit operations.	New shelter placements at new	locations, high vandalism locations & ADA improvements	Replace energy storage	systems on hybrid buses	,			Preventive Maintenance		Capital cost of contracting for	van pool				Construct new station near	Hunsaker Ln. and River Rd.	Include park and ride and ability	to accommodate both regular	and EmX service	Purchase and implement an	electronic fare management	system	City of Eugene West 11th	program per IGA	City of Eugene River Road	Program per IGA	Establish a long-term Safe	Routes to Schools program	within the Springfield School	Idoatife in a property relition and	identifying opportunities and	enabling the pursuit of transit-	oriented-development, is a collaborative effort between the	City of Eugene and LTD.	
WTIP ID#		33		40		42					43		4					46					49			51		25		53			63					
Project Name	ra La	Bus Support Equipment	and Facilities	Passenger Boarding	Improvements	Energy Storage System	Replacement				Preventive Maintenance		LTD Van Pool	Contracting				Santa Clara Community	Transit Center				Fare Management	System		LTD Smart Trips Regional	Residential Program	Regional TDM Program	P2P	Regional Safe Routes to	Schools		Dior Bond Tenneit	Nivel road Hallsit	Community	Implementation Plan		

Appendix A STBG-U and TAP Fund Allocation Process

Appendix A: STBG-U and TAP Fund Allocation Process

As a Transportation Management Area (TMA), the Central Lane MPO is required to develop a process for allocating the MPO's Federal Surface Transportation Block Grant Urban (STBG-U) and Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) funds. Prior to the FAST Act, these funds were known as Surface Transportation Program (STP). STBG-U and TAP funds are allocated and programmed for eligible projects at the discretion of the MPO, following federal guidelines. These federal funds must be matched with local funds or other non-federal funds at a minimum currently set by the U.S. Congress for Oregon of 10.27 percent of the total funding. For example, a project totaling \$100,000 would have a local match of \$10,270 and a federal STBG-U component of \$89,730.

The MPO Policy Board has approved a process for the use of a set of screening or eligibility criteria and a set of evaluation criteria and guidelines to be applied to applications for STBG-U and/or TAP funding. The Policy Board also set target STBG-U funding levels for 3 categories of need. This appendix provides additional details on the current STBG-U and TAP fund allocation process. Figure A-I presents the target STBG-U funding levels for the 3 categories of need. Figure A-2 presents the most recent combined STBG-U and TAP application form developed for this process.

Figure A-1

	WI C 11-1		
Existing STB	G-U Framework		
	Operational Planning	25%	\$750,000
Funding targets established for three activity/project categories (dollar amounts are illustrative only, based on	Transportation Demand Management	10%	\$300,000
average STBG-U annual revenue of \$3,000,000)	Project Development, Preservation and Modernization	65%	\$1,950,000
	TOTAL	100%	\$3,000,000



APPLICATION FOR: STBG-U FUNDS (Project Development, Preservation, Modernization)

Project Information					
Project Title:					
Agency Applying:					
Applying for STBG or					
TAP:					
Fiscal Year(s):			1		
Staff Contact:			Staff Pho	ne:	
Staff Email:					
Project Type:	 Preservation	 Modernization	Project Developme	nt	U Other
Mode:	Roadway	Transit	Bike/Ped		Other
Project Description:	Hodailay	770,1010	Ziney i eu		<u> </u>
Description of Need or Pro	oblem				
Eligibility				YES	NO
RTP Is the project listed in, coduring project time frame?	onsistent with, or able t	o be added to financial	ly constrained RTP,		
Timeliness. Does the agency	have the ability to utiliz	re funds in FY requested	d?		
Federal Eligibility. Is project of	eligible for STBG-U or T	AP funding under Feder	ral guidelines ¹		
Local Match. Can agency pro	vide minimum required	l matching funds (10.27	7% of project total)?		
Sufficient Funding. Has suffic	ient funding been iden	tified to complete proje	ect/phase		
¹ For STBG-U, see http://www.lcog			hment1-FederalGuidelin	esforSTP-U.pdf	
For TAP, see http://www.fhwa.d		guidetap.cfm			
Cost Estimate/Funding					
Total Estimated P	roject Cost	\$			

Funding Available		\$	Source:					
		\$	Source:					
		\$	Source:					
Amour	nt of STBG-U Request	\$						
(Indicat	e to the right funding							
	source requested)							
Note: Total non-federal funding must meet minimum match requirement of 10.27% of Total Project Cost.								
Regional P								
PRESERVES EXISTING TRANSPORTATION ASSETS								
Goal:	Meet a minimum Pavement Condition Index (PCI) on high volume Arterials, Collectors and Multi-Use Paths.							
Measures:	Roadway 🗌	Transit Route	Bike Lanes	Multi-Use Path				
	Functional Class:		Transit Volum	ne:				
	PCI:		Freight Volun	ne:				
	Traffic Volume:		Bike/Ped Coun	ts:				
Qualitative Assessment:								
Regional Pr	iorities							
	iorities SERVES OR ENHANCES	TRANSIT SERVICES						
PRES	ERVES OR ENHANCES		Projected riders	hip				
Goal:	ERVES OR ENHANCES Maintain or increase tra		Projected riders Proj. service h	•				
Goal:	Maintain or increase tra		-	irs:				
Goal:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures:	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues: ssessment:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures: Qualitative A	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues: ssessment:		Proj. service h	ea:				
Goal: Measures: Qualitative A	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues: ssessment: Tiorities COVES SAFETY Reduce the number and		Proj. service h Proj. service ar Title VI Issu ving pedestrians, bic	yclists, and/or vehicles.				
Goal: Measures: Qualitative A	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues: ssessment: Tiorities COVES SAFETY Reduce the number and	nsit ridership.	Proj. service h Proj. service ar Title VI Issu ving pedestrians, bic	yclists, and/or vehicles.				
Goal: Measures: Qualitative Area and a second properties are a second properties and a second properties and a second properties are a second proper	Maintain or increase tra Existing ridership: Existing service hrs: Ex. area of service: Title VI Issues: ssessment: COVES SAFETY Reduce the number and Address areas perceived	severity of accidents involto have safety issues to in	Proj. service h Proj. service ar Title VI Issu ving pedestrians, biccrease the use of mu	yclists, and/or vehicles.				

	Pedestrian Crash Data:			Bike/Ped Counts:					
Qualitative A									
Quantative Assessment.									
Regional Priorities									
REDUCES GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS									
Goals:	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions by reducing congestion, increasing operational efficiency, supporting alternative modes, and managing transportation demand.								
Measures:	Congestion Reduction	Operational Efficiency		Alternative Modes	Trans. Demand Management (TDM)				
Qualitative Assessment:									
Additional Project Benefits									
Connectivity			Will completed project fill in key gaps in the transportation system, complete system components, or provide better pedestrian, bicycle, or roadway connectivity at a regional scale?						
Measures:									
Multiple Modes			How will completed project benefit more than one mode or purpose (i.e., roadway & transit, bicycle & roadway users, or roadway & identified freight route)?						
1									
Measures:									
Congestion Reduction			Will completed project reduce congestion through provision of additional capacity or critical link or other means?						
Measures:									
Freight			Will completed project improve the freight system and freight movement?						
Measures:									
Public Health			Will the completed project provide public health benefits?						
Measures:									
Economic Development			Will the completed project promote or support economic development?						
Measures:									

Measures:
Other Project Information
Scope of improvement, i.e., regional, community, neighborhood, local

Ratio of STBG-U Overhead to Overall Project Cost

Opportunity Costs, i.e., cost of not doing activity/project

PLEASE SUBMIT APPLICATION ELECTRONICALLY TO PAUL THOMPSON, LCOG pthompson@lcog.org

Appendix B Air Quality Exemptions and Regionally Significant Project Description

Appendix B: Regionally Significant Project Description and Air Quality Exemptions

The Transportation Planning Committee, as the standing committee for air quality under the Oregon Conformity Rulings, has determined regionally significant projects to be:

A transportation project, other than an exempt project, that is on a facility which serves regional transportation needs, such as access to and from the area outside the region, major activity centers in the region, major planned developments such as new retail malls, sports complexes, etc., or transportation terminals as well as most terminals themselves, and would normally be included in the modeling of a metropolitan area's transportation network, including at a minimum:

- All fixed guideway transit facilities that offer an alternative to regional highway travel;
- Projects on facilities classified as arterial level and above;
- Projects on multi-lane facilities that impact speed and/or capacity; and
- Construction of new roadways classified as arterial level and above.

Exempt Projects (40 CFR 93.126)

Notwithstanding the other requirements of this rule, highway and transit projects of the types listed in Table 2 are exempt from the requirement to determine conformity. Such projects may proceed toward implementation even in the absence of a conforming transportation plan and MTIP. A particular action of the type listed in Table 2 of this section is not exempt if the MPO or ODOT in consultation with other agencies under OAR 340-252-0060, and the EPA, and the FHWA (in the case of a highway project) or the FTA (in the case of a transit project) concur that it has potentially adverse emissions impacts for any reason. States and MPOs must ensure that exempt projects do not interfere with TCM implementation.

Table 2 - Exempt Projects Safety

Railroad/highway crossing.

Projects that correct, improve, or eliminate a hazardous location or feature.

Safer non-Federal-aid system roads.

Shoulder improvements.

Increasing sight distance.

Highway Safety Improvement Program implementation.

Traffic control devices and operating assistance other than signalization projects.

Railroad/highway crossing warning devices.

Guardrails, median barriers, crash cushions.

Pavement resurfacing and/or rehabilitation.

Pavement marking.

Emergency relief (23 U.S.C. 125).

Fencing.

Skid treatments.

Safety roadside rest areas.

Adding medians.

Truck climbing lanes outside the urbanized area.

Lighting improvements.

Widening narrow pavements or reconstructing bridges (no additional travel lanes).

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Emergency truck pullovers.

Mass Transit

Operating assistance to transit agencies.

Purchase of support vehicles.

Rehabilitation of transit vehicles.

Purchase of office, shop, and operating equipment for existing facilities.

Purchase of operating equipment for vehicles (e.g., radios, fareboxes, lifts, etc.).

Construction or renovation of power, signal, and communications systems.

Construction of small passenger shelters and information kiosks.

Reconstruction or renovation of transit buildings and structures (e.g., rail or bus buildings, storage and maintenance facilities, stations, terminals, and ancillary structures).

Rehabilitation or reconstruction of track structures, track, and trackbed in existing rights-of-way.

Purchase of new buses and rail cars to replace existing vehicles or for minor expansions of the fleet.

Construction of new bus or rail storage/maintenance facilities categorically excluded in 23 CFR part 771.

Air Quality

Continuation of ride-sharing and van-pooling promotion activities at current levels.

Bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

Other

Specific activities which do not involve or lead directly to construction such as:

Planning and technical studies.

Grants for training and research programs.

Planning activities conducted pursuant to titles 23 and 49 U.S.C.

Federal-aid systems revisions.

Engineering to assess social, economic, and environmental effects of the proposed action or alternatives to that action.

Noise attenuation.

Emergency or hardship advance land acquisitions (23 CFR 710.503).

Acquisition of scenic easements.

Plantings, landscaping, etc.

Sign removal.

Directional and informational signs.

Transportation enhancement activities (except rehabilitation and operation of historic transportation buildings, structures, or facilities).

Repair of damage caused by natural disasters, civil unrest, or terrorist acts, except projects involving substantial functional, locational or capacity changes.

Note: ¹In PM10 and PM2.5 nonattainment or maintenance areas, such projects are exempt only if they are in compliance with control measures in the applicable implementation plan.

Projects Exempt From Regional Emissions Analyses (40 CFR 93.127)

Notwithstanding the other requirements of this subpart, highway and transit projects of the types listed in Table 3 of this section are exempt from regional emissions analysis requirements. The local effects of these projects with respect to CO concentrations must be considered to determine if a hot-spot analysis is required prior to making a project-level conformity determination. The local effects of projects with respect to PM10 and PM2.5 concentrations must be considered and a hot-spot analysis performed prior to making a project-level conformity determination, if a project in Table 3 also meets the criteria in §93.123(b)(1). These projects may then proceed to the project development process even in the absence of a conforming transportation plan and TIP. A particular action of the type listed in Table 3 of this section is not exempt from regional emissions analysis if the MPO in consultation with other agencies (see §93.105(c)(1)(iii)), the EPA, and the FHWA (in the case of a highway project) or the FTA (in the case of a transit project) concur that it has potential regional impacts for any reason.

Table 3 - Projects Exempt From Regional Emissions Analyses:

Intersection channelization projects.
Intersection signalization projects at individual intersections.
Interchange reconfiguration projects.
Changes in vertical and horizontal alignment.
Truck size and weight inspection stations.
Bus terminals and transfer points.

Appendix C Transportation Committees of the Central Lane MPO

Appendix C: Transportation Committees of the Central Lane MPO

Metropolitan Policy Committee (As amended February 2003)

Two Council Members of the Eugene City Council

Two Council Members of the Springfield City Council

Two Commissioners of Lane County

Two Board Members of Lane Transit District

One Council Member of the City of Coburg

One Member from ODOT

City Manager, Eugene (non-voting)

City Manager, Springfield (non-voting)

County Administrator, Lane County (non-voting)

General Manager of Lane Transit District (non-voting)

City Administrator, City of Coburg (non-voting)

Director of the Oregon Department of Transportation or his/her designee (non-voting)

Transportation Planning Committee (As amended May 2005)

Director of Public Works - Lane County

Director of Public Works - City of Eugene

Director of Public Works - Springfield

Director of Planning - Lane County

Planning Director - City of Eugene

Planning Manager - City of Springfield

Director of Development Services - Lane Transit District

Director of Marketing and Communications - Lane Transit District

Transportation Planning Engineer - Lane County

Transportation Engineer - City of Eugene

Traffic Engineer - City of Springfield

Region 2 Transportation Representative - Oregon Department of Transportation

Manager - Eugene Airport

Representative - Lane Regional Air Pollution Authority

Representative - City of Coburg

Commuter Solutions Program Manager

Federal Highway Administration Division Planning Engineer (non-voting ex-officio member)

MPO's Citizens' Advisory Committee (CAC) chair (non-voting ex-officio member)

(note that the MPO's CAC is currently inactive)

Appendix D Financial Resources

Appendix D: Financial Resources

Many sources of funding are available for transportation projects from federal, state, and local sources. A short explanation of the different funding programs follows.

Federal Sources

The MTIP development process must address the requirements as defined in the TEA-21, SAFETEA-LU, MAP-21, and FAST Act transportation acts and give full consideration to the flexibility provisions in these acts. Reflecting the broader mandates of the transit program, the Federal Transit Administration administers transit programs.

Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG), a block grant program (formerly Surface Transportation Program (STP)) replacing federal-aid systems, is available for all roads not functionally classified as local or rural minor collector. Transit capital projects and bicycle-pedestrian projects are also eligible under this program.

Enhancement funds are available for environmental programs such as pedestrian and bicycle activities and mitigation of water pollution due to highway runoff. Enhancement projects must have a direct relationship to the intermodal transportation system and go beyond what is customarily provided as environmental mitigation. Requests for enhancement funding will be submitted to the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) and the Oregon Transit Commission (OTC) as part of the metropolitan planning process.

FTA Section 5309 funds are available for transit capital improvements. Funds are administered by the FTA regional office and are granted on a project-by-project basis. Lane Transit District (LTD) anticipates receiving some Section 5309 funds during the next five years. Should these funds be available, they will be used to finance one-time capital improvements. The funding ratio for these funds is 80 percent federal and 20 percent local.

FTA Section 5307 funds are distributed on a statutory formula basis to support capital, operating, and planning expenditures for publicly owned transit systems. LTD anticipates receipt of some funding from this program in the next few years. When used for capital or planning projects, Section 5307 funds have a funding ration of 80 percent federal and 20 percent local; when used for operations, the maximum federal percentage is 50 percent.

FTA Section 5310 program provides transportation services for elderly and disabled persons. The funds are allocated to ODOT for distribution to local transit agencies. The funds may go to private, non-profit organizations or to public bodies that coordinate service. ODOT is currently recommending an allocation formula based on operating miles and population. OTC will make a decision on the allocation formula when it adopts the transit section of the ODOT Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

FTA Section 5311 funds are used to fund capital, operating, and planning needs of public transit. The Section 5311 program also provides for planning, marketing, capital assistance, purchase of service agreements, user-side subsidy projects and demonstrations, and rural connections coordinating between inter-city bus and rural public transportation operators.

FTA Section 5316 funds (Job Access – Reverse Commute) are used to support the development and maintenance of transportation services so that welfare recipients and eligible low-income individuals can access jobs and job-related activities.

FTA Section 5317 funds (New Freedom) are used to provide improved public transportation services and alternatives to public transportation, for people with disabilities, beyond those required by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

State Sources

The state plays a major role in the street and highway program and a minor role in the transit program.

The **State Highway Fund** consists primarily of user fees, such as the state gas tax, license fees, and weight-mile tax. Nearly one-third of the fund is transferred to cities and counties throughout the state for street and highway improvements. Most of the remaining portion of the fund is available to the state for maintenance, state construction, and matching of federal aid funds. One percent of state highway construction funds are required by law to be used for bicycle facilities. Priorities for use of the State Highway Fund are established by the OTC. Generally, the state provides the entire eight percent match required on interstate projects and half of the 12 percent match required on federal highway-related projects.

The **State General Fund** is the source of funding for the State's Public Transit Division, including funds that it distributes to transit districts including LTD. In the past, Oregon's Public Transit Division provided some funding for capital purchases. Future state funding for capital projects is uncertain.

The **Oregon Transportation Investment Act (OTIA)** was initiated by the Oregon state legislature in 2001-2002 to fund highway infrastructure. To date, a total of three acts (OTIA I, II and III) have resulted in the issuance of bonds to secure revenue for projects approved by the Oregon Transportation Commission.

Local Sources

The **State Highway Fund Transfer** results in state-collected user fees being distributed to the cities and county for local improvements. Eugene, Springfield, and Lane County collectively receive about \$4 million annually through this transfer. This amount could change if the state increases the gas tax, license fees, and weight-mile tax.

Federal Timber Receipts received by Lane County from timber sales on federal lands make up a majority of the County's budget for street and highway improvements. By law, 75 percent of

the Federal Timber Receipts must be used for street and highway projects, but legislative proposals at the federal and state levels could reduce this percentage. Federal Timber Receipts currently account for a significant portion of the county's annual road improvement budget.

Economic Development Assistance Program funds are available from Lane County to finance public road improvements needed for projects that result in the creation or retention of permanent jobs.

Assessments of adjoining property owners often constitutes a large portion of the total cost of specific street improvements. The assessment depends on the type of street and the agency. The cost of curbs, gutters, and sidewalks is usually assessed to property owners. Sometimes, assessments include part of the cost of the pavement, underground drainage and street lighting. The cost of features not normally required on similar streets, as well as oversize facilities or additional width, are absorbed by the implementing agency. The public works department of the implementing agency should be consulted for the specific details of the assessment on individual projects.

Local funds are derived by the cities from user fees, parking revenues, citations, bond issues, and other taxes. A large number of locally generated funds are used by the cities for street improvements. The Employer Payroll Tax accounts for a majority of LTD's local revenues.

Appendix E Federal Guidelines for STBG Funding

Appendix E: Federal Guidelines for STBG (formerly STP) Funding

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BLOCK GRANT (STBG) ELIGIBLE EXPENDITURES

STATUS: ACTIVE

FEDERAL PARTICIPATION: Generally 80 percent. When STBG funds are used for Interstate projects (including projects to add high occupancy vehicle or auxiliary lanes, but not any other lanes), the Federal share may be 90 percent. Certain safety improvements have a Federal share of 100 percent.

PERIOD AVAILABLE: FY + 3 Years

FUND: Highway Trust Fund

FUND DISTRIBUTION METHOD: Apportionment

AUTHORITY: Contract

SUBJECT TO OBLIGATION LIMITATION: Yes

STATUTORY REFERENCE: FAST Act § 1109; 23 U.S.C. 133

CFR REFERENCE: None

ELIGIBILITY: Eligible activities as listed in 23 U.S.C. 133(b):

- Construction of
 - o highways, bridges, tunnels, including designated routes of the Appalachian development highway system and local access roads under section 14501 of title 40;
 - o ferry boats and terminal facilities eligible for funding under section 129(c);
 - o transit capital projects eligible for assistance under chapter 53 of title 49;
 - o infrastructure-based intelligent transportation systems capital improvements, including the installation of vehicle-to-infrastructure communication equipment;
 - truck parking facilities eligible for funding under section 1401 of MAP-21 (23 U.S.C. 137 note); and
 - border infrastructure projects eligible for funding under section 1303 of SAFETEA– LU (23 U.S.C. 101 note).

- Operational improvements and capital and operating costs for traffic monitoring, management, and control facilities and programs.
- Environmental measures eligible under sections 119(g), 328, and 329 and transportation control measures listed in section 108(f)(1)(A) (other than clause (xvi) of that section) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7408(f)(1)(A)).
- Highway and transit safety infrastructure improvements and programs, including railway-highway grade crossings.
- Fringe and corridor parking facilities and programs in accordance with section 137 and carpool projects in accordance with section 146.
- Recreational trails projects eligible for funding under section 206, pedestrian and bicycle
 projects in accordance with section 217 (including modifications to comply with accessibility
 requirements under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.)),
 and the safe routes to school program under section 1404 of SAFETEA-LU (23 U.S.C. 402
 note).
- Planning, design, or construction of boulevards and other roadways largely in the right-ofway of former Interstate System routes or other divided highways.
- Development and implementation of a State asset management plan for the National Highway System and a performance-based management program for other public roads.
- Protection (including painting, scour countermeasures, seismic retrofits, impact protection measures, security countermeasures, and protection against extreme events) for bridges (including approaches to bridges and other elevated structures) and tunnels on public roads, and inspection and evaluation of bridges and tunnels and other highway assets.
- Surface transportation planning programs, highway and transit research and development and technology transfer programs, and workforce development, training, and education under chapter 5 of this title.
- Surface transportation infrastructure modifications to facilitate direct intermodal interchange, transfer, and access into and out of a port terminal.
- Projects and strategies designed to support congestion pricing, including electronic toll collection and travel demand management strategies and programs.
- At the request of a State, and upon Secretarial approval of credit assistance under chapter
 6, subsidy and administrative costs necessary to provide an eligible entity Federal credit assistance under chapter
 6 with respect to a project eligible for assistance under this section.
- The creation and operation by a State of an office to assist in the design, implementation, and oversight of public-private partnerships eligible to receive funding under this title and chapter 53 of title 49, and the payment of a stipend to unsuccessful private bidders to offset their proposal development costs, if necessary to encourage robust competition in public-private partnership procurements.
- Any type of project eligible under this section as in effect on the day before the date of
 enactment of the FAST Act, including projects described under section 101(a)(29) as in
 effect on such day.

BACKGROUND: Section 1007 of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (1991 ISTEA, Public Law 102-240) introduced the Surface Transportation Program (STP) which added Section 133 to Title 23, United States Code. The 1991 ISTEA authorized \$23.9 billion to be appropriated out of the Highway Trust Fund for the 6-years FYs 1992-1997. These funds were apportioned to the States based on a State's percentage share of apportionments for FYs 1987-1991.

The Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21, Public Law 105-178), enacted on June 9, 1998, authorized \$33.3 billion from the Highway Trust Fund for the 6-years FYs 1998-2003.

The Safe Accountable Flexible Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), enacted on August 10, 2005, authorized from the Highway Trust Fund \$6.9 billion for FY 2005, \$6.3 billion for FY 2006, \$6.4 billion for FY 2007, \$6.5 billion for FY 2008, and \$6.6 billion for FY 2009 for the STP. The authorized amounts are subject to deductions of \$560,000 in FY2005 for Operation Lifesaver, \$5.25 million in FY 2005 for elimination of hazards at railway-highway crossings in high speed rail corridors, \$10 million in FY2005 and FY2006 for administration of the program for On-the-Job Training/ Supportive Services, and \$10 million in FY2005 and FY2006 for administration of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Training program.

The SAFETEA-LU continued the TEA-21 formula for apportionment of STP funds to the States as follows:

- 25 percent in the ratio that total lane miles of Federal-aid highways in a State bears to total lane miles of Federal-aid highways in all States.
- 40 percent in the ratio that total vehicle miles of travel on lanes on Federal-aid highways in a State bears to the total vehicle miles of travel on lanes on such highways in all States, and
- 35 percent in the ratio the estimated tax payments attributable to highway users in each State paid into the Highway Trust Fund (other than the Mass Transit Account) in the latest fiscal year bears to the total of such payments in all the States. Each State is to receive a minimum of I/2 percent of the funds apportioned. The Equity Bonus Program replaces TEA-21's minimum guarantee program. Each State' apportioned STP funds are suballocated in the following manner:
- Ten percent of each State's apportionment is set-a-side for safety construction activities (i.e., hazard elimination and rail-highway crossings) in FY2005 only.;
- Another 10 percent is set-a-side in FY2005 for transportation enhancements, which
 encompass a broad range of environmental related activities; in FY2006 and thereafter,
 the set-a-side is the greater of 10% of the State's STP apportionment or the dollar
 amount of the 2005 set-a-side.
- Fifty percent (62.5 percent of the remaining 80 percent) of the funds is divided between urbanized areas over 200,000 in population ("STP-U" funds) and the remaining areas of the State. (The portion that goes to urbanized areas over 200,000 population must be

distributed on the basis of population unless the State and relevant MPOs request the use of other factors and the FHWA approves. This provision is not applicable to Alaska and Hawaii.),

- The remaining 30 percent (37.5 percent of the remaining 80 percent) can be used in any area of the State. (This provision is not applicable to Alaska and Hawaii.),
- After FY2005, 62.5 percent of the amount remaining after the transportation enhancement set-a-side is divided among the sub-State areas based on population,
- As for TEA-21, States with STP funds suballocated to urbanized areas over 200,000 population must make obligation authority available in each of two 3-year periods, FYs 2004-2006 and FYs 2007-2009, and
- If a State or local government has failed to comply substantially with any provision of 23 U.S.C. 133 and the State fails to take corrective action within 60 days from the date of receipt of notification of noncompliance, future STP apportionments will be withheld until appropriate corrective action has been taken.

MAP-21 continued the Surface Transportation Program (STP), providing an annual average of \$10 billion in flexible funding that may be used by States and localities for projects to preserve or improve conditions and performance on any Federal-aid highway, bridge projects on any public road, facilities for nonmotorized transportation, transit capital projects and public bus terminals and facilities.

MAP-21 continued most STP eligibilities, with some additions and clarifications. Activities of some programs that were no longer separately funded are incorporated, including transportation enhancements (replaced by "transportation alternatives" which encompassed many transportation enhancement activities and some new activities), recreational trails, ferry boats, truck parking facilities, and Appalachian Development Highway System projects (including local access roads). Explicit eligibilities were added for electric vehicle charging infrastructure added to existing or included in new fringe and corridor parking facilities, and projects and strategies that support congestion pricing, including electronic toll collection and travel demand management strategies and programs.

Fifty percent of a State's STP funds (after deducting the set-asides for State Planning and Research and the Transportation Alternatives Program, or TAP) were to be distributed to areas based on population (suballocated), with the remainder to be used in any area of the State. Consultation with rural planning organizations, if any, is required. Also, a portion of its STP funds (equal to 15 percent of the State's FY 2009 Highway Bridge Program apportionment) was to be set aside for bridges not on Federal-aid highways (off-system bridges), unless the Secretary determines the State has insufficient needs to justify this amount. A special rule is provided to allow a portion of funds reserved for rural areas to be spent on rural minor collectors, unless the Secretary determines this authority is being used excessively.

The suballocated funds are divided into three categories and must be used in the areas described below:

- Urbanized areas with a population over 200,000.-The funds for this category are further divided into amounts for the individual areas over 200,000 based on their relative share of the population of the areas. The State and relevant metropolitan planning organizations may jointly apply to the Secretary for permission to base the distribution on other factors. Although the suballocation is based on the population within the urbanized area boundaries, the suballocated funds may be obligated beyond the urbanized boundaries in the larger metropolitan planning organization (MPO) metropolitan planning area established under 23 U.S.C. 134 that encompasses contiguous area anticipated to become urbanized in the next 20 years.
- Areas with a population of 5,000 or less.
- Urban areas with a population of 5,001 to 200,000.

Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) funds are also subject to a fifty percent apportionment of a State's TAP funding (after deducting the set-aside for the Recreational Trails Program) for suballocation to areas based on their relative share of the total State population with the remaining 50 percent available for use in any area of the State. The suballocation is made in the same manner as for STP funds.

The FAST Act converts the long-standing Surface Transportation Program into the Surface Transportation *Block Grant* Program acknowledging that this program has the most flexible eligibilities among all Federal-aid highway programs and aligning the program's name with how FHWA has historically administered it. The STBG promotes flexibility in State and local transportation decisions and provides flexible funding to best address State and local transportation needs.

As under MAP-21, the FAST Act directs FHWA to apportion funding as a lump sum for each State then divide that total among apportioned programs. Each State's STBG apportionment is calculated based on a percentage specified in law.

The following are to be set aside from a State's STBG apportionment:

- Funding for Transportation Alternatives.
- 2% for State Planning and Research (SPR).
- Funding for bridges not on Federal-aid highways (see "Off-system bridges" below).

Additionally, from the portion of a State's STBG apportionment available for use in any area of the State, the Governor of a border State may designate up to 5% for border infrastructure projects eligible under the SAFETEA-LU Coordinated Border Infrastructure Program.

A percentage of a State's STBG apportionment (after set-asides for Transportation Alternatives) is to be obligated in the following areas in proportion to their relative shares of the State's population:

- Urbanized areas with population greater than 200,000— This portion is to be divided among those areas based on their relative share of population, unless the Secretary approves a joint request from the State and relevant MPO(s) to use other factors.
- Areas with population greater than 5,000 but no more than 200,000—The State is to identify projects in these areas for funding, in consultation with regional planning organizations, if any.
- Areas with population of 5,000 or less.

The percentage to be suballocated grows over the period of the FAST Act (51% in FY 2016; 52% in FY 2017; 53% in FY 2018; 54% in FY 2019; 55% in FY 2020). The remainder net of suballocated amounts may be used in any area of the State.

The FAST Act also extends the requirement for States to make available obligation authority to urbanized areas over 200,000 population, but changes the period of time to which that requirement attaches (now over the period of FY 2016-2020).

A State may transfer to the National Highway Performance Program, National Highway Freight Program, Highway Safety Improvement Program, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program up to 50% of STBG funds made available each fiscal year. STBG funds suballocated under 23 U.S.C. 133(d)(1)(A) may not be transferred.

The FAST Act's STBG Program continues all prior STP eligibilities (see in particular 23 U.S.C. 133(b)(15), as amended). It also adds the following new eligibilities:

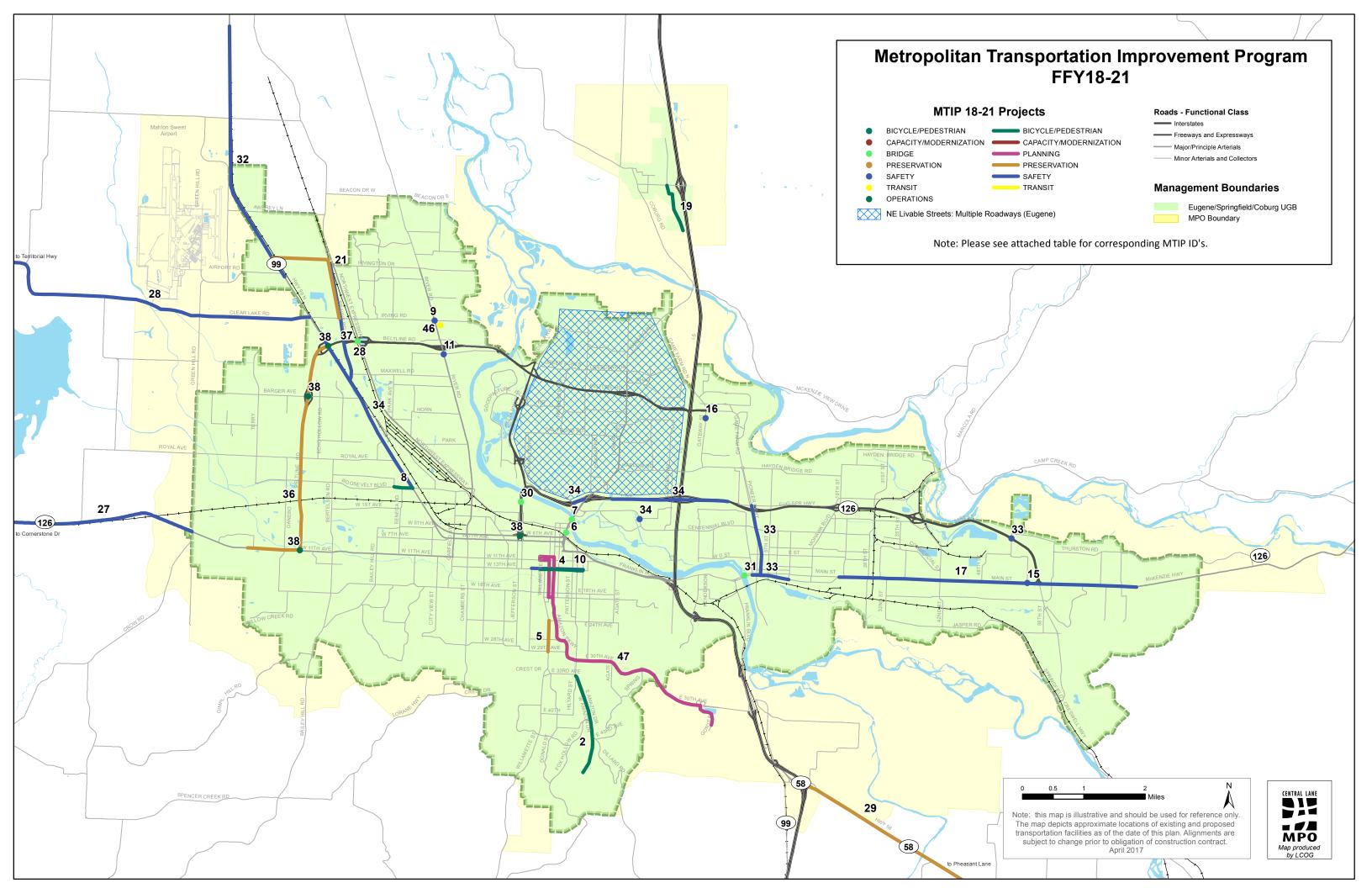
- A State may use STBG funds to create and operate a State office to help design, implement, and oversee public-private partnerships (P3) eligible to receive Federal highway or transit funding, and to pay a stipend to unsuccessful P3 bidders in certain circumstances; and
- At a State's request, the U.S. DOT may use the State's STBG funding to pay the subsidy and administrative costs for TIFIA credit assistance for an eligible STBG project or group of projects..

The FAST Act also adds specific mention of the eligibility of installation of vehicle-to-infrastructure communication equipment.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Contact the Office of Metropolitan Planning and Programs (HEMP) or the Office of Program Administration (HIPA).

(https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/fastact/factsheets/stbgfs.cfm)

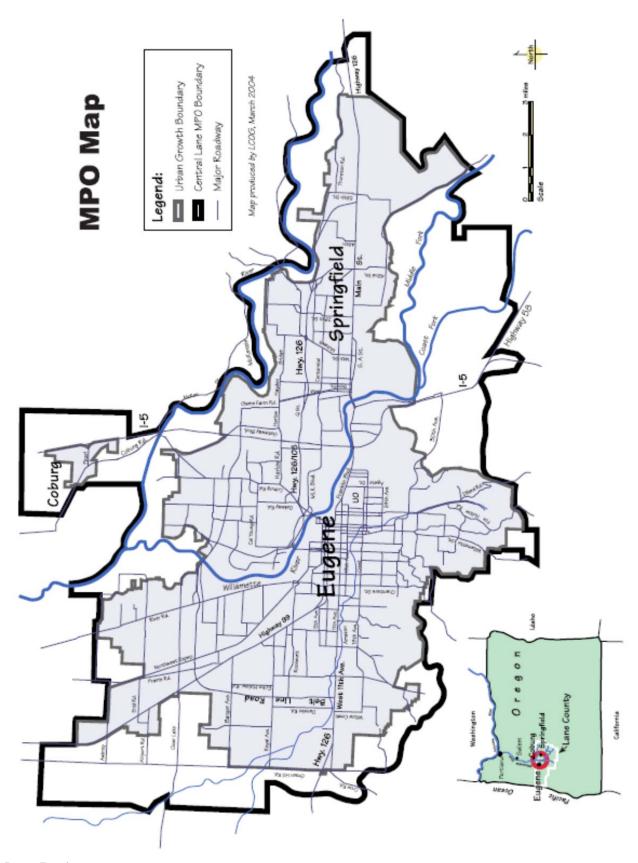
Appendix F Project Location Map



MAP KEY															П																
MTIP Projects on Map	FUNCTIONAL CLASS	NA	NA	Minor Arterial	Minor Arterial	Other Principal Arterial	Other Principal Arterial	NA	Other Principal Arterial	Minor Arterial	Other Principal Arterial	Minor Arterial	Minor Arterial	Other Principal Arterial/Minor Arterial	NA	Major Collector	Other Principal Arterial	Major Collector	Other Principal Arterial	Interstate	Minor Arterial	Other Principal Arterial	Minor Arterial, Other Freeways and Expressways	Other Principal Arterial, Minor Arterial, Interstate/Other Freeways and Expressways	Other Principal Arterial/Other Freeways and	Expressways	Other Freeways and Expressways	Other Freeways and Expressways, Other	Principal Arterial, Interstate	NA	Minor Arterial
	MODE	PEDESTRIAN	PEDESTRIAN	BIKE LANE/ON-STREET	PRESERVATION	BRIDGE	BRIDGE	PEDESTRIAN	SAFETY	SAFETY	SAFETY	SAFETY	SAFETY	SAFETY	PEDESTRIAN	PRESERVATION	SAFETY	SAFETY	PRESERVATION	BRIDGE	BRIDGE	SAFETY	SAFETY	SAFETY	PRESERVATION		BRIDGE	OPERATIONS		TRANSIT	PLANNING
	KEY # JURISDICTION MODE	18856 Eugene	18861 Eugene	19774 Eugene	3 Eugene	7 Eugene	20294 Eugene	20237 Eugene	20206 Eugene	20165 Eugene	20143 Eugene	Springfield	20174 Springfield	20144 Springfield	19757 Coburg	19914 Lane County	19743 ODOT	19797 ODOT	20504 ODOT	20446 ODOT	20433 ODOT	20244 ODOT	20221 ODOT	20216 ODOT	20121 ODOT		20116 ODOT	20078 ODOT		7 LTD	2 LTD
	KEY#	18856	18861	1977	19773	20297	2029	20237	20206	20165	20143	20209	20174	2014	19757	1991	19743	19797	20504	20446	20433	20244	20221	20216	20121		20116	20078		20947	18862
	MTIP ID# PROJECT	Amazon Active Corridor: Martin Street - 33rd St	NE Livable Streets Multiple Roadways (Eugene)	13th Ave Two-way Protected Bikeway (Alder - Olive)	South Willamette Street Enhancement	Coburg Rd: UPRR Viaduct. 4-6-7 AVE (Ferry Street)	Coburg Rd: Willamette River (Ferry Street) Bridge	Roosevelt Path/OR99 Path Connection (Eugene)	River Rd @ Irving Rd (City of Eugene)	13th Ave: Lincoln St to Alder St (Eugene)	River Rd @ River Ave (Eugene)	OR126B @ 54th St (Springfield)	Gateway St @ Kruse Way Int Imprv (Springfield)	OR126B @ MP 2.98 to 7.88	Coburg Loop Path, Phase 4	Prairie Rd/E Enid Rd Pres/Sidewalk Rehab	OR126: Cornerstone Dr to W 11th St	Lane Co Local Roadway Departures: Clear Lake Rd; Prairie Rd	OR58: Goshen-Pheasant Lane	I-105 (bridge) Over Future OR126	OR126: Willamette River WB Bridge	OR99: Eugene - Junction City Safety Barrier	City of Springfield Signal Enhancements: OR126 (MP 1.5 - 2.2, 9.05); OR528 (MP .2664)	City of Eugene Signal Enhancements: OR99W (MP 118.35 - 121.14); OR126 (MP 2.35 - 4.24): I-105 (MP 1.8 - 1.9): MIK Jr. at Kinsrow	OR569: Terry St - Pacific HWY		OR569 over UPRR & Northwest Expressway	Eugene-Springfield Sensors/Cameras Phase 2: OR569 at OR99W,	Barger, W. 11th; I-105 at 6th (OR99W)	Santa Clara Community Transit Center	MovingAhead (NEPA)
	MTIP ID#	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	15	16	17	19	21	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	36	3	37	38	2	46	47

Note that not all MTIP projects have a geographic component, and are thus not represented on the MTIP map.

Appendix G MPO Area Map



Appendix H List of Common MPO Acronyms

3-C Continuing, Comprehensive & Cooperative Planning Process

3R Resurfacing, Restoring, and Rehabilitating

AAA American Automobile Association

AASHTO American Association of State Highway & Transportation Officials

ACSP Arterial and Collector Street Plan

(Lane)ACT (Lane County) Area Commission on Transportation

ADA Americans with Disabilities Act, 1990

(A)ADT (Annual) Average Daily Traffic

AMPO Association of Metropolitan Planning Organizations

APA American Planning Association APC Automated Passenger Count

APTA American Public Transportation Association
AQCD Air Quality Conformity Determination
ARBA American Road Builders' Association
ARMA American Road Makers' Association

ARRA American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, 2009
ARTBA American Road & Transportation Builders' Association

ARTS
All Roads Transportation Safety
AVL
Automated Vehicle Location Systems
BMCS
Bureau of Motor Carrier Safety
BMP
Best Management Practice
Bridge Management System

BRT Bus Rapid Transit

BTS Bureau of Transportation Statistics
CAA(A) Clean Air Act, 1963 (Amendments)

CAC Citizen Advisory Committee

CATS (Eugene) Central Area Transportation Study

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
CIP Capital Improvement Program

CLMPO Central Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization
CMAQ Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program

Congestion Management Plan (Process)

CMS Congestion Management System

CO Carbon Monoxide COG Council of Governments

CUFC Critical Urban Freight Corridor

DBE Disadvantaged Business Enterprise

DEIS Draft Environmental Impact Statement

DEQ Department of Environmental Quality

DLCD Department of Land Conservation and Development

DOT Department of Transportation
EA Environmental Assessment
EEO Equal Employment Opportunity
EIS Environmental Impact Statement

EJ Environmental Justice

EMME Equilibre Multimodal, Multimodal Equilibrium (Transportation Model)

EMP Expressway Management Plan

EmX Emerald Express

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

ERH Emergency Ride Home

ESMS Environmental and Sustainability Management System

ETC Employee Transportation Coordinators

FAA Federal Aviation Administration
FAHP Federal –Aid Highway Program

FAP Federal-Aid Primary
FAS Federal-Aid Secondary

FAST (Act) Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act, 2015

FAU Federal-Aid Urban

FEIS Final Environmental Impact Statement
FHWA Federal Highway Administration
FONSI Finding of No Significant Impact
FRA Federal Railroad Administration
FTA Federal Transit Administration

(F)FY (Federal) Fiscal Year **GHG** Greenhouse Gas

GIS Geographic Information Systems
GPS Global Positioning Systems

GTFS General Transit Feed Specification

HCM Highway Capacity Manual **HOV** High Occupancy Vehicle

HPMS Highway Performance Monitoring Systems

HRB Highway Research Board

HSIP Highway Safety Improvement Program

HSR High Speed Rail

HUD Housing and Urban Development I/M Inspection and Maintenance

IAMP Interchange Area Management Plan
ICC Interstate Commerce Commission
IGA Intergovernmental Agreement
IHS Interstate Highway System
IM Interstate Maintenance
IRF International Road Federation

ISTEA Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act, 1991 (replaced by TEA-21, 1998)

ITHIM Integrated Transit Health Impact Model
ITS Intelligent Transportation Systems
IVHS Intelligent Vehicle Highway Systems
JARC Job Access and Reverse Commute

JTA Oregon Jobs and Transportation Act, 2009

KUMI KeepUsMoving.info

LCDC Land Conservation and Development Commission

LCOG Lane Council of Governments

LCP Least Cost Planning

LAMP Lane Livability Consortium
Limited Maintenance Plan

LOS Level of Service

LRAPA Lane Regional Air Protection Agency

LRTP Long Rage Transit Plan; Long Range Transportation PlanLRTSSP Lane Regional Transportation Safety and Security Plan

LTD Lane Transit District
LUAM Land Use Allocation Model

MAP-21 Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act, 2012 (replaced by FAST Act, 2015)

MIS Major Investment Study
MOA Memorandum of Agreement
MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MOVES Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator (replaced MOBILE6)

MPC Metropolitan Policy CommitteeMPO Metropolitan Planning OrganizationMSA Metropolitan Statistical Area

MTIP Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program

MTP Metropolitan Transportation Plan

MUTCD Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices

NAA Non-Attainment Area

NAAQS
NEPA
National Ambient Air Quality Standards
National Environmental Policy Act, 1969
National Highway Performance Program

NHS National Highway System

NHTSA National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

NITC National Institute for Transportation and Communities

NOx Nitrogen Oxides

NTD National Transit Database
O-D Origin - Destination

O&M Operations and Maintenance

ODEQ Oregon Department of Environmental Quality
ODOT Oregon Department of Transportation

OED Oregon Employment Department
OHAS Oregon Household Activity Survey

OHP Oregon Highway Plan

OM&P Operations, Maintenance and Preservation
OMIP Oregon Modeling Improvement Program

OMPOC Oregon MPO Consortium

OMSC Oregon Modeling Steering Committee
ORFS Oregon Roads Finance Committee

OSTI Oregon Sustainable Transportation Initiative

OTC Oregon Transportation Commission
OTF Oregon Transportation Forum

OTIA Oregon Transportation Investment Act, 2003

OTP Oregon Transportation Plan

OTREC Oregon Transportation Research and Education Consortium

P3 Public-Private Partnership (or PPP)
PC(R)(I) Pavement Condition (Rating or Index)

PE Preliminary Engineering

PIARC Permanent International Association of Road Congresses

PL Planning Funds; Public Law

PM10 Particulate Matter (10 micrometers or less in diameter)
PM2.5 Fine Particulate Matter (2.5 micrometers or less in diameter)

POP Program of Projects

PPM Parts Per Million; Policy and Procedure Memorandum

PPP Public Participation Plan; Public-Private Partnership (or P3)

PROWAG Public Rights of Way Accessibility Guide
PS&E Plans, Specifications, and Estimates
PTD Oregon Public Transit Division
RAC Roads Advisory Committee

REA Revised Environmental Assessment

RFP Request for Proposals

ROW Right of Way Railroad

RTOP Regional Transportation Options Plan

RTP Regional Transportation Plan (CLMPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan)

RTSP Regional Transportation System Plan

SAFETEA-LU Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act – a Legacy for Users, 2005

(replaced by MAP-21, 2012)

SAT Stakeholder Advisory Team
SDC System Development Charge
SHSP Strategic Highway Safety Plan
SHTF State Highway Trust Fund
SIB State Infrastructure Bank
SIP State Implementation Plan
SOV Single Occupancy Vehicle

SPR State Planning and Research funds

SRTS Safe Routes to School
STA Special Transportation Area

STBG(P) Surface Transportation Block Grant (Program) (replaced STP in FAST Act, 2015)

STF Special Transportation Funds for the elderly and people with disabilities

STG Special Transportation Grant

STIP State Transportation Improvement Program

STP Surface Transportation Program (**-U** - Urban) (replaced by STBG in Fast Act, 2015)

TAP Transportation Alternatives Program
TAC Technical Advisory Committee

TASC Technical Advisory Sub-Committee (to TPC)

TAZ Traffic Analysis Zone

TCM Transportation Control Measure
TDM Transportation Demand Management

TDP Transit Development Program

TEA-21 Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (replaced by SAFETEA-LU, 2005)

TGM Transportation Growth Management

TIFIA Transportation Infrastructure Finance & Innovation Act, 1998
TIP Transportation Improvement Program, either MTIP or STIP

TMA Transportation Management Area
TMSF Transportation Management System Fee

TO Transportation Options

TOAC Transportation Options Advisory Committee

TOD Transit Oriented Development
TPAU Transportation Planning Analysis Unit
TPC Transportation Planning Committee
TPP Transportation Planning Pule

TPR Transportation Planning Rule
TRB Transportation Research Board

TRCC Traffic Records Coordinating Committee

TSAP Transportation Safety Action Plan
TSI Transportation System Improvements
TSM Transportation System Management

TSP Transportation System Plan
TUF Transportation Utility Fee
UGB Urban Growth Boundary

UMTA Urban Mass Transportation Administration

UO University of Oregon

UPWP Unified Planning Work Program

USDOT United States Department of Transportation

UZAV/CVolume to CapacityVMSVariable Message SignsVMTVehicle Miles Traveled

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

YPD Vehicles Per Day **YOE** Year of Expenditure